Covering the TI99/4A and the Myarc 9640

# MICAOpendium

Volume 11 Number 10

November 1994

\$3.50



# The 1994 TI International World's Faire

See Page 17

XBASIC programs galore for work and play

# **CONTENTS**

# MICROpendium

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# **Extended BASIC**

This boomerang, from the Ottawa Users Group's Lucie Dorais, is one Forget Me Knots and Reminders create a memo system on your computer ......Page 13 Bill Gaskill creates a program to help you make decisions about investing for retirement ......Page 17 Communicating with Vegans in a program by the late Jim Peterson. 

# The Art of Assembly

It's about time ......Page 8

### Geneve 9640

Using BREAD XOP routine to review disk sectors ......Page 11

# TI International World's Faire

Highlights of the event sponsored by the Chicago and Milwaukee users groups......Page 17

# **Reviews**

MICRO-Reviews: Newsletter Editor and Formatter and USVBA Power Volleyball ......Page 25 

# **User Notes**

An answer to a question, a new 80-column card from Germany, and a Maze Maker game......Page 28

Classified ......Page 31

### \*READ THIS

Here are some tips to help you when entering programs from MICROpendium:

- 1. Most BASIC and Extended BASIC programs are run through Checksum, which places the numbers that follow exclamation points at the end of each program line. Do not enter these numbers or exclamation points. Checksum is available on disk from MICROpendium for \$4.
- 2. Long Extended BASIC lines are entered by inputting until the screen stops accepting characters, pressing Enter, pressing FCTN REDO, cursoring to the end of the line and continuing input.

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```
BUSINESS, ACCOUNTING,
WORD PROCESSING, DATA PASE
HOME OFFICE & SOME
//O GOTHIC PRINTOUT (F)
//O ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (2)
                  GRAPHICS. MUSIC & ANIMATION
THE SINGING TI VOL. 1 (5)(2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         WH. OF FORTUNE, BLKJACK, POKER II TREK
GRAPHICS, HOBIC & ANINATION

1 THE SINGING II VOL. 1 (5)(2)

4 PRINTART (2)(P)

55 MUSIC/GRAPHICS

6 EXBASIC MUSIC (2)

7 SFACE SHUTILE MUSIC/GRAFHICS

9 HONA LISA FRIMTOUT (P)

111 ANIMATED XMAS (MOODSTOCK)

112 EXPASIC XHAS MUSIC (2)

114 FIGURE STUDIFS (P)(FC)

115 EXPASIC XHAS MUSIC (2)

114 VIDEO GPAPHS (M)

152 ANIMATION 99' (2)

169 PLAYR FINAD/KEYBOARD ANALYSIS

193 KBGB GIRLLE CALENDAR (*)(P)

103 SORGAN THE II ORGAN

1107 STARTERS HUSIC ALBUM

111 POP MUSIC & GRAPHICS

114 TANGRAMA

115 GRAPHICS DESIGN SYSTEM

1108 BITTAR (2)(P)

1201 THE SINGING II VOL. 2 (S)(2)

1214 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

1214 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

1215 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

1215 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

1211 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

1211 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

1211 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

121 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

121 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

121 THE SINGING II VOL. 3 (S)(2)

121 THE SINGING II VOL. 4 (S)(2)

121 THE SINGING II VOL. 3 (S)(2)

122 DONDEL (CAD FOT THE POPO (P)(2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     #163 ZORK I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          LOTTO PICKER
STRIP FOKER (PG)
R-RATED NOVELTY GAME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   #164 ZORK II
#155 ZORK III
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     #156 HITCHIKER'S GUIDE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         TI WRITER/HOLLIFOHM OF SOROCA
ACCOMMIS RECEIVABLE (2)
DATA BASE DEMO
WILL WRITER
LABEL MAKER I (F)
SIRICIL'S BUSINESS (2)
SPEAD SHEET
PR BASE (database)
GRAFH MAKER
LABEL MAKER II (F)
MICRODES 99 (database)
HOME ACCOUNTING SYSTEM
HOME ACCOUNTING SYSTEM
HOME ACPULICATION PROGRAMS (2)
JET CHECKBOOK HANAGER
HOUSEHOLD INVENTORY
I INVICE PACK
LABEL MAKER III
CASH CRAMER (point of sale)
O THE CRGANIZER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          CHECKERS & BACKGAMMON
SOLITAIRE & SCRABBLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    WITHESS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /168 ENCHANTER
/169 INFIDEL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          SOLITAIRE & SCRABBLE GREAT II GAMES VOL 1
GREAT II GAMES VOL 2
BEST OF BRITIAIN GAMES VOL 1
BEST OF BRITIAIN GAMES VOL 2
(LEGEMO OF CARFAX ABBY GPAFHIC-
INTERACTIVE ADVENTURE)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             123
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     #169 INFIDEL
#170 PLANETFALL
#171 SORCERER
#172 DEADLINE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   #174 CUTTHRUM
#174 SUSPENDED
#175 STARCPOSS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   CUTTHROATS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             SUFER TRIVIA 99
INFOCOM RAPID LOADER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          INFOCOM RAPID LOADER
GHOSTMAN (from U.K.)
DEMON DESTROYER (from FRANCE)
OH NUMMY! (HIT from GERMANY)
BERLIN MALL (from CANADA)
FREDDY (HIT from GERMANY)
INE HINE (from GERMANY)
ASTROBLITZ & HAZOG
HAJOR IMM & SPACE STATION FHETA
PERFECT FUSH (HIT)
CHESS (SARGON)
IT RUNNER II (HIT)
CEBERUS (HIT SFACE GAME)
CRYTO (GRAM)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        /176 AMAZING (M)
/178 DEHON DESTROYER (M)
/179 POPEYE (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      //179 POPEYE (M)
//180 QUENERT (H)
//180 QUENERT (H)
//181 HETEDR BELT (M)
//181 ELASTO (M)
//182 CAR MAPS (M)
//183 CAR MAPS (M)
//184 FACE MAYER (M)
//185 SURER FLY (M)
//185 SPACE BAYEDIS (M)
//186 SFACE BAYEDIS (M)
//186 KILLER CATERPILLER (M)
//198 BLACK HOLE & SPACE AGRESS. (M)
//191 GREAT II GAMES VOL 8
//192 GREAT II GAMES VOL 9
//193 ST. NICK* (M)
//194 ST. NICK* (M)
//195 TOTOMIS* (HIT) (M)
//195 TOTOMIS* (HIT) (M)
//195 TOTOMIS* (HIT) (M)
//196 TOTOMIS* (HIT) (M)
//198 TO IDMIS* (HIT) (M)
//198 TO IDMONSTIONESTONE CITY (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                /129 CASH DRAWER (POINT OF SAI*)
/130 THE CRGANIZER
/147 CALCHDAR-HOTEFAD
/117 HOUSEHOLD BUDGET HANAGEMENT (M)
/130 HBH DATA PRINTOUT (F)
/221 PERSONAL REAL ESTATE (H)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            170
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            TI RUNNER II (HIT)
CEBERUS (HIT STACE GAME)
CRYTO (GRAM)
CPOSSWORD (PUZZIES)
GALACTIC BATTLE & SPY ADTEN.
AUSSIE GAME COLLECTION VCL 1
THE MAZE OF GROG (MOODSTOCK II)
GREAT TI GAMES VOL 1
DAYS/FOORS OF EDEN (RIBLE ADV) (AM)
GREAT TI GAMES VOL 1
COLLOSAL CAVES (ADVENTURE)
KINGS CASTLE (M)
QUEST (DAD)
SUPER YANTZEE & MIZEL II
ADULT ADVENT & GAMES (FG)
GREAT TI GAMES VOL 5 (2)
GREAT TI GAMES VOL 5 (2)
GREAT TI GAMES VOL 6 (2)
BLACKJACK & POKER (M)
YIDDO CHESS (M)
TETRIS (HIT (CON RUSSIA)
COMPUTER CRAFS
AMBULANCE (M)
DRIVING DEMON (M)
ROTO-RAIDER (M)
ROTO-
         OTILITIES & PROFAMATION LANGUAGE

15 STAR/EFSON FRINTER DEMO (F) (2)
16 SIDEMAYS FRINTOUT (F) (2)
18 II DIAGNOSTIC (MM) (2)
12 LOADERS & CATALOGERS
100 HOUSEHOLD BUDGET FRINTOUT (F)
15 PROGRAMHING AIDS & UTILITIES I
142 FUNNEL/MES FARM (SHELL UTILITY)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                HAPMAKER

99 WRITER IT (TI WRITER) (F)
AMA MAILING LIST
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /197 PRO TENHIS+ (HIT)(H)
/198 TI INVADERS/TOHRSTONE CITY (H)
/202 CONNECT FOUR (H)
/205 HAPPER /**
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  /253 AMA MAILING DIST
/255 TRAK-A-CHECK
/257 DAILY DIARY
/257A EXER-LOG
/23 WILL WRITER
/310 SELP HELP TAX CUT
TELECOMMUNICATIONS (MODEM)
            | 1/25 | HACKER CRACKER | 1/23 | MILL WRITER | 1/39 | 1/35 | SCREEN DUMF (P) | 1/30 | SELP FELP TAX CUT | 1/39 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1/30 | 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            /202 CONNECT FOUR (M)
/205 HOPPER (M)
/205 HOPPER (M)
/206 TREASURE I SLAND (M)
/206 SLYUNIOS (M)
/207 OTHELLO (H)
/208 FASSEC (M)
/208 FASSEC (M)
/210 SEMERHANIA (H)
/218 HUSTLE/FOOTBALL (M)
/219 CHISCUM TRALL (M)
/219 CHISCUM TRALL (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    /118 FAST TERM
EDUCATION & PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT
          /78 ABTOON GRAFHIC CONVERSION
/79 DISK MANAGER 1000
80 BIRDWELL DISK UTILITY (2)
/85 AUTOBOOT UTILITY
/86 COLUMN TEXT ITI (F)
/87 ABCHIVER ITI
/89 FROCALC DECIMAL/HEX CONVERTER
/96 STATISC & SORT ROUTINES
/97 MEDION HANIFULATOR
/101 EMHANCED DISPLAY PACKAGE
/108 FUNLFULS (FLUS!)
/110 DISK+ AID
/111 UNIVERSAL DISASSEMBLER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ASTROLOGY
ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS (2)
MEDICAL ALERT
KIDS LEARNING I (2)
MORSE CODE TRAINER
LAPD COORBOOK (2)
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (ELIZA)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        122
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 /220 ZERO ZAP (M)
/224 ATTACK (N)
/229 4A FLYER (FLIGHT SIH.) (M)
/229 4A FLYER (FLIGHT SIH.) (M)
/220 ZUNNELS OF DOOM (MOD BACKUP
PLUS 2 MEM ADVENTURES) (M)
/233 HS ADVENTURES (J ADV-EXBASIC)
/248 STRIKE THREE BASEBALL (M)
/250 BARRACE/SPOTSHOT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGE
ASTRONOMY
HEBREN TYPEWRITER
GEMEALOGY (2)
KIDS LEARNING II (2)
WEATHER FORECASTER +
FIREMOUSE COOKBOOK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DRIVING DEMON (M)
ROTO-RAIDER (M)
ARTURUS (HIT-ZARGON)
ANT-EXIER (M)
CROSS-FIRE (M)
               #117 UNIVERSAL DISASSEMBLER
#119 RAG LINKER CONVERSION
#127 PIX GRAPHICS UTILITY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 4116
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     HOORMINE (H)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     /118 THREE GREAT CAMES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    #319 ARCADE SPECIAL
#317 BEARSTALK ADVENTURE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     TOUCH TYPING TUTOR (M)
FACE MAKER
ST. WICK/GHOSTLY SPELLING (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  #140
                /243 OS/99 (GD)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    /194 ST. HICK/HOSTLY SPELLING
/195 TINY LOGO
/199 HILLIEN ADDITION (H)
/200 HILLIEN DECIMALS (H)
/200 HILLIEN FRACTIONS (H)
/204 HILLIEN INTEGERS (H)
/205 HILLIEN LANS OF HATH (H)
/211 HIND CHALLENGERS (M)
/212 HINDS HISSION (M)
/213 HINDS HISSION (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      HOONSWEEPER (M)
               /251 PC TRANSFER TI/IBM (DD)
/251 THE EXPLORER/OH1000
/253 THE EXPLORER/OH1000
/254 HIRBLER/TURBO
/250 TI FORTH (DISK ONLY-
add $8 for manual)
/17 TI FORTH DENO
/116 TI FORTH TUTORIAL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     HOONSMEETER (M)
COMEO BONGO (M)
STAR IREK (M)
BUCK ROGERS (M)
KENO & SLOTS
GREAT II GAMES VOL 7
(WITH HIT BLOCKRUSTER)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     SCOTT ADAMS ADVENTURES
(USE WITH ADVENTURE HODULE)
#349 II ADVENTURES 1-13+
#350 II ADVENTURES 14-16+
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ULTIMATE TRIVIA
JUNGLE HUNT (M)
FOLE POSITION (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            p = Printer required
                /116 TI FORTH TUTORIAL
/5079 FORTH SOURCE CODE
/104 C39 COMPLIER & LIBRARY
/5007 IEACH FURSELF II BASIC
/5019 TEACH FURSELF EX-BASIC
/5069 BEGINNING BASIC TUTOR
/1017 GRAPHICS CODE GENERATOR
/1017 GRAPHICS CODE GENERATOR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1151
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          /211 MIND CHALLENGERS (M)
/212 MINDS MISSION (H)
/213 MILLIKEN PERCENTS (M)
/214 STORT MACHINE (H)
/215 BECINTING GRAMMAR (H)
/216 HETEOR MULTITULICATION (M)
/217 HANGRAN (H)
/212 MUSICHAKER (M)
/212 MUSICHAKER (M)
/213 FHYSICAL FITNESS (M)
/215 ALLIGATOR MIX (H)
/216 ALLIGATOR MIX (H)
/217 PROMITTION DIVISION (H)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            G = Graphx required
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            s = speech required
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         DONKEY KONG (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DONKEY KONG (H)
PROTECTOR II (H)
PAC HAM (H)
CENTIFEDE (H)
DEFENDER (M)
SHAMUS (H)
MS. PAC HAN (H)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1154
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              H = Module Backup
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              MM = Mini Memory req.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              E/A = Editor Assem.
                  #3913 BETTER BANNERS
#3914 CERTIFICATE 99
#3915 HOROSCOPE HAKER
#3916 GRAFHX+ PRINT SHOPPE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Exbasic and 32k mem
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      DIG-DOG (M)
PICHIC PARANOIA (M)
HOON PATROL (M)
ARCADE SPECIAL (4 GAMES)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              req. for most programs.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1150
                   #3917-1720
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           #227 DEMOLITION DIVISION (M)
#228 DRAGON HIX (H)
#270 TRIGONOMETRY
                  GRAPHY COMPANIONS 1-4
                  #3721 MAC FLICK (G)
#3722 FRINTING TO GO (G)
#3723 GRAPHX DINOSAURS (G)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       #3712 THREE GREAT GAMES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             #271 CALCULATORS & CONVERSIONS (2)
#272 HIGHER MATH (2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              /106 SPEAK & SPELL II (S) (EX)
```

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# OMMENTS

# A new 80-column card

A group of German TI developers have produced an 80-column card for the TI. The announcement was made at the Göttingen TI fair. The group is also developing a multi-module card that uses flash EPROMs and plans a PEB-based motherboard. For more information, see User Notes.

#### CREDIT CARD SALES

There's no way to avoid it any more. I just got my latest credit card merchant's statement. It's very depressing. We're now being charged more than 5 percent for sales done on credit cards. We can't afford it. So, starting immediately, all credit card orders will be charged a 5 percent surcharge. I don't blame you if you don't want to pay the 5 percent. But you can always send a check or money order. We've been covering these expenses for many years but we can't continue to do so. I hope this doesn't offend anyone.

#### **CHICAGO FAIRE**

Attendance at this year's Chicago TI fair was significantly less than in years past. What I noticed most was the absence of casual visitors, people who'd pay their admission and stay for an hour or two. Virtually everybody who attended stayed the entire day.

Some camped out in the seminar room while others roamed the exhibit hall with frequent side trips to the seminar room.

A number of vendors I spoke with thought a broader publicity campaign would have increased attendance. Even so, visitors came from all over the country and Europe. There just weren' many from the Chicago area. Also, the proximity to Gurnee Mills a large mall across the street from the hotel, may have emptied the fair of the normal contingent of family traffic. Wives and children were conspicuously absent.

Unlike years past, when the seminar rooms were directly accessible from the exhibit floor, this year the two rooms were at opposite ends of the hotel. This was a particular problem for presenters who had to haul their systems from the exhibit hall and set them up before their session could start. It also discouraged casual attendance at the seminars.

Although the seminars were excellent, it's clear that TIers need to be reaching out to their breathren to boost attendance at these events. Even knowing that you're going to get more than your two dollar's worth isn't enough. Getting the word out is probably more important now than ever.

–JK

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# FEEDBACK

# <sup>5</sup>roblem in TI-BASE

In the June 1994 issue of your magazine I found an interesting article about the programming of TI-BASE because I made my own tries with the TI-BASE

My problem is that I missed the RE-TURN at the end of the SETUP/C file which is created by Ron Warfield

In my understanding, the RETURNcommand of TI-BASE brings the program back to the level which called the program file in which the RETURN is programmed!

So the RETURN in START/C will bring the program back in the SETUP/C file and from there the program falls back to the command line without a RE-TURN. So this may work but it is not programmed correctly. On my Geneve it causes trouble when I run the program some times more. (Error: System hangs up!)

Keep on compuTIng.

Martin Zeddies Wolfsburg, Germany

# An open letter to the TI community c/o Charles Good

(This is condensed from the November 1994 issue of Bits, Bytes & Pixels, the newsletter of the Lima 99/4A Users Group in Lima, Ohio)

Looking through the latest issue of B.B.&P., I thought it was time that I sat down and wrote you a letter - that could be published if you like - concerning Asgard, Harry Brashear, and the current state of my computer philosophy.

As you know, as of November 1993, Chris Bobbitt turned Asgard over to me lock, stock and barrel for the price of saying "Yes, I'll take it." He wouldn't have done that if there had been any more money to be made on the company. Sales had taken a plunge as of the Lima that year and by October were down Zip. Most of the lack of sales stemmed from my inability to get the author of First Draft to fix a couple of minor bugs that were causing a lot of problems. I had to stop selling the program after Lima '93 on account of them and never got the program off the ground again, Believe me, I did everything I could, but it's impossible to deal with someone a thousand miles away who doesn't want to be dealt with — the TI community has had this experience more than once.

All of that occurred under the old Asgard structure so by the time I took it over, there was nothing new to sell. Besides, it appeared that the size of the community had taken a steep plunge after the '93 Lima show. To supplement my catalog, I made arrangements with Ken Gilliland to handle all of his current software, quickly made up 25 copies of each and began to dump out flyers on it. I still have 25 copies of each almost a year later. To make matters worse, a number of authors decided to pull the rug out from under me because they felt that Chris and I had no right to dump the company the way we did. No problem, most of what was pulled hadn't sold a copy in the preceding year anyway.

Because of nothing new, there has been no reason to advertise and I think that, now, some people have decided that Asgard is dead too. Not true. Yes, the company is dead because I decided not to officially resurrect it, but I am still around personally if people should happen to need something out of the old catalogs. So, bottom line; Asgard is dead, I'm not, and if I should get some new software worth the time and money, I will advertise it under a new name.

I have something to say to those people who have or are considering jumping

Over the last 11 years, no one has been more of a TI advocate than I. I would like to think, even, that I was partly responsible for adding some TI life to a couple of groups and a few individuals. It was tough because eight years ago, my wife became involved with Delphi in the PC SIG and has kept it up to a point where, today, she is the data base manager and gets paid for her work. I think you can appreciate the fact that I have had a lot of high tech equipment shoved down my throat 24 hours a day, yet managed to keep pounding on my TI up to three years ago. At that stage of the game I started having to deal with half meg files of writing and had to move over for the sake of file size, if nothing else. First Draft would have held me (That's really why I took on the First Draft project.) and even today's Funnelwriter 5.0+ would have given me a half life since I had a TIM in my system, but neither of these were available.

Before I go on, I want to tell you that I still use the TI for all my business invoices and year-end bookkeeping; I made those programs years ago, still use them monthly, yearly, and have no reason to change. They work! And if there is something new I need done - reports etc.— I can go in and change the programming.

What I want to tell you is that I have found a way of working on an IBM and keeping the TI attitude, now dealt with venomous feeling toward Bill Gates, Microsoft and the !&\$^\@&#\*! world of Windows — I use Geoworks Pro on my

Geoworks is not sold in stores. It is sold only from the company. It has user groups world wide, has three monthly newsletters and is user supported. It has drawing capabilities, word processing, over 700 fonts available, a spread sheet, and interactive data base, a communications package, spell checking, thesaurus, date book, scrapbook, full file and disk management, will auto run DOS-based programs and return, has built-in games, camera ready printer output, etc., etc. They all run at once and you can cut and paste from one to the other with ease. Plus it will run on even an 8086, though I wouldn't recommend it speed wise. Even the Australians have gotten on the Geos band wagon, so you know it has to be good — and rebellious.

No, I'm not selling Geos, though I'd like to find a way. What I'm telling you is that there is a place to go if you feel you must move on, where the TI99 spirit is still alive, where you can find that friendship, that attitude we are so famous for, and find the old challenge that we yearn to maintain. If I have insulted you

(See Page 6)

## **Extended BASIC**

# You'll return to this boomerang

# By LUCIE DORAIS (c) 1992 Lucie Dorais

When your imagination has run dry, you can always count on someone else's! I had wanted for a long time to design an animated "sprity" game, but could not come up with an idea. When I found, among my collection of programs to type, this little gem, I picked it up for my column. Published in the French computer magazine MICRO 7 a few years ago, it was written by Pascal Peitrequin. I have tried to improve(!) his code, mostly by simplifying the graphic routines and translating most of the screen text into graphics, but the look of the screen and, most importantly, the routines, are totally his.

This is a shoot-'em-up game (there are six ducks to kill), but with a twist: the man shooting the boomerang is placed in the lower left corner; when he shoots his weapon, it follows a curve towards the left, immediately leaving the screen to reappear on the right (because of the sprite's wraparound feature). It is therefore very difficult to aim with precision.

Another factor is that the boomerang's speed is controlled by its trajectory; the higher you shoot, the faster it will run: the boom's height and velocity depend on the key you press to launch it, from "1" for a very low/slow boom to "7" for the highest trajectory. Finally, as a good boomerang should do, it goes up in a full curve, then comes down until it hits the ground, or hits a duck (this, of course, can also happen on the way up). It is a bit hard to master, but it is quite possible to kill all six ducks with the 10 boomerangs you start with.

The very simple instructions are displayed by lines 150-200, and some booms fly by while you read them (line

160). In line 120, the DIM refers to the ducks' velocity, which is random and slightly increased after each hit. The graphics are defined and colored by lines 220-320, while the boomerangs continue to fly around the screen, until they disappear in line 340.

The game screen is then displayed: first the tree trunk is made up into a string, then the ground is CALL CHARed, followed by the DISPLAY of two trees and tall grass (line 360). The sky is CALL CHARed in three shades of

The boomerang's speed is controlled by its trajectory; the higher you shoot, the faster it will run

blue (line 370), and the man appears at the lower left corner; his boomerang and his dog are sprites that will be animated later. The six ducks are finally set in motion, with their random speed V(X); the red duck-sprites (Nos. 2-4) are placed on pixel-rows 100, 120 and 140 respectively, and they travel toward the right; the yellow ones (Nos. 5-7) are placed higher in the sky, on pixel-rows 40, 60 and 80, and they travel toward the left (negative value, hence the IF in line 400).

The game itself starts at line 440 by checking for an "end of game" situation: you have shot all 10 boomerangs, or you have killed all six ducks. If not, the remaining number of weapons is displayed

at the upper right corner (you start with nine, since the man already holds the tenth). While Tex waits for your input in line 460, the flying ducks are animated by changing their PATTERNs. When you press a key from "1" to "7," the boom is launched with appropriate sound, its velocity and trajectory are determined according to the key you pressed (I did not write the routine in line 500, but it works, don't try to change it!), and the SHOT counter is incremented.

Lines 510-540 control the boom's trajectory and check for its COINCidence with any sprite (I had to modify the game at some point, because the program also reacted when the boom hit the dog...). The good working of this whole trajectory routine depends on the time Tex takes to run through these lines, so if you want to alter them, be prepared for some

fine tuning (I did, until I decided to leave it as the author had written it, which was the only way it worked well; I just added one more CALL COINC, but even then it misses a few when the boom travels too fast). The POSITION call in line 530 checks if the boomerang is still in the sky; when it hits the ground without having hit a duck, it disappears and a new boom is put in the man's hand (line 550).

A duck has been hit when CALL COINC returns a value of "-1" into the variable C. It takes some time for Tex to react, and usually the boom is a bit ahead of the hit duck, even if Tex stops the boom's motion immediately after the hit (line 570). The boom's position on the screen needs to be determined next, to tell Tex which duck has been hit. The sprite number SP is found by comparing the position of the boom, in lines 590-640, with the general space occupied by

(See Page 7)

# FEEDBACK

(Continued from Page 5) with this thought, I apologize, but believe me, I still have the heart of a 99er and an awfully big stock of TI programs.

**Harry Thomas Brashear** 

2753 Main St.

Newfane, NY 14108

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Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

# **BOOMERANG—**

#### (Continued from Page 6)

each duck. Line 580 takes care of the dog problem mentioned above.

The successful boomerang (sprite No. 1) disappears, and the hit duck, now dead, changes to black before starting its fall (line 660). The duck's position is checked until it hits the ground (pixel-row 175); when it does, its pattern is changed to that of a broken duck cadaver (this is a violent game) and, after a little delay, the dog is sent to fetch it.

The dog routine is a separate sub, even if it is called only from line 680, no doubt to keep the code easier to read. In line 800, the dog is set in motion toward the right; until it reaches the dead duck, its pattern changes to indicate walking, and its POSI-TION column CDOG is checked regularly: if it comes near the dead duck position column CSP, it stops, sort of barks (line 820) and the dead duck sprite disappears. The dog then turns around, now holding the duck in its mouth. It walks towards the left until it reaches pixel-column 15, ere it stops before sitting at its master's feet (lines 830-870).

Upon returning to the main program, the HIT variable is incremented, and the new dead duck added to the total displayed below the man with appropriate sounds and delay (lines 690-700). The velocity of all ducks is increased (the ones that have been DELSPRITEd will not show it of course) and you are sent back to line 550 for a new boom.

When the game is over, your score is displayed, and you are asked to either play Another game or Quit (lines 740-780).

#### **BOOMERANG**

100 ! \*\* BOOMERANG \*\* P. PEI TREOUIN (MICRO7/mai 1985) !1 04

110 ! == adapted by L. Dorai s / Ottawa UG / Feb. 1992 !0 97

120 DIM V(7):: CALL CLEAR :: CALL SCREEN(12):: CALL MAGN X(2)!072

` GOTO 150 :: C,CDOG,CSP,D ,K,HIT,R,S,SHOT,SP,T\$,X,VC,V L :: CALL KEY :: CALL SOUND :: CALL COLOR :: CALL CHAR :

: CALL HCHAR !215 140 CALL SPRITE :: CALL DELS PRITE :: CALL PATTERN :: CAL L MOTION :: CALL POSITION :: CALL LOCATE :: CALL COINC : : !@P- !208 150 DISPLAY AT(1,10): "BOOMER ANG" :: CALL CHAR(91, "402010 080402013F")!089 160 FOR X=1 TO 5 :: CALL SPR ITE(#X,91,9,20\*X+100,30\*X,-5 ,15\*X):: NEXT X !096 170 DISPLAY AT(4,1): "Use the numeric keys 1-7 to launch the boomerang. Its heigth and speed depend on the key value: " !091 180 DISPLAY AT(10,6):"1 = 107 = highest": : west":" :"You are allowed 10 shots to kill 6 ducks." !232 190 DISPLAY AT(24,3): "PRESS ANY KEY TO START... ! !012 200 CALL KEY(0,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 200 ELSE CALL CLEAR !0 94 210 ! ==== init values ==== 1047 220 CALL COLOR(12,2,3,13,7,1 ,2,13,1)! ground/man/grass! 073 230 CALL CHAR (96, "", 104, "", 1 12, "", 125, ""):: CALL COLOR(9 ,2,5,10,2,6,11,2,8)! sky !00 2 240 CALL CHAR (46, "9252544952 643820",47,"50525949496A1C18 ")! grass !149 250 CALL CHAR(42, "21397F7FFF FFFFFF", 43, "20F8FEFEFEFFFFFF ",44, "FFFFFFFFFFF7F3F1F",45," FFFFFEFEFEFEFCF8")! tree fol iage !215 260 CALL CHAR(130, "010101010 1010101",131,"8080808080808080 80")! tree trunk !105 270 CALL CHAR(123, "F03036FF7 C3870E0",124,"00F036FF7CF8") ! red ducks !228 280 CALL CHAR (40, "03060C58FF 1E0C07",41,"00000F58FF1E")! yellow ducks !183 290 CALL CHAR(122, "000102060

E5EFC")! dead duck !213

300 CALL CHAR(128, "393939117

F7F7CBC", 129, "B838382C6C6C44 C6")! man !158 310 CALL CHAR (132, "0407877C7 C7C4444", 133, "0407877C7C7CE3 81")! going dog !144 320 CALL CHAR (134, "20E0E1BEB E3E2222", 135, "20E0E1BEBE7EC7 81")! returning dog !178 330 ! ==== display game scre en ==== !027 340 CALL DELSPRITE(ALL):: CA LL CLEAR :: CALL MAGNIFY(1)! 038 350 T\$=CHR\$(130)&CHR\$(131)&" ." :: CALL HCHAR(24,1,125,32 )! ground !167 360 DISPLAY AT(21,16): "\*+ \*+ ":TAB(16);",- ,-":TAB(13);"/ //"&T\$&T\$&" /././" !098 370 CALL HCHAR(2,1,96,96):: CALL HCHAR (5, 1, 104, 256):: CA LL HCHAR (13, 1, 112, 224)! sky 1017 380 CALL HCHAR(22,3,128):: C ALL HCHAR (23, 3, 129)! man !20 390 CALL SPRITE(#1,91,2,162, 22, #15, 132, 2, 177, 9)! boomera ng/dog !109 400 FOR X=2 TO 7 :: V(X)=INT(15\*RND)+4 :: IF X>4 THEN V(X) = -V(X)! speed !162 410 IF X<5 THEN CALL SPRITE( #X, 123, 9, 20\*X+60, 8, 0, V(X)) EL SE CALL SPRITE(#X, 40, 11, 20 \*X -60,248,0,V(X))!246420 NEXT X ! put ducks on sc reen !193 430 ! ==== game ==== !101 440 IF SHOT=10 OR HIT=6 THEN 740 ! game over !127 450 CALL SOUND(100,1000,0):: DISPLAY AT(3,18): " "&RPT\$(" [",9-SHOT)! avail.booms !132 460 CALL KEY(0,K,S)!187 470 CALL PATTERN(#2,124,#3,1 23, #4, 124, #5, 40, #6, 41, #7, 40) ! animate ducks !243 480 CALL PATTERN(#2,123,#3,1 24, #4, 123, #5, 41, #6, 40, #7, 41) 490 IF S=0 OR K<49 OR K>55 T HEN 460 ELSE CALL SOUND(10,1 30,0)!146

(See Page 8)

# THE ART OF ASSEMBLY — PART 41

# It's about time

#### By BRUCE HARRISON ©1994B. Harrison

Today's subject is time. Recently, it's been important to us in several respects. First, it's February 1994 as we write this, and we've just learned of the death of our dear friend Jim Peterson. This reminds us that we're all working against an unknown time limit, but that's not the kind of time constraint we're concerned with in today's column. It's the use of our beloved TI to do things that are related to "keeping time" in matters of seconds. We'll talk about two time-related assembly projects, and show how these use the internal Vertical Interval timer in the TI to provide an accurate source of "ticks" that we can count.

#### THE METRONOME

0

As many of our readers are aware, we are a "musical" family, having produced lots of "computer music" both with and without MIDI capability. Our two little boys have started learning to use "real" musical instruments, so we're getting used to having the sounds of a clarinet and violin in the house. When kids are learning to play instruments, they need a stable source of timing to keep them playing at a steady tempo. Our local music store has all kinds of metronome devices, from the simple mechanical ones to the most exotic electronic ones. They all work quite well, but all are expensive, considering that all they do is produce a repetitive "tick" at a constant rate in beats per minute.

(See Page 9)

# **BOOMERANG**—

#### (Continued from Page 7)

500 SHOT=SHOT+1 :: VL=(3\*(K-47))+6 :: VL, VC=-VL ! boom's velocity !125 510 CALL COINC (ALL, C):: IF C =-1 THEN 570 !157 520 CALL MOTION(#1, VL, VC):: VL=VL+2 :: VC=VC-2 !181 530 CALL POSITION(#1,R,D):: IF R>175 THEN 550 ! boom hit s ground !058 540 CALL COINC(ALL,C):: IF C =-1 THEN 570 ELSE 510 !230 550 CALL MOTION(#1,0,0):: CA LL LOCATE(#1,162,22):: GOTO 440 ! new boom !066 560 ! ==== hit ==== !016 570 CALL MOTION(#1,0,0):: CA LL POSITION(#1,R,D)!193 580 IF R<30 OR R>150 THEN 51 590 IF R>130 AND R<=150 THEN SP=4 :: GOTO 650 !075 600 IF R>110 AND R<=130 THEN SP=3 :: GOTO 650 !070 610 IF R>90 AND R<=110 THEN SP=2 :: GOTO 650 !025 620 IF R>70 AND R<=90 THEN S P=7 :: GOTO 650 !242 630 IF R>50 AND R<=70 THEN S P=6 :: GOTO 650 !237 640 IF R<=50 THEN SP=5 ELSE 570 !023

650 CALL DELSPRITE(#1):: CAL

L SOUND(50,1300,0,-3,0):: CA LL COLOR(#SP,2):: CALL MOTIO N(#SP, 16, 0)! dead duck falls 1075 660 CALL POSITION (#SP, R, CSP) :: IF R<175 THEN 660 !027 670 CALL MOTION(#SP,0,0):: C ALL PATTERN(#SP, 122)!dead du ck hits ground !049 680 CALL SOUND(10, -5,0):: FO R D=1 TO 100 :: NEXT D :: GO SUB 800 ! send dog !185 690 HIT=HIT+1 :: CALL HCHAR( 24,2,122,HIT):: CALL SOUND(5 0,400,0)!090 700 CALL SOUND(50,800,0):: C ALL SOUND(50,300,0):: FOR D= 1 TO 100 :: NEXT D !146 710 FOR X=2 TO 7 :: IF X<5 T HEN V(X) = V(X) + 1 ELSE V(X) = V(X)X)-1 !249720 CALL MOTION(#X,0,V(X)):: NEXT X :: GOTO 550 ! increa se ducks' speed !101 730 ! ==== game over ==== !0 740 CALL SOUND(100,400,0):: CALL SOUND(100,250,0):: CALL SOUND(150,600,0)!124 750 S=10\*(10\*HIT+60-6\*SHOT): : DISPLAY AT(3,2)SIZE(-12)BE EP: " SCORE: "; S !178

760 DISPLAY AT(6,2)SIZE(-16)

: " 1 ANOTHER GAME " :: DISPL

AY AT(7,2)SIZE(-16): 2 QUIT " !017 770 CALL KEY(0,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 770 ELSE CALL SOUND(10) 0,600,0)!070 780 IF K=49 THEN HIT, SHOT=0 :: GOTO 340 ELSE END !051 790 ! ==== sub: dog routine ==== !207 800 CALL MOTION(#15,0,20)! q oing right !091 810 CALL POSITION(#15,D,CDOG ):: CALL PATTERN(#15,133):: CALL PATTERN(#15,132):: CALL SOUND(10, -5, 0)!228 820 IF CDOG<CSP-8 THEN 810 E LSE CALL MOTION(#15,0,0):: C ALL SOUND(50,-1,0)!143 830 CALL DELSPRITE(#SP):: CA LL MOTION(#15,0,-8)! returni ng !039 840 CALL POSITION(#15, D, CDOG ):: CALL PATTERN(#15,135):: CALL PATTERN(#15,134):: CALL SOUND(5, -6, 0)!188850 IF CDOG>15 THEN 840 ELSE CALL MOTION(#15,0,0)!009 860 CALL SOUND(30, -4,0):: F0 R D=1 TO 100 :: NEXT D :: C LL SOUND(50,-6,0)!079 870 CALL SPRITE(#15,132,2,17 7,9):: RETURN !122

# THE ART OF ASSEMBLY—

#### (Continued from Page 8)

Being a typical "TI Cheapskate," it occurred to me that our beloved computer ought to be able, with the right programming, to produce those ticks for "free." We plunged right into Assembly, and in just a couple of days we had a new Public Domain "product" ready for any TI users. This product, which is called METRONOME, is available through the Lima and Chicago User Groups at their normal copying fee. It's also been authorized to be placed on BBS, etc. Thus it should be readily available to anyone who needs it. Actually the disk contains two versions of the program, one for U.S. users and another for "European" users. This is necessary because the actual timing is provided by the Vertical Interval timer, and that operates at 60 Hz for U.S. systems, and at 50 Hz for "European" systems, including those in Great Britain and Australia.

We've not included the source code for the metronome in today's column, partly because it's a lot of stuff, and partly because it's already provided on the Public Domain disks. We will, however, cover some salient points.

First on our list of "musts" was that the user interface had to be

extremely simple but effective. The input for the user had to be expressed in Beats per Minute, since that's what is used in the musical world. (Sheet music often indicates tempo by metronome setting, and the number given is always understood to be in Beats per Minute.) Of course nothing in the computer itself understands ats per Minute, so we have to provide a kind of "translation" from B/M to a number expressed in 60ths (or 50ths) of a second. We also wanted all this to be done as accurately as possible, so we used floating point numbers to do the calculations in this mathematical "translation" process. In the following, we're describing

the U.S. version, then we'll briefly cover what's different in the

"European" version.

The user gets a prompt "BEATS PER MINUTE" on the screen, with an allowed range indicated (15 through 500). He enters a number in that range, let's say 120, for example. As soon as he presses ENTER, we use an internal service called Convert String to Number to take the number right from the screen and convert it to a floating point number stored at FAC (>834A). What we're after is a number in 60ths of a second that will provide a limit count for the Vertical Interval timer at >8378. To get there, we take the number of 60ths of a second in one minute (3,600) expressed as a floating point number, and place that eight-byte quantity at location ARG (>835C) in memory. Now we use another built- in service called Floating Point Divide to divide 3,600 by 120. That gives us the number 30, or exactly half the number of 60ths in one second.

This is a number that can be used as the limit on our time count. We use the built-in Convert Floating Point to Integer routine (this conversion rounds the number correctly to the nearest integer), place that number into memory as an integer value and start makour "ticks." First, we clear the counter at >8378, then send a tew bytes to the sound generator to make a sound. We enter a loop that checks constantly the number in >8378 against the limit number (30 in this case). The sound we've sent is silenced after

(See Page 10)

```
Sidebar 41
                       ELSE RETURN
BACK B
TIMEUP MOVB @>9802,R3
                        Reads address of grom byte sched-
uled to be read next
      SWPB R3
      MOVB @>9802,R3
      SWPB R3
                       the true address in GROM
      DEC R3
      CZC GHX1FFF.R3
                        if address that was to be read was
>A000 then we can't
                       read one byte lower because >9FFF is
      JNE TIMEU2
impossible in grom
      MOVB R3,@>9C02
                        restore grom address.
      SWPB R3
      MOVB R3,@>9C02
      JMP BACK
                       and return
                        want to read the preceeding byte
TIMEU2 DEC R3
      MOVB R3.@>9C02
                        GROM Write Address Register
      SWPB R3
      MOVB R3, @>9C02
      SWPB R3
      INC R3
      CLR R2
                        Read preceeding GROM byte; with au-
      MOVB @>9800,R2
toincrement grom
                       pointer will be same as before we
tinkered with it
      MOVR @>8373.R4
                        checking previous stack entry to
       SRL R4,8
 see if we've just
      AI R4,>8302
                         popped from the stack
       C R3,*R4
       JNE TIMEU1
       CI R2,>0300
                        GPL for keyscan
                         if EQ then keyscan just happened
 TIMEU1 JNE BACK
       MOVB GENTER, 6>8375
       SOC GMASK. 6>837C
 TIMEUS CLR @>83C4
       JMP BACK
 * DATA SECTION
                         ASCII FOR "ENTER" KEY
 ENTER BYTE >0D
                         enter minus 1
 HXOC BYTE >0C
       DATA >2000
 MASK
 HX1FFF DATA >1FFF
       BSS 32
                        OUR WORKSPACE
 WS
                         COUNT NUMBER (60THS OF A SECOND)
 CUMNUM DATA 0
 T.TMNUM DATA 0
 SIXTY BYTE 64,60,0,0,0,0,0,0 SIXTY IN F.P. NOTATION
 CHKON DATA TIMER
                         ADDRESS OF MAIN INTERRUPT
                         KEY PRESSED VALUE
 ANYKEY BYTE 32
       END
 * EXTENDED BASIC TEST PROGRAMS
 * FOR TESTING THE ABOVE WITH XB
   (LISTED IN 28 COLUMNS)
 * FIRST, USING AN INPUT STATEMENT
  * AND AN ACCEPT AT
 10 CALL INIT
 20 CALL LOAD("DSK1.TIMER/O")
 30 CALL CLEAR
```

# THE ART OF ASSEMBLY—

### (Continued from Page 9)

the first three counts, so it's just a brief "tick," after which the computer gives silence for the rest of the 30/60ths period. When that count finishes, the computer reclears >8378, sends another tick to the sound generator, and starts counting the next period.

This gives exactly the desired result, with two ticks per second, or 120 per minute, being produced by the monitor's speaker. By using the Vertical Interval as our source of timing, we've made this able to be accurate regardless of whether it's run on a standard TI, or a "bus modified" TI, or a Geneve at any of its clock rates.

#### **RANGE LIMITS**

The timer we're using (at >8378) actually uses only one byte, at >8379. Thus, the number we can count has an upper limit of 255 counts before it "zeros" itself. Thus, there's a lower limit of 15 beats per minute, as that calculates to 240 counts (14 would wind up with a count of 257, and that's too big).

The other limit, 500, is arbitrary, but necessary so some "off time" will occur between ticks even at the fastest rate. With 500 entered, the number of counts for the interval would be 7.2 (rounds to 7) so that the sound would be on for three 60ths, then off for four 60ths, and so on. The program checks the value of the count before starting the ticks, and rejects the entry if the count is less than 7 or more than 240. The user will see the entry field clear, ready to accept a new input. The accepted range (15 through 500) should be enough for nearly any musical purpose, covering as it does from an extremely slow dirge through a super prestissimo.

While this ticking goes on, we flash the cursor onto the screen during each tick, so that there's a visual cue in case the musician's playing drowns out the sound of the tick. We also check for a keyboard input during the ticking, so that the user can stop the ticking by simply pressing any key. Pressing a key other than Function-9 during a stopped condition will just restart at the same rate. Pressing Function-9 while the ticks are stopped will clear the entry field so the user can enter a new rate.

#### THE "EUR" VERSION

For our friends in Europe and Australia, the "EUR" version, called METROEUR, is designed to operate with their PAL video system, which has a 50 Hz vertical rate. The essential difference is that, for the 50 Hz system, there are 3000 vertical intervals per minute instead of the 3600 on the U.S. system. Thus, where, in the preceding discussion, we put 3600 as a floating point number into ARG, the EUR version places 3000 at ARG, then divides that by the user's input number. Because of this different number, the EUR version allows a lower bottom limit of 12 beats per minute, but that's the only obvious difference, except that the EUR version has a screen legend saying "EUROPEAN VERSION." This public domain product is available from the Lima Users' Group as disk 870A. (Contact the group c/o Dr. Charles Good at P.O. Box 647, Venedocia, OH 45894.)

#### A TIMED INPUT FIELD

Ever since we started programming on the TI (in Extended BA-SIC) we've wished for some way to limit the time allowed for an INPUT or ACCEPT AT statement. As we've mentioned before,

```
40 CALL LINK("SETTIM", 4.5)
50 CALL LINK( *ACT*)
60 INPUT "ANY STRING ":XS
70 IF X$="" THEN PRINT "TIME
'S UP" ELSE PRINT XS
80 DISPLAY AT(12,1): "ANY STR
ING.
90 CALL LINK( *ACT*)
100 ACCEPT AT(12,15):XS
110 IF X$="" THEN PRINT "TIM
E'S UP" ELSE PRINT XS
  SECOND XB TEST, USING CALL KEY
  THIS WILL RUN UNTIL STOPPED BY
  FUNCTION-4
10 CALL INTO
20 CALL LOAD (*DSK1.TIMER/O*)
30 CALL LINK("SETTIM",1)
40 CALL LINK( *ACT*)
50 CALL KEY(0,K,S):: IF S=0
THEN 50
60 N=N+1 :: PRINT N
70 GOTO 30
```

our friend Jim Peterson sometimes issued challenges to the assembly practitioners. Both he and Barry Traver have said that at times they'd like to be able to place a "time limit" on a user input as in some quiz games they've written in Extended BASIC. A you all know, once Extended BASIC starts executing an INPU or ACCEPT AT statement, it just waits until the user is finished with his entry, even if an hour goes by. This can take some of the fun out of a game program, since the user could go to the library to look up the answer, and the computer would wait till he or she got back to answer the question.

As we were fooling around with this timing for the metronome application, this problem kept haunting our thoughts. Perhaps we could keep a time count through a "user interrupt," and then find some way to terminate the INPUT or ACCEPT command after a number of vertical intervals, without the user having typed anything from the keyboard.

Before we go further, let's confess that the "user interrupt" process is one that we rarely use, and don't really understand. Thus, getting the interrupt to do what we wanted was difficult. As you'll see in the sidebar, the 'final product" is fairly simple. Two "entry points" are used with CALL LINK from Extended BASIC, plus the Interrupt code itself. Here's how it works.

Assuming the code shown in the sidebar has been assembled and loaded under Extended BASIC, the program that's using the code would perform a CALL LINK ("SETTIM", TL), where TL is a number in seconds. Anything from 1 second through 546 seconds can be used for TL. Decimal quantities can be used, as, for example, 4.5 seconds. The limit 546 (about 9 minutes) is an absolute upper limit, beyond which the time counter simply won't work. (To see why, whip out your trusty calculator and multiple 546 by 60.)

The CALL LINK to SETTIM can be done at any place in the XB program. It sets the limit number in 60ths of a second, but (See Page 11)

# THE ART OF ASSEMBLY -

### (Continued from Page 10)

doesn't start the count operating. To apply the time limit, insert a statement just before the input statement like this:

CALL LINK("ACT") :: INPUT "ANY STRING ":X\$

This will "activate" the preset time limit for that input action. While the computer is waiting for input, it will cycle through interrupts, one of which will increment the counter in our user interrupt routine every 60th of a second. (SETTIM multiplies the number given in seconds by 60.) When the count equals or exceeds the limit, the interrupt will begin executing the code at label TIMEUP. This code puts the ASCII value for the Enter key into the key value address (>8375), and puts the value >20 into the GPL Status byte (>837C). The INPUT routine sees this condition and "assumes" the user has pressed Enter on the keyboard, so it exits from the INPUT statement. When we first started developing this routine, it worked perfectly with INPUT, but not with ACCEPT AT. ACCEPT AT would exit with an error. We discussed the matter with Harry Wilhelm, and he quickly figured out that the problem had to do with whether an actual key scan had just taken place before we tried forcing the Enter and >20 into place. As he has so many times, Harry came to our rescue, with a modification to our routine. Harry figured out how to check the GROM address to determine whether the TI has just done a key scan. Thus the forced "Enter" can be put in at exactly the right time, so no error occurs upon return from ACCEPT AT. With this modification, the meout can be used with any kind of input routine, including CALL KEY. With this necessity to check the GROM address, the timing is not as accurate, as the Interrupt may have to wait several 60ths of a second before it hits the correct "window" to terminate the input cycle. Harry recommended that we discard the floating point calculations, since the accuracy won't be that good. We've left that part alone, however, so that the programmer can at least try for a fraction of a second time allowance. A SETTIM link with 4.5 seconds allowed will last longer, on average, than one with 4 seconds, and since it cost very few bytes to keep the floating point capability, we left it in. The sidebar is well annotated, so our regular readers should understand it without a line-by-line explanation. The business of checking the GROM is rather complicated, so we've taken Harry's word for how that works (see below). Two different XB Test programs are listed in the sidebar, one that uses both INPUT and ACCEPT AT, and another that uses CALL KEY.

#### HARRY'S EXPLANATION

The idea behind the routine at TIMEUP is to determine if the GPL instruction SCAN has just happened. If it has, then loading >8375 with a key value and SOCing >837C with >2000 will be detected as a keystroke.

The GPL byte for SCAN is >03. Also during SCAN the current address of the GROM pointer is pushed onto the GROM substack, and then popped from the stack. If we find that one level deeper in the GROM substack points to the next byte scheduled to be read from GROM and that the byte before this byte is a >03 then SCAN has just occurred.

When we come to the routine at TIMEUP the GROM registers are set so that XB can read the next GROM byte from >9800 our program can read the address of that byte from GRMRA at >9802 When this address is read it is automatically incremented one byte higher than where the actual read would have taken place. Therefore, the address needs to be DEC'd to point to the byte that would have been read in the normal sequence of events. If the address is DECT'd it then points to the most recent byte to be read from GROM. Once that byte is read from >9800, the pointer will autoincrement to the same address normally expected by XB. One catch is that if reading the address at GRMRA can result in, say, >A001. With DECT this becomes >9FFF. With the autoincrement reading the GROM byte should result in the pointer becoming >A000; the expected result. However, after the autoincrement, the pointer is left pointing at >8000! Because of this you cannot read 1 byte lower than these addresses: >0000.>2000 >4000,>6000,>8000,>A000,>C000,>E000

Next month's topic is one that some of our readers have asked for, namely the Bit-Map mode of operation. We'll include a small sample program that gets nicely into and out of the Bit-Map mode, so you can see how that's done.

# Using BREAD XOP routine to read disk sectors

By JIM UZZELL ©1994 DDI Software

The bread XOP routine basically allows you to read sectors

from a storage device. It also has an option that allows you to retreive part of the file descriptor record, referred to as file ID.

This article and program is intended to illustrate the use of

OBJECT CODE FILE BREAD-O 0009EDDIRED A0000B0006B0008B0001B0000B0A00B0000BF8F2B0000B00007F24FF 0001 A0012B0000B0000B0028A0018A0040B000QBC80BC0006B02E0BF000BC0207F324F 0002 A004CC0004B0201B0001B0202C0017B0420B2014BC1A0C0017B0586BD9A07F309F 0003 A0062C0040C0017B0200C0008B2C20C0002BD020C000AB1301B100BB02017F334F 0004 A0078BF8F2B0202C009EB0203B0100B06A0BF040BC2E0C0006B045BB02027F2C3F 0005 A008EC009EB0203B0100BDCA0C0040B0603B13F5B10FB7F5E8F 0006 0007 50042GO 7FDB8F 8000 DDI SOFTWARE

BREAD XOP file ID option. When this program is run and an error occurs, the program will display zeros in all bytes. There are BBS' and user groups that have these XOP routines

(See Page 12)

# XOP-

#### (Continued from Page 11)

and are recommended if you are interested in programming in MDOS or creating assembly language programs for use in MY-BASIC. There are also articles that have been published over the years that provide detail information on the structure of file descriptor records.

In order to explain some of the displayed information, all references to "byte" will be the column on the left of the screen. A "general rule" that can be applied to certain bytes is

(byte 3)\*(byte 4&5)=(byte 8&9)

The following are 2 examples of a "type" d/v 128 file;

- 1 (byte 3 > 02) \* (byte 4 & 5 > 0010) = (byte 8 & 9 > 0020)
- 2 (byte 3 > 02) \* (byte 4 & 5 > 000b) = (byte 8 & 9 > 0015)

(see pg 16 june 1994 for a hex to dec chart)

Example 1 matches but example 2 does not.

100 CALL GRAPHICS(3,1) :: DI

Example 2 says the final sector is not a full sector and by using byte 7 you can test for end of file. A "type" D/V 80 file does

not conform to this rule. In a D/V 80 file byte 8&9 will always be equal to (byte 3)\*(byte 4&5), so we have to look at a different byte to find the end of file. Byte 6 will always have the number of bytes of the last sector. A zero would mean a full sector.

Now get out some different "type" files and do some exploring. A hardcopy feature is built in to the program so you can compare the printout to what you would see using a sector/editor on the file descriptor record for that file. The information on the right of screen is the location of the data in the file descriptor record.

I guess if there were a wish list, I would like to see this routine expanded to include the file location sector information, including fragmentation. With this added information, you could very quickly copy a file or do a selective backup of a hard drive or a directory of a specific "type" file, etc.

This program requires the object code file be in drive No. 1, or change line 120. Type in the object code file in MY-WORD and save as a fixed file with a name of BREAD-O.

### ASSEMBLY XOP

M A(20), A\$(20) 110 DISPLAY AT(4,20) ERASE AL L : "ASSEMBLY XOP > 0A BREAD F ILE ID" 111 DISPLAY AT(7,20): "ENTER PATH.FILENAME" 112 ACCEPT AT(8,26):X\$(1) 120 CALL INIT :: CALL LOAD(" DSK1.BREAD-O") 130 CALL LINK("GO", X\$()) 135 DISPLAY AT(1,3): "BYTE": T AB(14); "XOP 0A BREAD FILE I D"; " of "; TAB(40); X\$(1) 140 FOR X=0 TO 19 150 READ A\$(X) :: CALL PEEK( 9618+X,A(X)) 160 DISPLAY AT(X+3,3):X; TAB( 8);">";SEG\$(HEX\$ (A(X)),3,2) ";A\$(X) 170 NEXT X 180 DISPLAY AT(24,10): "ANY K EY TO EXIT"; TAB(35); "PRT SCR EEN IS ACTIVE" 185 CALL KEY(0,K,S) :: IF S< 1 THEN 180 :: END 190 DATA EXTENDED RECORD LEN GTH MSB

>0A | 200 DATA EXTENDED RECORD LEN GTH LSB >0B I 210 DATA TYPE OF FILE i.e. P GM DV etc. >0C 1 220 DATA NUMBER OF RECORDS P ER SECTOR >0D I 230 DATA # OF SECTORS RESERV ED FOR FILE MSB >0E F 240 DATA # OF SECTORS RESERV ED FOR FILE LSB >0F D 250 DATA NUMBER OF BYTES IN LAST SECTOR >10 R260 DATA LOGICAL RECORD LENG >11 270 DATA FILE RECORD COUNT o r SECTORS USED (REVERSE >12 E 280 DATA FILE RECORD COUNT o r SECTORS USED BYTE 8&9) >13 Q

290 DATA DATE OF CREATION MYYY YYYY >14 U 300 DATA DATE OF CREATION MMMd dddd >15 A 310 DATA TIME OF CREATION hhhh hmmm >16 T 320 DATA TIME OF CREATION mmms ssss >17 E 330 DATA DATE OF LAST CHANGE >18 | 340 DATA DATE OF LAST CHANGE 350 DATA TIME OF LAST CHANGE 360 DATA TIME OF LAST CHANGE >1B | 370 DATA MSB LEVEL 2 NOT AC TIVE CAN BE ANYTHING 380 DATA MSB LEVEL 3 NOT AC TIVE CAN BE ANYTHING

# Former Bradenton president dies

William W. Saner, former president of the Bradenton TI Users Group in Florida, died in early September from prostate cancer.

At the time of his death, he was living in Springfield, Illinois. He had been a member of the Lima, Ohio, Users Group for a number of years.

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# Extended BASIC

# Forget Me Knots and Reminders combine for useful computer memo system

#### By ALFRED MALCOLM

The author is a member of the British Columbia 99er Users Group. The article and programs first appeared in the group's newsletter.—Ed.

Forget Me Knots (FMK) is a handy memo program that will allow you to store

and retrieve important dates (birthdays, doctor appointments, etc.). It also has limited graphics capability that can be used to frame significant events. Files created by the program Remind Me can be converted to the Forget Me Knots format. The companion program, Reminders, will read these files, and the ones you create ith this program. Change the file Jame, Reminders, to the filename "LOAD," and your memos will be made available to you when you turn on your TI system.

System requirements to use these programs are a TI-99/4A, peripheral expansion box, disk controller, one disk drive, a monitor (or TV), and an Extended BASIC cartridge.

#### THE FMK MENU

When Forget Me Knots is loaded, a menu will appear on your monitor. The flashing yellow cursor near the bottom left corner is waiting for your input. You have fiv e choices.

#### 1. MONTHLY INPUT

This option will allow you to enter memos, etc., for any month of any year. Press the No. 1 key, followed by the Enter key. You will then be prompted to enter the month. Enter a number (1 to 12), and press the Enter key again. Now you must enter the year. Enter a 4-digit number, such as 1999. Press Enter, A file will now be created on the disk, under the format, SK1.MONTH/00/YEAR (e.g. DSK1.06/00/1994). The "00" in the name will always indicate that this is a monthly reminder file.

The screen will change again, and is now ready for you to enter your reminders. There are 12 lines available. After each line you type, you must press the Enter key to save your information. Pressing the Enter key on an empty line will return you to the starting menu.

Forget Me Knots (FMK) is a handy memo program that will allow you to store and retrieve important dates (birthdays, doctor appointments, etc.). It also has limited graphics capability that can be used to frame significant events.

> Each file created with FMK is 2 sectors long. When you press the enter key, the information is saved to DSK1. If you press enter on the first line, without entering any information, the file will not be saved.

> Graphics can be used to enhance your memos. Hold down the CTRL key, and at the same time press any key from A to L (see graphics instructions below). Editing a file can be done with any word processor, such as TI-Writer.

#### 2. DAILY INPUT

Option 2 is for daily reminders. It will prompt you for the month (a number from 1 to 12), then the date (1 to 31), and lastly the year, (four numbers). When the information is entered, you will then have 12 lines to enter your reminders for that day. Pressing the Enter key will save the information to DSK1. The file will be saved as DSK1.month/date/year DSK1.06/30/1994). Pressing the Enter key on a blank line, returns the program to the main menu. Graphics can be utilized by holding down the control key and pressing any key from A to L. As in option

1, editing may be done with a word processor.

#### 3. CONVERT REMIND ME

If you are using the program Remind Me, this option will convert Remind Me files to the FMK format. Before using this option, you must make sure your Remind Me Files are on DSK1, and that there is sufficient room for FMK files. You may also customize FMK to convert Remind Me Files from another source. More on that later. With the disk containing Remind Me Files in DSK1, press the No. 3 key. The program will now convert all Remind Me files to FMK files and then return to the main menu.

#### 4. DISPLAY A DATE

This option will display any FMK file. Press the No. 4 key and you will be prompted for the month. Enter a number from 1 to 12. Now you must enter the date (1-31 or 00 for monthly memos). Now enter a year in four digits. (1994, 1998 etc.). If the month, date and year match a file created with FMK, that file will be displayed. If there are no reminders for the date you chose, FMK will let you know. When you have read the information displayed, press any key to return to the FMK menu.

#### 5. END PROGRAM

This option is self-explanatory. Press the No. 5 key and you will be returned to the TI title screen. By customizing FMK you can have the program load another program.

#### **CUSTOMIZING FMK**

If you plan to run this program from a hard drive or a RAMdisk, or any drive other than DSK1, you will need to make alterations. Remember, monthly reminders and daily reminders must be in the same location, so that FMK or Reminders can find and display them.

Monthly Reminders - If you want your monthly reminders written to some (See Page 14)

### FORGET ME KNOTS-

### (Continued from Page 13)

place other then DSK1, carefully follow steps 1 to 6 below.

Daily Reminders — If you want your daily reminders written to or read from another source (not DSK1), then refer to steps 1 to 6 below. Follow directions carefully with one exception — type 430 instead of 230 (step 3).

Converting Remind Me files - If you have Remind Me files stored on a drive other then DSK1, then refer to steps 1 to 6 below. Follow directions carefully with one exception — type 530 instead of 230 (step 3).

Displaying files — If you are going to copy your FMK files to another source,

then you will have to alter this program so

FMK can display them. Refer to steps 1 to 6 below. Follow directions carefully with one exception — type 860 instead of 230 (step 3).

#### STEPS 1 TO 6

- 1. Make a copy of your FMK disk. Place the copy in DSK1 without a write-protect tab. Load MFK.
- With FMK loaded and running, hold down the FCTN key and press key No. 4.
- 3. Type 230. Do not press Enter, Hold down the FCTN key and press the X key (down arrow).
- 4. What you now see should be a program line of FMK. Hold down the function key again, and press the D key (left arrow). This will move the yellow cursor along the line. Stop the cursor over "DSK1.". If you passed over it, then hold down the function key again while pressing the S key (right arrow), to go back.
- 5. Type over DSK1. If your pathname is longer then DSK1. (e.g. HDS1.A1.), then press the function key and the No. 2 key together. Now you are in the insert mode. You can now type in the extra letters in your pathname. The line is very long, but it will accept more letters.
- 6. When you have your pathname typed in, press the Enter key. Now type SAVE "DSK1.LOAD" and press the Enter key again. Your modifications will be saved to your copy disk.

Exiting to another program — If you press key No. 5 from the FMK menu, the program will exit to the TI title screen. To exit to another program you must retype line No. 860. Following step 2 above, type 860 and press the Enter key. Type 860 again, then type RUN "PATH/FILE-HERE" (e.g. 860 RUN "DSK5.FWB"). Follow step 6 above to complete.

#### **USING GRAPHICS**

Graphics can be used to enhance your memos. After selecting option 1 or 2 from the FMK menu, you can begin to use graphics. Graphics are accessible by holding down the CTRL key and pressing any key from A to L. CTRL plus keys A to H produce a double-lined box. See Fig. 1 for

### Fig. 1

### **Graphics Control Keys**

CTRL plus A = Top left corner of frame

CTRL plus B = Top of frame

CTRL plus C = Top right corner of frame

CTRL plus D = Bottom left corner of frame

CTRL plus E = Bottom of frame

CTRL plus F = Bottom right corner of frame

CTRL plus G = Left side of frame

CTRL plus H = Right side of frame

CTRL plus I to L = various patterns

a list of graphics that you can create and the keypresses required.

#### REMINDERS

Reminders works in conjunction with a Triple Tech, MBP, or Myarc HFDC clock. Reminders reads the clock, then finds and displays files created (or converted) with the Forget Me Knots program.

To use Reminders you must have a TI system consisting of a TI-99/4A, peripheral expansion box, disk controller, disk drive, monitor, Extedned BASIC cartridge, and a clock. Clocks include those supported by an MBP mounted inside a speech synthesizer or in the PEB, Myarc Hard and Floppy Disk Controller clock or Whatchamacallit, or a Triple Tech card.

Load Reminders from DSK1. When Reminders is loaded, type RUN "DSK1.REMINDERS". If Reminders has been loaded correctly, you should see the monthly reminder screen. Your previously saved monthly reminders will now be dis-

played. When you have read your month reminders, press any key to load your daily reminders, or press the FCTN and No. 9 keys to bypass them.

### **CUSTOMIZING REMINDERS**

Using a copy of the FMK/Reminders disk, load the Reminders program. If you want the Reminders program to read your reminder files from another drive, then you must change device reference in line No. 210. Change DSK1 in line 210 to whatever destination drive you want to use. Make sure you don't delete the quote marks.

If you want your Reminders program to load another program after completion, then you must change lines 400 and 330. You must also delete line 380. Type 400 RUN "DSK?.PROGRAM" (e.g. RUN "DSK5.MENU"). Press the Enter key. Delete line No. 380. Edit line 330 by changing THEN 380 to THEN 400. When you have done the changes, save the program to the disk you wish to load it from, using the filename REMINDERS. If you want your Reminders program to load 700 tomatically then save it as LOAD.

Note - If you like this program and find it useful, send a couple of bucks to the author's user group. The address is 216 10th Ave., New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada, V3L 2B2,

### 4GETMEKNOT

```
1 @=0 :: [=1 :: ]=2 :: _=3 :
: \=4 :: GOTO 100 :: B$,C$,D
$,E$,F$,G$,H$,I$,J$,K$,L$ ::
A, B, C, D, E !067
2 CALL CHAR :: CALL CLEAR ::
CALL COLOR :: CALL HCHAR ::
CALL KEY :: CALL LOAD :: CA
LL SCREEN :: CALL VCHAR :: D
IM A$(12):: !@P- !079
100 CALL CLEAR :: CALL SCREE
N(5):: FOR A=[TO 14:: CALL]
COLOR(A, 16, 5):: NEXT A :: C
ALL COLOR(0,12,1):: PRINT "
    Forget-Me-Knots": : : :
 :::!197
120 PRINT " A Reminders Crea
tion Menu": : :: PRINT "
 = Monthly Input
 2
  = Daily Input
```

3 = Convert Remind Me" !2

(See Page 15)

# FORGET ME KNOTS-

#### (Continued from Page 14)

27 130 PRINT " 4 = Display aDate": 5 = End Program" :: PRINT : : : : : !203 150 BS="102854AA92442810" :: CALL CHAR(123, BS):: CALL HC HAR (9,\_,123,27):: CALL HCHAR (20,\_,123,27):: CALL VCHAR(1 0,\_,123,10)!255 160 C\$="000000000FF0000" :: CALL CHAR(124,C\$):: CALL HC HAR (\_\_, 9, 124, 15) :: CALL HCHAR (5,9,124,15):: CALL VCHAR(10 ,29,123,10)!033 162 CALL CHAR(129, "030404050 5050505"):: CALL CHAR(130, "F F00FF0000000000"):: CALL CHA R(131, "C02020A0A0A0A0A0A0"):: CALL CHAR (132, "0505050505040 403")!017 164 CALL CHAR(133, "000000000 OFF00FF"):: CALL CHAR(134, "A 0A0A0A0A02020CO"):: CALL CHA R(135, "0505050505050505"):: TALL CHAR (136, "A0A0A0A0A0A0A 0A0")!128 166 CALL CHAR(137, "F00FF00FF 00FF00F"):: CALL CHAR(138, "F OAFOBFOCFOAFOBF"):: CALL CHA R(139, "1234567890ABCDEF"):: CALL CHAR (140, "ABOABOABOABOA BOA")!002 170 DISPLAY AT(\,6)SIZE([):C  $HR$(123):: DISPLAY AT(\,22)S$ IZE([):CHR\$(123)!227 180 DISPLAY AT(22,7):"5 = Your Choice" !055 190 ACCEPT AT(22,7)SIZE(-1)B EEP VALIDATE(DIGIT):B :: IF B>5 THEN 180 !098 200 CALL CLEAR :: ON B GOSUB 230,370,520,790,1000 !215 210 GOTO 120 !199 220 ! (MONTHLY REMINDERS) !2 230 CALL CLEAR :: CALL A(F\$) :: CALL B(G\$):: D\$="DSK1.": : E\$=D\$&F\$&"/"&"00"&"/"&G\$: : CALL CLEAR :: OPEN #]:E\$ : CALL C :: DISPLAY AT(21,7) "Monthly Reminders" :: FOR A=7 TO 18 :: ACCEPT AT(A,[)S IZE(28):H\$ :: PRINT #]:H\$ !2 23

330 IF (H\$="")OR(A=18)THEN C LOSE #] :: GOTO 100 ELSE 340 !185 340 NEXT A :: CLOSE #] :: GO TO 100 !136 360 !(DAILY REMINDERS) !016 370 CALL CLEAR :: CALL A(F\$) :: DISPLAY AT(12,10): "DATE?" :: ACCEPT AT(12,16) VALIDATE (DIGIT)SIZE(]):I\$ :: CALL B( G\$):: IF LEN(I\$)=[ THEN I\$=" 0"&I\$!194 430 D\$="DSK1." :: E\$=D\$&F\$&" /"&I\$&"/"&G\$ :: CALL CLEAR : : OPEN #1:E\$ :: CALL C :: DI SPLAY AT(21,8): "Daily Remind ers" :: FOR A=7 TO 18 :: ACC EPT AT(A, [)SIZE(28):H\$ :: PR INT #]:H\$ :: IF (H\$="")OR(A= 18) THEN CLOSE #] :: GOTO 100 ELSE 510 !186 510 NEXT A !215 520 ! (CONVERTER) !172 530 CALL CLEAR :: CALL A(F\$) :: CALL B(G\$):: D\$="DSK1." : : E\$=D\$&F\$&"/"&G\$ :: CALL CL EAR :: CALL C :: DISPLAY AT( 12,]):"Files are Being Conve rted":" Please Standby." :: OPEN #]:E\$ !190 630 FOR A=[ TO 12 :: IF EOF( ])THEN 760 !209 650 LINPUT #]:A\$(A):: NEXT A :: C=ASC(SEG\$(A\$(A-[),[,[)) :: J\$=STR\$(C):: IF LEN(J\$)=[ THEN J\$="0"&J\$ !132 690 K\$=D\$&F\$&"/"&J\$&"/"&G\$: : OPEN # :K\$ :: FOR A=[ TO 1 2 :: PRINT #\_:A\$(A):: NEXT A :: CLOSE #\_ :: GOTO 630 !16 760 CLOSE #] :: GOTO 100 !04 7 780 ! (READ A FILE) !177 790 CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT (10,10): "MONTH? " :: ACCEPT AT(10,17) VALIDATE(DIGIT) SIZE (]):F\$ :: IF LEN(F\$) = [ THEN F\$="0"&F\$ !059 830 DISPLAY AT(11,10): "DATE? " :: ACCEPT AT(11,16)VALIDA TE(DIGIT)SIZE()):G\$ :: IF LE N(G\$) = [THEN G\$ = "0"&G\$ !132]860 DISPLAY AT(12,10): "YEAR?

" :: ACCEPT AT(12,16) VALIDA

TE(DIGIT)SIZE(\): I\$ :: CALL CLEAR :: D\$="DSK1." :: J\$=D\$ &F\$&"/"&G\$&"/"&I\$ :: OPEN #\_ :J\$ !096 910 IF EOF(\_)THEN DISPLAY AT (10,[):"No Reminders For Thi s Date" :: CLOSE #\_ :: DELET E J\$ :: GOTO 940 !066 920 FOR A=[ TO 12 :: LINPUT #\_:A\$(A):: PRINT A\$(A):: IF EOF(\_)THEN CLOSE #\_ ELSE NEX TA 1229 930 PRINT : : : : : !218 940 DISPLAY AT(23,[):" Press Any Key When Ready" !086 950 CALL KEY(\_,D,E):: IF E=@ THEN 950 !135 970 CALL CLEAR :: GOTO 100 ! 1000 CALL LOAD(-31961,51):: END !121 1001 !@P+ !062 1010 SUB A(F\$):: DISPLAY AT( 10,10): "MONTH?" :: ACCEPT AT (10,17) VALIDATE (DIGIT) SIZE (2 ):F\$ :: IF LEN(F\$)=1 THEN F\$ ="0"&F\$ !008 1011 SUBEND !168 1020 SUB B(G\$):: DISPLAY AT( 14,10): "YEAR?" :: ACCEPT AT( 14,16) VALIDATE (DIGIT) SIZE (4) :G\$ :: SUBEND !140 1030 SUB C :: DISPLAY AT(2,1 Forget-Me-Knots": : DISPLAY AT(4,1): "a program by Alfred Malcolm" :: CALL HCHAR(3,1,124,32):: CALL HCH AR(5,1,124,32)!019 1040 SUBEND !168

#### REMINDERS

100 @=0 :: [=1 :: ]=2 :: \_=3 :: \=4 :: GOTO 110 :: A\$, B\$ ,C\$,E\$,F\$,G\$,H\$,I\$,J\$,K\$,L\$, M\$,N\$ :: A,B,C,D,E,K,S :: CA LL CHAR :: CALL CLEAR :: CAL L COLOR :: CALL INIT :: CALL KEY :: CALL SCREEN :: DIM D \$(12):: !@P- !205 110 CALL CHAR (129, "030404050 5050505"):: CALL CHAR(130, "F F00FF00000000000"):: CALL CHA R(131, "C02020A0A0A0A0A0A0")::

(See Page 16)

### FORGET ME KNOTS-

#### (Continued from Page 15)

CALL CHAR(132, "0505050505040 403")!017 120 CALL CHAR(133, "000000000 OFF00FF"):: CALL CHAR(134, "A 0A0A0A0A02020C0"):: CALL CHA R(135, "0505050505050505"):: CALL CHAR (136, "A0A0A0A0A0A0A 0A0")!128 130 CALL CHAR (137, "F00FF00FF 00FF00F"):: CALL CHAR(138, "F 0AF0BF0CF0AF0BF"):: CALL CHA R(139, "1234567890ABCDEF"):: CALL CHAR (140, "ABOABOABOABOA BOA")!002 135 CALL SCREEN(5):: FOR A=1 TO 12 :: CALL COLOR(A, 16, 5) :: NEXT A :: FOR A=13 TO 14 :: CALL COLOR(A, 9, 5):: NEXT A !117 140 CALL CLEAR :: CALL E(HS. I\$,J\$)!Triple Tech !175 150 IF I\$="" THEN 160 ELSE 2 10 !171 160 CALL F(H\$, I\$, J\$) ! Myarc C lock !081 170 IF IS="" THEN 180 ELSE 2 10 !191 180 CALL G(H\$, I\$):: J\$="94" !MBP Clock !248 190 IF I\$="" THEN 200 ELSE 2 10 !211 200 CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT (13,]): "Error.. No clock in s vstem": " or clock not functi oning.":" Is MBP Clock se t?" :: END !230 210 K\$="DSK1." :: A\$="19" :: N\$=A\$&J\$ :: IF J\$="00" THEN A\$="20" !168

220 L\$=K\$&I\$&"/"&"00"&"/"&N\$ :: DISPLAY AT(],6): "Monthly Reminders" :: DISPLAY AT(\_, 11): I\$&"/"&A\$&J\$ :: CALL C : : OPEN #]:L\$ :: ON ERROR 240 1021 230 GOTO 250 !073 240 DELETE L\$ :: CALL B :: C ALL D :: GOTO 280 !073 250 FOR B= [ TO 12 :: LINPUT #1:D\$(B)!023 260 DISPLAY AT(B+6,[)SIZE(32 ):D\$(B):: IF EOF(])THEN 270 ELSE NEXT B !221 270 CLOSE #] :: CALL D !038 280 CALL KEY(\_,K,S):: IF S=@ THEN 280 !010 290 IF K=15 THEN 390 !189 300 DISPLAY AT(23,[)SIZE(28) :"" !068 310 M\$=K\$&I\$&"/"&H\$&"/"&N\$ : : OPEN #\_:M\$ :: ON ERROR 330 1232 320 GOTO 340 !164 330 DELETE M\$ :: CALL B :: G OTO 380 !130 340 DISPLAY AT(],6): " Daily Reminders" :: DISPLAY AT(\_,1 0): "For "&I\$&"/"&H\$ :: CALL A !028 350 FOR B=[ TO 12 :: LINPUT #\_:D\$(B)!025 360 DISPLAY AT(B+6,[)SIZE(32 ):D\$(B):: IF EOF(\_)THEN 370 ELSE NEXT B !067 370 CLOSE #\_ !252 380 CALL D :: CALL KEY(\_,K,S ):: IF S=@ THEN 380 !154 390 !@P+ !062 400 CALL LOAD(-31961,51)!108

410 SUB A :: FOR A=7 TO 19 : DISPLAY AT(A, 1) SIZE(32): "" :: NEXT A :: SUBEND !146 420 SUB B :: DISPLAY AT(12,4 ): "No Reminders Entered." :: SUBEND !096 430 SUB C :: A\$="F2F2F2F2F2F 2F2F2F2" :: CALL CHAR(123,A\$ ):: CALL HCHAR(5,1,123,32):: CALL HCHAR(21,1,123,32):: S **UBEND !107** 440 SUB D !174 450 DISPLAY AT(23,2): "Press any key to continue" !215 460 SUBEND !168 470 SUB E(H\$, I\$, J\$):: ON ERR OR 490 !063 480 OPEN #9: "CLOCK" :: INPUT #9:D\$,E\$,F\$ :: CLOSE #9 :: I\$=SEG\$(E\$,1,2):: J\$=SEG\$(E\$ ,7,2):: H\$=SEG\$(E\$,4,2)!064 490 SUBEND !168 500 SUB F(H\$, I\$, J\$):: ON ERR OR 520 !095 510 OPEN #9: "TIME", INTERNAL FIXED :: INPUT #9:D\$,E\$,F\$,H \$,I\$,J\$ :: CLOSE #9 !140520 SUBEND !168 530 SUB G(H\$, I\$):: CALL INIT :: CALL PEEK (-31158, A, B, C, D (E) :: C = C - 6 \* INT(C/16) :: E = E -6\*INT(E/16):: H\$=STR\$(C):: I \$=STR\$(E)!152 540 IF LEN(H\$)=1 THEN H\$="0" &H\$!224 550 IF LEN(I\$)=1 THEN I\$="0" &I\$!227 560 SUBEND !168

# Fest West rewards early bird vendors

Fest West vendors sending in fees before Dec. 31 will receive two tables and two admission tickets for \$10 with \$10 for each additional table, according to information from the Southern California Computer Group, sponsors of the Feb. 18 event.

Vendors sending fees after that time will receive two tables and two admission tickets for \$20, with a \$10 fee for each additional table. Tickets for Fest West are \$5 apiece.

Fest West will be held at the Fabulous Inn, 2485 Hotel Circle

Place, San Diego, CA 92108. Special rates are offered to Fest West visitors Feb. 17-20. A single bed will be \$44 and two beds will be \$49, plus tax. Call 1-800-647-1903 (California) or 1-800-824-0950 (U.S.) and mention Fest West.

A number of prizes are offered to visitors to the event.

For further information, write the SCCG, P.O. Box 15235,

San Diego CA 92195 or call the group's BBS at (619) 263-9135,

User No. 25, password FEST.

# Chicago TI Faire

# PC99 shows great improvement

#### By GARY COX

This year's Chicago TI Faire was not quite like the previous fairs. Attendance was not as heavy and few new products were presented. However, many of the vendors at the fair had a variety of used equipment at bargain-basement prices, and at least a few new products were presented.

One interesting item which caught my eve was the improvement in PC99 — a program which emulates the TI99/4A on a PC-compatible. The biggest improvement was in its speed. One example shown at the fair was the TI Demonstration Module running on a 50Mhz 486 at speeds faster than what the TI99/4A can produce. PC99 also has improved sound emulation for those who have Sound Blaster cards in their PCs. This allows PC99 to emulate the three voices of the TI sound chip. PC99 now can also make use of the Review Module Library feature built into a 199/4A where up to 16 modules can be online and ready for use.

Also added is compatibility with Plato disks, as well as the addition of TI p-code card emulation. PC99 also now emulates the TI RS232 port so that programs that use the TI RS232 can operate through PC99. Finally a very neat debugger program has been added. It displays the TI screen in a small window on the PC display where access to all the debugging and editing features are available and updates are applied immediately to the running application. While this particular version of PC99 was not ready for release, Mike Wright of CaDD Electronics said the release of this version will be coming soon.

New from Tim Tesch of S&T Software and available from Cecure Electronics is CYA. CYA is a MDOS configuration program that allows the user to customize his MDOS operating system without resorting to a sector editor.

As for the SCSI controller project, a beta version of the DSR software for the Geneve has been distributed by Mike Maksimik to those on the beta test team.

Maksimik said that the object of the first official release of the SCSI DSR is simply to get a SCSI hard drive to function, followed by the addition of a DSR for a SCSI CD-ROM, a SCSI tape backup and to eventually go with all SCSI devices in the system, David Nieters and Brad Snyder are continuing work on the DSR for the TI99/4A.

New from Beery Miller of 9640 News was MDOS version 2.20 which fixes some minor bugs such as RS232 problems and now adds support for "odball" keyboards as well as support for PFM devices. Beery was also pushing his involvement on Genie (an online service) with the TI Round Table!

Elsewhere Bud Mills of Bud Mills Services had his usual variety of RAMdisks, P-GRAM cards and other products which were available in both in kit form and fully assembled form. Bud also had a variety of used TI equipment available.

Don Walden of Cecure Electronics said that Cecure has a variety of new projects in the works for the TI99/4A and Geneve. Cecure is now the only Texas Instruments authorized repair center for TI99/4A and CC40 equipment (it is also the authorized Myarc repair center). Special projects in the works include the possibility of remanufacturing (producing new) Myarc floppy and hard drive controller cards. Don stated though that the major problem in such a project is locating the chips needed to make the cards. Another project in the works is the possibility of manufacturing Hexbus-based equipment for the TI99/4A as Texas Instruments had intended.

Dave Nieters of Western Horizon Technologies demonstrated the installation of the AT-Keyboard and ROM upgrade kit whereby a standard AT keyboard can be used with the TI. Not only can you use the AT keyboard, the TI keyboard also remains active at the same time. Other products available from WHT include the Horizon Mouse, Turbo video for the Geneve, Digi-Port, monitors and PC-based equipment as well as repair services.

Elsewhere Larry Conner of L.L Conner had his usual assortment of hard-to-find hardware, software and parts. Ted Kieper of Competition Computer had an extensive array of equipment and software for sale, including a hard-to-find TI99/4 (not 4A) which I purchased myself. Ricky Bottoms of RBD Enterprises had an assortment of hardware and software for sale. Rob Markus of Ramcharged Computers had his usual array of hardware and software available, including some hard-tofind software. Others having a variety of software and equipment include Program Innovators, the Chicago TI Users Group, Hoosier Users Group, Milwaukee Users Group, Mid-South (Memphis) TI Users Group, Will County Users Group, Computers & Crafts (Kevin Keller) and Aaron Busch from St. Louis.

One interesting item which caught my eye was from Berry Harmsen of the Dutch TI Users Group who brought over an interesting 80-column card made my Michael Becker in Germany. The 80-col-(See Page 18)

### **BUY - SELL - TRADE** HARDWARE - SOFTWARE

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# CHICAGO-

(Continued from Page 17)

umn card which is called the EVPC (Enhanced Video Processor Card) incorporated not only a video port but a mouse port as well. It looked very well built and of ex-

tremely good quality.

This year's John Birdwell Award for outstanding commitment to the TI community was given to Tim Tesch for his involvement in supporting the TI community.

Finally, Charles Good of the Lima Oh, TI Users Group (P.O. Box 647, Venedocia, OH 45894) was promoting the next Multi-User Group conference to be held April 28-29 in Lima Ohio.

# **Bud Mills says Geneve version of SCSI 'imminent'**

By JOHN KOLOEN

Bud Mills spoke confidently that the long-awaited SCSI card is ready for the market, at least for the Geneve. He's taking orders because only one piece of software remains to be delivered — a formatter.

"The SCSI reads and writes fine," he said at the Chicago TI Faire, "But I'm not going to sell SCSI cards to anybody until we have the formatter that runs with the Geneve." The formatter is required to initialize the disk. However, according to Mills, owners of the Myarc Hard & Floppy Controller who also have a Western Horizon SCSI card in their PEB, can copy the contents of their disk to an unformatted SCSI drive and can then write and read to the SCSI. "Those who have a Myarc hard and floppy can take the MDOS Mike Maksimik has rewritten and, using one of his standalone programs, back up the hard and floppy drive to the SCSI drive and that will automatically format the drive." The standalone program is called SCSI Back. Mills doesn't recommend this because he wants users to format their SCSI drives using software that comes with the SCSI. Arrival date of the formatting software? "Imminent," Mills says.

Geneve users who want to buy a SCSI will also have to upgrade their MDOS software. A version that supports the SCSI, V2.50S, will be available from Mills as well as bulletin boards. This version of MDOS is specifically modifed for the SCSI card.

Maksimik also spoke about the SCSI card and outlined additional requirements for use. These include:

- CRU address of >1200 (other devices using this address must be switched to a different address).
- 32K of static RAM, in addition to the 32K that's on the card, for 64K total (most Geneve's have this).

• A SCSI hard drive (virtually any size can be used, but Maksimik recommends not going overboard, especially for those who have never had a hard drive on their Geneve).

The SCSI supports both SCSI-1 and SCSI-2 protocols. Depending on the size of memory cache used by a SCSI, Maksimik predicts that a SCSI hard drive will be very close to a RAMdisk in terms of how quickly it accesses data and programs.

Mills predicts that a version of the SCSI for the TI will be ready by February. The problem isn't hardware so much as software. Maksimik said that MDOS provided much to build on while the TI presents more of a problem. Also, since he's more of a Geneve user than a TI user, his real incentive is to get the SCSI working on the Geneve before getting it to work on a TI.

Mills is selling the SCSI card for \$170. If you want to control SCSI floppy drives, add another \$100 for an FCI board. This board attaches to the SCSI card. There should be no problem running any other disk controller card along with the SCSI, as long as only the SCSI card is set for a >1200 CRU address.

#### **CYA DEMOED**

Tim Tesch gave a demonstration of his remarkable CYA program by the end of which several observers were reaching for their checkbooks. Distributed by Cecure Electronics, CYA is a Geneve program that not only simplifies the task of configuring the Geneve but provides the user with as much flexibility as most users will probably ever need.

Don Walden, of Cecure, said that CYA "saves us a lot of time when we get a Geneve card sent in for repairs." Through CYA, a user can customize device names and designations without touching any hardware. Once the user has finished configuring his system, CYA writes the

changes to the SYSTEM/SYS file, making the new configuration the new default. At \$15, this program looks like something any Geneve user would want to have. A version for the SCSI version of MDOS is also expected.

### **PC99 EMULATOR**

Mike Wright showed his PC99 Emulator running on a 33Mhz 486 and a 90Mhz Pentium. The demonstrations were quite impressive, both in terms of the speed of the emulations and uncanniness of seeing a TI running on a PC. TI modules running on the emulator worked exactly as they do on a TI. One thing you won't see on a TI99/4A, however, is a TI99/4 title screen. PC99 not only displayed the 99/4 titl screen, but ran the equation calculator that appears on the original 99/4 as one of three menu selections. TI dropped the calculator when it introduced the 4A. What this feat demonstrated was the authenticity of the emulation.

The only drawback to PC99 is that a user needs a fairly high-powered PC. The faster, the better.

### AT KEYBOARD DEMO

David Nieters showed the Western Horizon AT Keyboard interface, a circuit board that is installed in the TI console and allows the user to connect an AT-style keyboard directly to the console. Although he bravely demonstrated how to install the board, he had difficulty getting it to work. However, he assured the audience that the board works well. It should be noted that the system he had planned to use to demonstrate the board lacked a proper video cable and that at the last minute he was forced to try to install a board from scratch into a borrowed keyboard.

In addition to supporting an AT-key board, the interface also corrects several small bugs found in the AVPC card. The interface sells for \$65 without a keyboard.

# **Investing for retirement**

# An Extended BASIC program to help you make decisions

#### By BILL GASKILL

(This is reprinted from the September 1994 issue of TIdbits, the newsletter of the Mid-South 99 Users Group in Memphis, Tennessee.)

Long-time MICROpendium readers will remember a program and article that I wrote almost five years ago that dealt with determining the rate of return one was realizing on a mutual fund investment. In that article I talked briefly about risk and how it affected the choices you make in putting your investment portfolio mix together. The program that accompanies this article is designed to help you determine the mix of your investment portfolio, based upon the risk you are willing to ac-

cept and the number of years you have left until you plan to retire. But retirement is just a goal that I use. You could substitute the goal of retirement with kid's college education; vacation in Mazatlán; new car purchase; or any other short or long term goal that drives your desire to invest your money. Before you go out and blow your life savings based upon what the program tells you, though,

Always consult with a finance professional before investing what to you is a substantial amount of money. I am not a finance professional, so please do not blindly accept what this program suggests as being the best advice for your situation.

Investing for Retirement asks you a series of questions designed to determine whether your tolerance for risk in investing is low, moderate or high. A person with a low tolerance is not willing to accept much risk where money is concerned, where a person with a high tolerance is a risk taker, willing to gamble a little in order to chance greater returns on investments.

Once you have answered the questions involving risk, you need only provide the number of years until you plan to retire (or send the kids to college, take that trip to Mazatlán or buy that new car). Investing for Retirement will then display a suggested "mix" for your investment portfolio that will meet your risk level within the number of years you have left until your planned retirement. The mix is presented in terms of:

- · SAFETY type investments, which are investments that all but guarantee a return. with little or no risk,
- INCOME type investments, which are those with a little risk, but a higher rate of return, designed to provide the investor with a flow of cash,
- CONSERVATIVE type investments, which are investments with a higher risk rating still, but with a rate of return that traditionally outperforms either Safety or Income type investments, and lastly,

When you have completed the six screens that make up the program you will receive a suggested mix that is tied to the risk level you are willing to take, plus the number of years until your investment goal is to be realized.

> • AGGRESSIVE type investments, which are those that have the highest risk, but the greatest rate of return in the shortest amount of time.

> All input into the program requires only a one-keypress response. The questions used to determine risk and retirement years are answered by pressing the A, B or C keys listed next to the question.

> The Investing for Retirement screen is divided into two windows. The questions asked appear in the top three-quarters of the screen. The bottom quarter of the screen displays the directions needed to decide your answer. That's all there is to it.

> When you have completed the six screens that make up the program you will receive a suggested mix that is tied to the risk level you are willing to take, plus the number of years until your investment goal is to be realized. For example, if you

are a person in your 20s, with a high tolerance for risk and 10-30 years to planned retirement, Investing for Retirement is going to suggest an investment portfolio mix that is a balance of Aggressive growth type investments designed to make higher returns, coupled with Conservative growth type investments that let you protect (conserve) some of your money to a greater degree than the Aggressive growth investments would.

The theory behind the program is that the more time you have until a goal is to be realized, the more risk you can afford to take in order to pursue higher investment returns. The reason being, you have more time to recover from a "bad year" or more time to absorb any fees that you may have to pay your investment broker or mutual fund manager.

### **INVEST**

1 !invest 10/18/93 Bill Gaskill !218

100 CALL CLEAR :: CALL CHAR( 126, "00FF", 129, "FF00000000000 0000010101010101010100000000 000000FF8080808080808080")!1 37

110 CALL CHAR(140, "003844447 C444444", 141, "00782424382424 78",142,"0038444040404438")!

120 CALL SCREEN(5):: FOR I=0 TO 13 :: CALL COLOR(I, 16, 5) :: NEXT I !154

130 FOR I=14 TO 14 :: CALL C OLOR(I,5,16):: NEXT I :: GOS UB 860 !234

140 DISPLAY AT(2,1)BEEP: "INV ESTING FOR RETIREMENT-1" :: ! ON BREAK NEXT !012

150 FOR I=2 TO 30 :: CALL VC HAR(4, I, 36, 15):: NEXT I !092 160 DISPLAY AT(21,3): "PRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN" :: CALL KE Y(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 160 !

170 FOR I=30 TO 2 STEP -1 :: CALL VCHAR(4, I, 32, 15):: NEX T I !198

(See Page 20)

# **INVEST**—

(Continued from Page 19) 180 DISPLAY AT(5,1): "This pr ogram will suggest a mix for your investment portfol io that is based on the lev el of investment" !111 190 DISPLAY AT(9,1): "risk yo u are willing to accept, and the number of years y ou have left before retirem ent." !142 200 DISPLAY AT(14,1): "Make s ure that you consult with a finance professional before investing based upon "!174 210 DISPLAY AT(17,1): "the su ggested portfolio mix produc ed by this program." !182 220 DISPLAY AT(21,2): "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE" :: CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 220 !250 230 FOR I=2 TO 30 :: CALL VC HAR(4,1,32,15):: NEXT I !088 240 DISPLAY AT(5,1):"INVESTM ENT CATEGORIES USED ---------- !113250 DISPLAY AT(7,1): "SAFETY-mone y market and guaranteed income funds." !061 260 DISPLAY AT(10,1):"INCOME -bonds and government type f unds." !128 270 DISPLAY AT(13, 1): "CONSER VATIVE GROWTH-equity and in dex type funds." !228 280 DISPLAY AT(16,1): "AGGRES SIVE GROWTH-equity or common stock funds." !157 290 DISPLAY AT(21,2):"PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE" :: CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 29 0 !065 300 FOR I=30 TO 2 STEP -1 :: CALL VCHAR(4,1,32,15):: NEX T I !198 310 DISPLAY AT(20,1): "Choose the option that most closel y describes you right now. P ress A, B or C." !202 320 DISPLAY AT(5,1):CHR\$(140 )&"-age 20-30, just beginnin g career, starting a family, saving for home, car, etc. "!234

330 DISPLAY AT(9,1):CHR\$(141 )&"-age 30-45, saving for th e kid's college education, paying for home, starting to invest for retirement." 340 DISPLAY AT(14,1):CHR\$(14 2)&"-age 45-60, children are on their own, you're savi ng seriously for retirement. "!166 350 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 350 ELSE IF K=15 THEN 100 ELSE IF K<65 OR K>67 THE N 350 !217 360 IF K=65 THEN V1=5 ELSE I F K=66 THEN V1=3 ELSE IF K=6 7 THEN V1=1 !030 370 DISPLAY AT(2,26)BEEP:"2" :: FOR I=3 TO 30 :: CALL VC HAR(5,1,32,14):: CALL VCHAR( 20, I, 32, 4):: NEXT I !222 380 DISPLAY AT(20,1): "Choose the option that best descri bes what you would do with a tax free \$100,000 lotter Y prize." !091 390 DISPLAY AT(5,1):CHR\$(140 )&"-invest in a home you can comfortably afford and tha t you'll live in for the res t of your life." !010 400 DISPLAY AT(10,1); CHR\$(14 1)&"-pay off your current ho me mortgage and buy a newer, more upscale residence." !241 410 DISPLAY AT(14,1):CHR\$(14 2)&"-invest in resort proper ty that the developer promis es will one day be a great success." !212 420 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 420 ELSE IF K=15 THEN 300 ELSE IF K<65 OR K>67 THE N 420 !046 430 IF K=65 THEN V2=1 ELSE I F K=66 THEN V2=3 ELSE IF K=6 7 THEN V2=5 !033 440 DISPLAY AT(2,26)BEEP: "3" :: FOR I=30 TO 2 STEP -1 :: CALL VCHAR(5,1,32,14):: CAL L VCHAR(20,1,32,4):: NEXT I 1076 450 DISPLAY AT(20,1): "Which

scenario makes you feel b est about your money?" !059 460 DISPLAY AT(5,1):CHR\$(140 )&"-you double your money in a stock fund in the first year." !161 470 DISPLAY AT(9,1):CHR\$(141 )&"-over the long term, your overall mix of investments protects you from loss and it outpaces inflation." !0 96 480 DISPLAY AT(14,1):CHR\$(14 2)&"-your money market fund saves you from losing hal your money in a market downturn." !001 490 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 490 ELSE IF K=15 THEN 370 ELSE IF K<65 OR K>67 THE N 490 !000 500 IF K=65 THEN V3=5 ELSE I F K=66 THEN V3=3 ELSE IF K=6 7 THEN V3=1 !036 510 DISPLAY AT(2,26) BEEP: "4" :: FOR I=2 TO 38 :: CALL VC 🗷 HAR(5,1,32,14):: CALL VCHAR( 20, I, 32, 4):: NEXT I !223 520 DISPLAY AT(20,1): "Of the following investment strate gies, which do you consid er most important?" !057 530 DISPLAY AP/5, 1) - CHR\$ (140 )&"-avoid any loss of money, even if it means you don't earn the highest possible return. " !086 540 DISPLAY AT(10,1):CHR\$(14 1)&"-take a moderate risk fo r the chance to earn higher returns on your investmen t." !098 550 DISPLAY AT(14,1):CHR\$(14 2)&"-tolerate the possibilit y of short-term losses in return for better long-te rm growth potential." !182 560 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 560 ELSE IF K=15 THEN 440 ELSE IF K<65 OR K>67 THE N 560 !212 570 IF K=65 THEN V4=1 ELSE I F K=66 THEN V4=3 ELSE IF K=6 7 THEN V4=5 !039

(See Page 21)

# INVEST-

#### (Continued from Page 20)

580 DISPLAY AT(2,26) BEEP: "5" :: FOR I=30 TO 2 STEP -1 :: CALL VCHAR(5, I, 32, 14):: CAL L VCHAR(20, I, 32, 4):: NEXT I 1078 590 RF=V1+V2+V3+V4 !187 600 IF RF>0 AND RF<9 THEN RF S="low risk investor." !223 610 IF RF>8 AND RF<15 THEN R FS="moderate risk investor." 1025 620 IF RF>14 THEN RF\$="high risk investor." !080 630 DISPLAY AT(20,1): "How ma ny years left until you reti re?" !062 640 DISPLAY AT(5,1):CHR\$(140 )&"-0 to 5." !108 650 DISPLAY AT(7,1):CHR\$(141 )&"-5 to 10." !161 660 DISPLAY AT(9,1):CHR\$(142 )&"-10 to 30." !211 670 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 670 ELSE IF K=15 THEN 580 ELSE IF K<65 OR K>67 THE N 670 !061 680 IF K=65 THEN V5=1 :: V5\$ ="0 to 5 years before" !221 690 IF K=66 THEN V5=2"" V5\$= "5 to 10 years before" !086 700 IF K=67 THEN V5=3 :: V5\$ ="10 to 30 years before" !06 710 DISPLAY AT(2,26) BEEP: "6"

:: FOR I=3 TO 30 :: CALL VC HAR (5, I, 32, 14):: CALL VCHAR ( 20.I.32.4):: NEXT I !226 720 DISPLAY AT(5,1): "The cho ices indicate you're a ";RF\$ 1080 730 DISPLAY AT(8,1): "With "; V5\$: "retirement, coupled wit that level of risk, you r" !162 740 DISPLAY AT(11,1): "invest ment portfolio should probab ly consist of: " !075 750 IF RF<9 AND V5=1 THEN DI SPLAY AT(14,1): "70% Safety, " :"30% Income." !233 760 IF RF<9 AND V5=2 THEN DI SPLAY AT(14,1): "40% Safety, " :"50% Income, ":"10% Conserva tive growth." !003 770 IF RF<9 AND V5=3 THEN DI SPLAY AT(14,1): "20% Safety," :"50% Income,":"30% Conserva tive growth." !004 780 IF RF>8 AND RF<15 AND V5 =1 THEN DISPLAY AT(14,1): "30 % Safety, ": "30% Income, ": "40 % Conservative growth." !068 790 IF RF>8 AND RF<15 AND V5 =2 THEN DISPLAY AT(14,1):"15 % Safety, ":"20% Aggressive q rowth, ": "35% Income, ": "30% C onservative growth." !124 800 IF RF>8 AND RF<15 AND V5 =3 THEN DISPLAY AT(14,1): "35

% Aggressive growth,":"40% I ncome,":"25% Conservative gr owth." !185 810 IF PE-14 AND V5-1 THEN D

810 IF RF>14 AND V5=1 THEN D ISPLAY AT(14,1):"15% Safety, ":"15% Aggressive growth,":"30% Income,":"40% Conservati ve growth." !103

820 IF RF>14 AND V5=2 THEN D ISPLAY AT(14,1):"40% Aggress ive growth,":"20% Income,":"40% Conservative growth."!1

830 IF RF>14 AND V5=3 THEN D ISPLAY AT(14,1):"50% Aggress ive growth,":"50% Conservative growth." !233

840 DISPLAY AT(20,1):"Press FCTN 8 to do another retire ment scenario." :: DISPLAY A T(23,1):"Copyright 1993 Bill Gaskill" !137

850 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S=0 THEN 850 ELSE IF K=6 THEN 1 00 ELSE END !146

860 CALL HCHAR(1,1,129,30)::
CALL VCHAR(1,1,130,4):: CAL
L HCHAR(3,2,131,29):: CALL V
CHAR(1,31,132,4):228

870 CALL HCHAR(19,1,129,30):
: CALL VCHAR(1,1,130,24):: C
ALL HCHAR(24,2,131,29):: CAL
L VCHAR(1,31,132,24):: RETUR
N !194

# 1994 TI FAIRS

### **OCTOBER**

9th International TI-Meeting, Oct. 14-16, Kirch I. Gemeindehaus Roshorf, German, sponsored by TI-Club Goettingen. For information, contact Jörg Kirstan, Mengershäuser Weg 5, D-37124 Rosdorf, Germany, tel. 01551/781153; Reinhard Obuch, Keplerstr. 5, D-37085 Göttingen, Germany, tel. 0551/46405; or Hans-Hartmut Kortry, Grüner Weg 10, D-37181 Hardegsen, Germany, tel. 05505/1470.

#### NOVEMBER

The TI International World's Faire, Nov. 12, Holiday Inn, Gurnee, Illinois. Sponsored by Chicago and Milwaukee users groups. For information, contact Don Walden (414) 679-2336.

# **1995 TI FAIRS**

### **FEBRUARY**

Fest West '95, Feb. 18, Fabulous Inn, San Diego, California. Contact Southern California Computer Group, P.O. Box 152535, San Diego, CA 92195, or call the SCCG BBS, (619) 263-9135, User No. 25, password FEST

### APRIL

Lima Multi Users Group Conference, April 29, Reed Hall, Ohio State University at Lima. Contact Lima Users Group, P.O. Box 647, Venedocia OH 45894, or call Charles Good (evenings) at (419) 667-3131 or Internet cgood@lima.ohio-state.edu.

This TI event listing is a permanent feature of MICROpendium. User groups and others planning events for TI/Geneve users may send information for inclusion in this standing column. Send information to MICROpendium Fairs, P.O. Box 1.343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

# Vega

# Can you figure out how to communicate with the Vegans?

#### By JIM PETERSON

Vega was written by the late Jim Peterson. It's an example of the kind of educational and entertaining program that he wrote so well.

The storyline finds you crashed on a strange planet. While the inhabitants are friendly, you have to figure out a way to communicate with them. This is the challenge of the game.

Vega requires Extended BASIC and looks best on a color monitor.

### **VEGA**

1 DATA 128,7E81BDA5BDBD8166, 129,2424242424242424,130,242 42424242424E7,131,7F80808080 808080,132,DB24,133 !133 2 DIM N(35), CC(35):079 10 GOTO 100 !179 11 K,S,J,Q\$,ST,PL,RP,RW,TC,P T, P2, M\$, K\$, N(), CC(), D, RPC, S\$ T\$, TT\$, T@\$, LG, X, W, WR(), PR, P C, P\$, RC(), X\$, A, B, C, RR !206 30 CALL CLEAR :: CALL VDPUTI L2 :: CALL KEY :: CALL CHAR :: CALL SCREEN :: CALL COLOR :: CALL VCHAR :: CALL SOUND :: CALL HCHAR 1053 40 !@P- !064 100 CALL CLEAR :: CALL VDPUT IL2 :: CALL KEY(3,K,S):: ON WARNING NEXT :: CALL CHAR (94 , "3C4299A1A199423C")!106 110 REM VEGA programmed b y James W. Peterson 2/83 rev ised 6/83, converted to VDPU TIL2 XBasic 7/86 !122 120 REM COPYRIGHT 1983 Tiger cub Software TCX-1086 156 C ollingwood Ave., Columbus Oh io 43213 !124 130 REM REPRODUCTION PROHI BITED. DELETION OF COPYRIGHT NOTICE PROHIBITED. !108 140 !!131 150 CALL SCREEN(11):: FOR J= 1 TO 15 :: CALL COLOR(J, 2, 11 )!100 160 NEXT J :: CALL COLOR(16, 11,11):: CALL VCHAR(1,31,1,9

6):: CALL SCREEN(5):: DISPLA Y AT(3,12): "VEGA": : : : " TC X-1086":TAB(11); " ^ Tigercub Software" !198 170 DISPLAY AT(12,1): " Do vo u need instructions?": " Type Y(yes) or N(no)" :: ACCEPT AT(13,23)VALIDATE("YN")SIZE( 1):Q\$ :: CALL VCHAR(1,3,32,6 72):: IF Q\$="N" THEN 270 !08 180 DISPLAY AT(1,1):" Your space ship has": " crashed o n the 3rd planet":" of Vega, and you are": " marooned for life unless": " you can repa ir it." !242 190 DISPLAY AT(7,1):" Vegans are friendly": " and i ntelligent, and will": " help you if you can commu-" !036 200 DISPLAY AT(10,1): " nicat e with them. They": " have al ready learned your": " langua ge. However, the" !136 210 DISPLAY AT(13,1): " Vegan language consists": " only o f tones, and they": " can onl y pronounce your": " language as tones." !148 220 DISPLAY AT(17,1):" se strange creatures": " also have a panel on their": " fo rehead, which flashes 1058 230 DISPLAY AT(20,1): " with colors corresponding":" to t he tones they speak.": : " To uch any key to turn page" !0 240 CALL KEY(0,K,ST):: IF ST <1 THEN 240 !222 250 CALL VCHAR(1,3,32,672):: DISPLAY AT(3,1):" The Veg an teacher will": pronounce and display any": " word you type into the !129 260 DISPLAY AT(6,1): " comput er. Then you must": " recogni ze the word among a": " rando m selection of other": " word s." !210

270 DISPLAY AT(12,1):" you want to study": : " (1) b y yourself?": :" (2) with yo ur crew members?": : " Type 1 or 2" :: ACCEPT AT(18,14)VA LIDATE("12")SIZE(1):PL :: IF PL=1 THEN 290 !042 280 DISPLAY AT(20,1): " How m any crew members?" :: ACCEPT AT(20,25) VALIDATE("12345678 ")SIZE(1):PL :: PL=PL+1 !240 290 DISPLAY AT(12,1): " How m any times can you ask": " to have a word repeated?": :: : : : : : : : ACCEPT AT(13, 27) VALIDATE (DIGIT) SIZE (1): RP 300 DISPLAY AT(12,1): " How m any random words will": " be used?": :: ACCEPT AT(13,11 )VALIDATE("12345678")SIZE(1) 310 DISPLAY AT(12,1): " Do yo u want to practice: ": : " (1) Tone and color?":" (2) Tone only?":" (3) Color only?": : :: DISPLAY AT(18,1): " Type number of choice" !107 320 ACCEPT AT(18,24) VALIDATE ("123")SIZE(1):TC :: DISPLAY AT(12,1): " Wait, please.... 0 !116 330 IF PL=1 THEN 390 !216 340 PT=PT+1 :: IF PT<=PL THE N 360 !102 350 PT=1 !092 360 P2=PT+1 :: IF P2<=PL THE N 380 !054 370 P2=1 !058 380 M\$=" Player # "&STR\$(PT) &" type word for player # "&STR\$(P2)&" and Enter" :: GOTO 400 !161 390 M\$=" Type word and Enter 400 CALL COLOR(16,11,11):: G OSUB 840 :: GOSUB 830 :: ACC EPT AT(23,4):K\$ :: GOSUB 840 :: GOSUB 420 !143 (See Page 23)

# **VEGA**—

(Continued from Page 22) 410 GOTO 530 !099 420 FOR J=1 TO LEN(K\$)!240 430 IF TC=3 THEN 450 !017 440 N(J) = ASC(SEG\$(K\$, J, 1)) \*6:: IF TC=2 THEN 460 !200 450 CC(J) = INT((ASC(SEG\$(K\$, J,1))-58)/2)!003 460 NEXT J !224 470 FOR J=1 TO LEN(K\$):: IF TC=3 THEN 490 !171 480 CALL SOUND(-99,N(J),0):: IF TC=2 THEN 520 !155 490 CALL COLOR(16,CC(J),11): : IF TC=1 THEN 520 !046 500 FOR D=1 TO 20 !101 510 NEXT D !218 520 NEXT J :: CALL COLOR(16, 11,11):: RETURN !177 530 IF RP>0 THEN 550 !128 540 MS=" Hit any key except Enter" :: GOTO 560 !239 550 M\$=" Hit Enter to repeat or any other to continue" !126 # 560 GOSUB 840 :: GOSUB 830 ! 174 570 CALL KEY(0,K,ST):: IF ST <1 THEN 570 !042 580 IF K<>13 THEN 620 !099 590 RPC=RPC+1 :: IF RPC>RP T HEN 620 !119 600 GOSUB 470 :: IF RPC=RP T HEN GOSUB 840 :: M\$="Hit any key to start" :: GOSUB 830 1163 610 GOTO 570 !139 620 GOSUB 840 :: S\$=K\$ :: T\$ ="AZGYUJBNMOILPRQWEGYBADRCFG RUYHJBNMOIOWESDXCZFTYBGHNBJI UTYOIAWQAQAWSZDXVBHYNJKHBGCF GYMKLKZAQWRFCGVHBJYH" !043 630 TT\$="KIJUYUNJBHVGRFDTQZO PCOZYUBMJQEDHVYUNKLPQWAGHCJR KIVBGERXGJKNVCASEQWRTPONMDFU HZAMLPODFGHBHJDRTYYYHUIBCD" :: T@\$=T\$&TT\$ :: LG=LEN(S\$): : RANDOMIZE :: X=INT((RW+1)\* RND+1)!151 640 FOR W=1 TO X-1 :: K\$=SEG \$(T@\$, INT(180\*RND+1), LG):: C ALL HCHAR(2,16,W+48):: GOSUB 420 !016 650 NEXT W :: K\$=S\$ :: CALL HCHAR (2, 16, W+48):: GOSUB 420

1041 660 FOR W=X TO RW :: K\$=SEG\$ (T@\$,INT(180\*RND+1),LG):: CA LL HCHAR (2, 16, W+49):: GOSUB 420 !004 670 NEXT W :: M\$=" Type numb er of word" :: GOSUB 840 :: GOSUB 830 !229 680 CALL KEY(0, K, ST)!015 690 IF (ST<1)+(K<49)+(K>57)THEN 680 !082 700 CALL HCHAR(2,16,32):: GO SUB 840 :: IF K-48=X THEN 76 0 1237 710 M\$=" Wrong! Word was # " &STR\$(X):: CALL COLOR(16,2,1 ):: CALL SOUND(1000,30000,30 ,30000,30,410,30,-4,0):: GOS UB 840 :: GOSUB 830 :: WR(PT ) = WR(PT) + 1 :: PR = 4 + PT ! 166720 IF PT<P2 THEN 740 !200 730 PR=4 !093 740 PC=26 :: PS=STR\$(WR(PT)) :: GOSUB 1030 !021 750 GOTO 790 !104 760 MS=" RIGHT!" :: CALL COL OR(16,14,11):: GOSUB 840 :: GOSUB 830 :: GOSUB 1060 :: R C(PT) = RC(PT) + 1 :: PR = 4 + PT ::IF PT<P2 THEN 780 !174 770 PR=4 !093 780 PC=23 :: P\$=STR\$(RC(PT)) 1034 790 GOSUB 1030 !090 800 IF RC(PT)>11-PL THEN 108 0 !041 810 FOR D=1 TO 500 !153 820 NEXT D :: CALL HCHAR (9,7 ,135):: CALL HCHAR(9,8,136): : RPC=0 :: GOTO 330 !044830 DISPLAY AT(20,4):M\$ :: RETUR N !011 840 FOR J=20 TO 24 :: CALL H CHAR (J, 4, 32, 27) ! 034 850 NEXT J :: RETURN !234 860 !!131 870 DATA FE01010101010101,13 4,8080808080808080,135,00000 0030C302020,136,000000C0300C 0404,137,8080402020408080 !2 880 DATA 138,80804020204080F F, 139, 0106080808080601, 140, 0 00000003C424281,141,00000000

000000FF,142 !082

890 DATA 8040402020180601,14 3,80402010080810E0,144,80404 0C00808080F, 152, 3F7FFFFFFFF 7F3F !021 900 DATA 153, FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF F, 154, FCFEFFFFFFFFFFEFC !221 910 DATA 155, 2020300C03, 156, 04040C30C0 !043 920 DATA 3,6,128,3,9,128,4,6 ,129,4,9,129,5,6,130,5,9,130 ,6,5,131,6,7,132,6,8,132,6,1 0,133 !205 930 DATA 7,5,134,7,6,152,7,7 ,153,7,8,153,7,9,154,7,11,13 4,8,5,134,8,11,134,9,5,134,9 ,7,135,9,8,136 !152 940 DATA 9,11,134,10,5,137,1 0,11,137,11,5,134,11,11,134, 12,5,137,12,11,137,13,5,134, 13,11,134 !130 950 DATA 14,5,137,14,11,137, 15,5,134,15,11,134,16,5,137, 16, 11, 138, 16, 12, 140, 16, 13, 14 1,16,14,140 !252 960 DATA 16,15,141,16,16,140 ,16,17,141,16,18,140,17,4,13 9,17,10,139,17,19,142,18,5,1 42, 18, 6, 141, 18, 7, 141 ! 196 970 DATA 18,8,141,18,9,141,1 8, 10, 141, 18, 11, 144, 18, 12, 141 , 18, 13, 140, 18, 14, 141, 18, 15, 1 40,18,16,141 !059 980 DATA 18,17,140,18,18,141 ,18,19,140,18,20,143,3,20,80 ,3,21,76,3,22,35,3,24,82,3,2 7,87 !180 990 FOR J=1 TO 22 :: READ X, X\$ :: CALL CHAR(X,X\$)!0101000 NEXT J :: CALL VCHAR(1, 3,32,672):: FOR J=1 TO 67:: READ A, B, C :: CALL HCHAR (A, B.C)!125 1010 NEXT J :: RR=4 :: FOR J =1 TO PL :: CALL HCHAR(RR, 21 ,J+48):: RR=RR+1 !152 1020 NEXT J :: RETURN !234 1030 FOR J=1 TO LEN(P\$)!245 1040 CALL HCHAR (PR, PC+J, ASC ( SEG\$(P\$,J,1)))!143 1050 NEXT J :: RETURN !234 1060 CALL HCHAR(9,7,155):: C ALL HCHAR(9,8,156):: FOR S=1 TO 6 :: CALL SOUND (-99, INT ( 3000\*RND)+1000,5)!090 (See Page 24)

# VEGA-

(Continued from Page 23) 1070 NEXT S :: RETURN !243 1080 M\$="PLAYER # "&STR\$(PT+ 1) & " HAS LEARNED THE LANGU AGE! NOW YOU CAN GO HOME! :: GOSUB 840 :: GOSUB 830 :: FOR D=1 TO 1000 !057 1090 NEXT D :: END !231 1100 !"VDP UTILITY II" !183 1110 !BY JOHN BEHNKE !058 1120 !CHICAGO IL !038 1129 !@P+ !062 1130 SUB VDPUTIL2 :: CALL CL EAR :: CALL INIT :: CALL LOA D(8196, 63, 232) !084 1134 GOTO 1140 !199 1137 CALL CLEAR :: CALL INIT :: CALL LOAD !251 1138 !@P- !064 1140 CALL LOAD(16360,80,79,7 5,69,82,32,38,12,80,79,75,69 ,86,32,37,164,80,69,69,75,86 ,32,37,36)!175 1150 CALL LOAD(9491,100)!168 1160 CALL LOAD(9508,2,224,37 ,20,3,0,0,0,2,0,0,100,200,0, 37, 18, 4, 192, 2, 1, 0, 1, 4, 3, 2, 32 ,12,4,32)!0821170 CALL LOAD(9536,32,24,18

,184,192,32,131,74,2,1,37,0, 208, 160, 131, 18, 9, 130, 2, 34, 25 5,255,4,32,32,44)!080 1180 CALL LOAD(9562,4,197,20 9,34,36,255,9,132,19,21,4,19 5,60,224,37,18,200,5,131,76, 200,5,131,78,200,5)!198 1190 CALL LOAD(9588, 131, 80, 2 5,64,0,161,68,2,131,0,1,17, 6,2,5,65,0,161,67,6,196,200, 4,131,76)!188 1200 CALL LOAD(9614,200,5,13 1,74,4,192,192,66,5,129,4,37 ,254)!154 1210 CALL LOAD(9636,2,224,37 ,20,3,0,0,0,4,192,2,1,0,1,20 0,1,37,18,4,32,32,12,4,32,32 ,24,18,184)!139 1220 CALL LOAD(9664,200,32,1 31,74,37,0,184,32,131,18,37, 19,2,3,0,2)!150 1230 CALL LOAD(9680,4,192,19 2,67,4,32,32,12,4,32,32,24,1 8,184,216,224,131,75,37,0,5, 131, 136, 3) ! 090 1240 CALL LOAD(9704,37,18,22 ,242,192,32,37,0,2,1,37,2,19 2,131,2,34,255,254,4,32,32,3 6) ! 037

1250 CALL LOAD(9726,4,192,21 6,0,131,124,2,224,131,224,4, 96,0,112)!150 1260 CALL LOAD(9740,3,0,0,0, 4,192,2,1,0,1,4,32,32,12,200 ,32,131,74,37,18,2,1,0,2,4,3 2,32,12,4,32)!112 1270 CALL LOAD(9770,32,24,18 ,184,192,32,131,74,208,32,37 ,19,4,32,32,48,4,91):: CALL LOAD(8194,39,04)!246 1271 !@P+ !062 1272 SUBEND !168 1280 SUB CHAR(A, A\$):: L=LEN( AS):: A\$=A\$&RPT\$("0",16-L):: FOR I=1 TO 16 STEP 2 :: A1\$ =SEG\$(A\$,I,1):: A2\$=SEG\$(A\$, I+1,1):: IF A1\$<":" THEN A1= VAL(A1\$) \*16 ELSE A1=(ASC(A1\$ )-55)\*16 !031 1290 IF A2\$<":" THEN A1=A1+V AL(A2\$)ELSE A1=A1+ASC(A2\$)-5 5 1135 1300 CALL LINK("POKEV",767+8 \*A+(I+1)/2,A1)!083 1310 NEXT I :: SUBEND !009 1320 SUB COLOR(A,B,C):: CALL LINK ("POKEV", 2063+A, (B-1)\*16+C-1):: SUBEND !165



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# **MICRO-REVIEWS**

# Newsletter Editor and Formatter, **USVBA Power Volleyball**

**By CHARLES GOOD** 

# **Newsletter Editor** and Formatter by Bill Gaskill

This software can create and print newsletters one page at a time. Text is printed in two columns with optional right justification, and each page is numbered at the bottom. Designated text lines can be printed double strike (or "emphasized") and thus made to stand out on the printed page, and you can have a full width enlarged centered headline printed at the top of any or all pages. Each page, with all these features, is printed with a single pass through your printer. You get good-looking nicely formatted all text (no graphics) newsletter pages without cutting and pasting.

NEF, as the author calls this software, has its own text editor. The software is written in Extended BASIC, but because it uses Brad Snyder's 40-column assembly routines you get a 40-column screen in which to enter your text. The actual text you enter and print is a maximum of 36 columns wide. To put your text into memory for formatting and printing you can either press "L" to load in a text file you previously saved using NEF, import (press FCTN/I) a TI-Writer file, or type your text directly into NEF's very basic text editor. Using the NEF editor you get word wrap and you can insert blank lines between or delete lines from existing text lines. You can also insert or delete characters within a line, but, unlike in TI-Writer, insertions and deletions within a line do not affect text in other lines of your document.

If you don't like the limitations of the NEF text editor, you also have the option of importing text created with a word processor. NEF imports word processor files, and saves text back to disk in DV80 format. The only limitation to importing word processor files into NEF is that each imported DV80 file must be no more than 36 columns wide. DV80 files greater than 114 lines must be broken down into several smaller 114-line files before the text can be loaded into NEF. It is easy to break down such large text files using TI-Writer type word processors. When using NEF to print pages I prefer using the Funnelweb v5.01 word processor to create right justified newsletter articles before importing them into NEF for formatting and printing. The Funnelweb v5.01 word processor lets you do right justification directly from the editor without having to use a separate formatter. The main reasons I don't like using the NEF text editor are that NEF's text editor tends to lose a character at word wrap even with my moderate touch typing speed, and its full screen editor is rather slow to respond to up and down cursor movement.

Whether you are entering an article using the NEF text editor or importing a disk or hard drive file, NEF handles a maximum of 114 lines of text at a time. This is exactly enough text to fill one double-column page, with enough room left for a topof-page headline and a bottom-of-page page number. If you have fewer than 114 text lines, the right column on the printed page will not be completely filled with text. You load in or type in the text for one page, print that page, then load in and print the text for the next page, etc. NEF creates newsletters one page at a time. The results are quite impressive, and you can make them better. NEF is set up to print normal (pica) text in your printer's "draft" font, sometimes using double strike to make selected lines appear darker. Since NEF is written in Extended BASIC, you might be able to figure out how to alter the XB code so that NEF prints text in your printer's "NLQ" font instead of "draft" font for even better looking text.

Once your text is typed into or loaded in from a file you get to decide which lines to right justify and which to print in double strike or "emphasized" for extra darkness on the printed page. The cursor appears to the right of each line and you move down your document one line at a time marking lines for right justification, which you see immediately on screen, and extra dark. Unlike the TI-Writer formatter, this program contains no global right justification. With NEF, if you want right justification you must do this one line at a time. You probably don't want to right justify the last line of a paragraph. Blank lines, and text lines with only one word are automatically not right justified.

Two software products in the TI world similar to NEF will print two column newsletter pages with one pass through the printer. Art Gibson has written one that allows you to mix graphics with text. I have not used his program, but I understand from others that Art's program does not have a WYSIWYG display and uses control codes in a TI-Writer type of file to switch printer fonts and to mix graphics and text. The results of Art's newsletter printing software that I have seen in the Knoxville and the Cleveland newsletters look really good.

These days most TI user group newsletters that aren't cut-and-paste are created with Page Pro. This software gives you approximately a what-you-see-is-what-youget screen display, allows you to mix text and graphics, and lets you print a nice border all around the page. My main complaint about Page Pro is that its text is printed using graphics mode. Page Pro has many different fonts, but on a 9-pin dot matrix printer they all look grainy and many are difficult to read. NEF doesn't allow "one pass through the printer" mixing of text and graphics, has no WYSIWYG display, and you don't get a fancy border. (NEF, by the way, can be used to create a disk file of text formatted in two columns that can be loaded into and printed with Page Pro.) Because NEF produces such good-looking text hard copy I prefer NEF over Page Pro for creating newsletter pages with columns.

(See Page 26)

# MICRO-REVIEWS-

#### (Continued from Page 25)

Of course the ultimate in total control of what is on a printed page is a careful neat cut-and-paste job. In creating a cut-and-paste master you should use "magic" (frosted) tape to secure all the edges of all smaller papers you secure to the surface of your master page. Edges so taped will not be seen when the master page is copied on a Xerox copier. My user group's newsletter is created this way.

Send \$1 to me at P.O. Box 647, Vene-docia, OH 45894 and I'll send NEF to you on a SSSD disk to play with. Bill Gaskill is asking a \$15 fairware fee that includes a royalty payment to Brad Snyder for using his 40-column routines.

# USVBA Power Volleyball by Program Innovators

This "arcade action" game written in assembly can be loaded from Extended BASIC. It can be played one against the computer or as a two-player game. USVBA, of course, stands for United States Volley Ball Association. Considering the possible

complexities of emulating a fast action team game on a computer screen, Power Volleyball is really quite well done.

On screen you see the net, the ball, and one player on each side of the net. This is a one-on-one game. These two on-screen players are all you get. Using the joystick(s) you move your player toward or away from the net and you make your player into either a server or any of three ball hitting modes. A "bumper" takes the newly served ball and pops it up into the air. A "setter" moves the ball in an arc somewhat forward so that it can be clobbered by the "spiker" who jumps way up in the air and bangs the ball over the net. You may switch your man between any or all of these modes, but the recommended method of dealing with a ball newly arrived on your side of the net is bump, set, spike. I find it fun to try to immediately spike from near the net a newly arrived ball.

Several levels of play are characterized by faster ball movement. They are all hard! Even at the slowest level it is difficult to score points against the computer in a you-against-the-computer game. This is really my only complaint. The computer is too good at this game! The lowest skill level should let bimbo players such as I am win once in a while, but I have yet to win a game against the computer even at the lowest level. You need practice to figure out exactly how to position your player with respect to the incoming ball. If you don't judge your position correctly you will miss hitting the ball, which will drop at your feet. Spiking is particularly difficult. The ball is coming down and your man on screen is going up.

Power volleyball really is a game of skill. The on-screen action, even at slow speed, is fast and quite realistic. I give it a thumbs up! It comes on a DSSD disk with both on-disk and hard copy documentation. Cost is \$10 including postage. Send your order to Program Innovators, 4122 Glenway, Wauwatosa WI 53222. Ask about their stock market analyst/advisor software and their other arcade action games.

# Funnelweb V5.00 40-Column Editor

# Users who haven't upgraded miss a lot

### By COL CHRISTENSEN

(This review appeared in the August 1993 issue of BUG-Bytes, the newsletter of the Texas Instruments Brisbane Users Group.)

If you're not yet using this latest version of Editor you are missing out on a number of valuable features which help to make the task of word processing so much easier. Documentation for this version is included on the disk under the filenames FWDOC/ED40, FWDOC/ED41 and FWDOC/DE42. These documents should be read, too, as they enlarge on some of the items mentioned here.

#### THE BASELINE EDITOR

The 5.00 Editor version is run from the filenames ED and EE. There are a number of versions of editors that use these filenames but this one can be recognized in a disk directory because the ED file occu-

pies 33 sectors and the EE file takes up 21 sectors. Earlier versions had a smaller EE file that this while the enhanced version mentioned later has 31 sectors for its EE file.

To run this editor it is imperative that version 4.40 or later of Funnelweb be used. The editor will not load if you use earlier versions of Funnelweb, as I finally found out after attempts from time to time of loading it with my earlier version of F'web.

On first loading, Funnelweb 4.40 goes straight into the Disk Review utility which is useful if you wish to work on a file stored on disk or RAMdisk, but it can be a nuisance having to press CTRL/= to escape from it to start some document from scratch. This is no great problem when you remember to hold down the spacebar while Funnelweb is loading to bypass

Disk Review and the Funnelweb option screen will appear. From it you can select option 1, the Text Editor or toggle to the next option screen by tapping the spacebar. The program editor available from this set of options is a non-wordwrap editor useful for programming in either assembly and C languages.

When the Editor is loaded, a caption near the bottom of the screen confirms that you are using version 5.00 and whether you are in Text Editor or Program Editor by the abbreviations W/P or P/E.

The cursor will be at the top of the screen as usual and the editor will be in the command mode waiting for some command to execute. The usual Edit, Files, Lines, SearcH, Tabs and Quit prompts are displayed and their respective sub-groups of two-letter commands are still available.

(See Page 27)

# FUNNELWEB EDITOR—

#### (Continued from Page 26)

But there are a number of additions to those to which we have become accustomed.

A very nice feature is an addition where, instead of typing "E" and pressing <enter> to move into the edit mode, you now only have to press <enter>. Another good feature is the Showline ability to just type a line number and press <enter> to get to that line. There is no need for the Show command first. In the Files group, are some new commands.

LoadTemporary: the "temporary" filename may be entered directly or marked in Show Directory with the "T" key. This allows for loading the temporary file (you must save the workfile first) or for inserting all or a selected part of the temporary file into the workfile without disturbing the workfile's name in the mailbox. Both filenames seem to have their own mailbox storage for later display of the appropriate filename.

DirectoryPrinter: This allows entry of a .ame other than the PrintFile name (PIO) such as the name of a disk file where the directory listing can be stored and edited or incorporated into other text.

In the SearcH group the WildCard command allows setting the wild card symbol to be used during searches and replacements. The default wild card is "\*".

The Tabs function has been enhanced to allow not just two sets of tabs but now three. You can set up one set for normal text, one for, say, outdenting and one for typing tables in columns. When you type the "T" command you are offered the choice of modifying Tabsets 1-3. The three tab settings are saved with the file to disk and restored when the file is reloaded.

A new command replaces the old Quit which required two keypresses and <enter>s. The new command is QuickQuit which will take you directly back to the Funnelweb menu screens provided the file in memory has not been edited in any way since being loaded or previously saved, otherwise you are given the option to save ie changed file first.

Help is a new command. This is very useful in that, during typing sessions, the 10 help files can be loaded and paged sequentially to refresh your memory of particular keystrokes and other info. You page through the screens with the "Q" and the "A" keys and escape through FCTN/9. The first two screens show lists of Editor functions and the keys to use. The others show Formatter dot commands, Extended PrintFile options, Box drawing characters for the all-chars mode, 9900 processor opcodes for assemblers and a quick reference for system addresses and color table.

New Load/Save Functions. The first to be mentioned is the progress line count number displayed at the top right of the screen while a file is being saved or loaded. The second is in the provision of further options for the PrintFile command. The printer name suitable changed to DSKn, FILENAME may then be preceded by one of the following:

M The file is output in DIS/FIX 128 TI file format with MS-DOS end-of-line (CR and LF) separators and CTRL/Z end-oftext marker. These files, I presume, can then be exported by modem or other means to a PC.

U Unix format with LF separators and CTRL/D at end of text.

P Sends a preset printer code before any text. (The print code sequence must have been installed through the CON/ED file and INSTALL/ED program.)

O Sends a printer reset sequence after text is completed if installed.

A Appends the text to the end of the file already on a disk.

Note that the other options displayed on the fourth help screen prefixed to the printer name are still available.

As mentioned above, the printer options of "P" and "O" need to be installed before they are operational. Here is a short description of the process of configuring the editor program. Have your editor disk in a known drive. It must have the files ED, EE, INSTALL/ED and CON/ED on it. Load an editor and load the CON/ED file. It should have 11 very short lines of text. The document file, FWDOC/ED42, gives full details of how to set up a configure file. For now you should make it:

N

11

1 1

11

The P must be followed, if need be, by the required printer control code sequence typed using CTRL/U where necessary to set the printer to NLQ or bold or whatever you prefer.

The Q must be followed by the printer reset code that cancels the above.

Save the file under the name CON/ED. Go into Funnelweb/loaders/option 2 GPL and load the INSTALL/ED file. Then enter the pathname of the particular ED/EE file you wish to configure, the configure filename, CON/ED, that you just edited and finally the ED filename to save to.

Some keypresses have new special functions in command mode. You can use the up and down arrow keys while in command mode to scroll both the screen display of text and the associated line numbers. Not only that, you can use the FCTN/4 and FCTN/6 keys to page the screen display up or down. When you exit from command mode back to edit mode by pressing <enter> or CTRL/2, it returns you to the point from where you left off editing. However, if you exit from command mode by pressing CTRL/1, you are returned to the top line of the current screen display.

There are a number of Edit mode key combinations and you need to read the documents to find out which they are as I shall mention just three that I find most useful.

CTRL/H displays the beginning of the text starting at line 1.

CTRL/J "jumps" to the end to show the last screen of text.

CTRL/F places a horizontal line across the screen below the cursor and freezes the text below the cursor. The text above the cursor can be scrolled up or down line by line or page by page. This can be useful when you wish to refresh you memory on what had been mentioned in an earlier section of the workfile. Another press of CTRL/F restores the status quo to the asyou-were condition.

(See Page 28)

# USER NOTES

# An answer to a question

This comes from Dan Eicher. In the May 1994 issue Bruce Harrison asked about:

XMLLNK VPUSH EQU >0E VPOP EQU >10

While I can't find a definite reference to VPUSH EQU >0E, VPOP and VPUSHG are completely defined on page 49 of the Mini-Memory manual. The source code to these routines can be found on page 74 and 75 of the Intern.

The Mini-Mem manual was written with the benefit of hindsight. Also includ-

ed in the Mini-Mem manual, but left out of the Editor/Assembler manual, is information on special calling conventions that must be observed when talking to the RS232 unit ( see page 51 ).

The reference to:

VGWRITE EQU > 34 GVWRITE EQU > 36

The source code to these two routines follows. This source code was retrieved from an archive of the XB-ROM source code as uploaded by Rich Gilbertson to GEnie.

AORG >7FDA TITL 'GVWITES'

- \* Move data from ERAM to VDP
- \* @GSRC : Source address where the data stored on ERAM
- \* @DEST : Destination address on VDP
- \* @BCNT3 : byte count

(See Page 29)

# FUNNELWEB EDITOR-

# (Continued from Page 27) THE ENHANCED EDITOR

This editor has all the functions of the baseline editor except that TI Eurowriter, PC character graphic capability and pathname functions for hard drive users have been added.

The filenames on disk for this editor are named ED/AEH and EE/AEH. As they only run out of Funnelweb, their filenames must be renamed ED and EE after being copied to the appropriate disk. This editor especially would be best run from a hard drive or a RAMdisk to speed up proceedings because, with the increases in functions provided, the F'web kernel can no longer be stored in VDP memory for instant reappearance on exit but must be reloaded from the boot disk. Disk accesses also occur to run some support features such as Help.

The big feature of this editor, I find, is the All-chars mode where a full 8-bit set of PC character graphics is supported in the ASCII range from 0 to 255. These characters are supported by most modern printers and are printed through the PF command directly to the printer. Files containing ASCII characters above 127 should not be sent through the formatter which strips them out of the text. Look up your printer

manual and see all the characters above ASCII 127 that we can't normally print.

For this editor, you need a character definition file to suit and a suitable one is supplied on disk as CHAR@1. This file must be on the drive from which Funnelweb is loaded. The CON/ED file must be changed to make use of the all characters mode. The second line needs to be changed from 11 to 31 and the IN-STALL/ED program has to install the change to the ED files as mentioned for the baseline editor.

Now how do you type those line graphic characters that are shown on the fifth, sixth and seventh Help screens when the keys are normally only interpreted as ASCII 32 to 127? If you hark back to the CTRL/U mode of TI-Writer, this keypress toggles between a condition where the key pressed is interpreted normally or its ASCII value is reduced by 32. With its use, we can type characters from ASCII 0 to 31 or so. Similarly, to get the ASCII values above 127 we use the keypress CTRL/, which also has a toggling function. By its use, 128 is added to the normal keypress value. So to get character 205 that is a double horizontal line, all we have to do is press CTRL/, to toggle the upper

set in and then SHIFT/M that is normally ASCII 77. The fifth Help screen shows which characters convert to the box drawing characters. If you are wondering how to type characters just above ASCII 127, then the combination of CTRL/, (+128) and CTRL/U (-32) does the trick. Remember to toggle them both off afterwards. Probably because of the above situation where both conversions can be toggled at the one time, no provision has been provided for a special cursor to indicate the CTRL/, mode but this presents no real problem.

Show Directory has been modified in the enhanced editor version. One difference is that instead of entering SD and the drive number from the command line of the editor, only the SD is entered which brings up directory screen on which the drive number is to be entered. The difference, I find, is instead of entering in quick succession SD-enter-1-enter I must change it to SE-enter (short pause while directory screen is painted) 1-enter.

I have been using the baseline version and later the enhanced version for many months now and find them to be very friendly and useful tools for word processing.

# USER NOTES

```
(Continued from Page 28)
GVWITE MOV @DEST.R2
                             VDP address
  MOVB@R2LB.*R15
                    LSB of VDP address
  ORI R2,WRVDP
                  Enable VDP write
  MOVB R2,*R15
                 MSB of VDP address
      MOV @GSRC,R3
                          ERAM address
GV$1 MOVB *R3+,@XVDPWD
                           Move a byte
      DEC @BCNT3
                           One less to move
                           If not done, loop for more
      JNE GV$1
      AORG >7FFE
      DATA >9226
      AORG >7FC0
      TITL 'VGWITES'
* Move data from VDP to ERAM
* @ADDR1 : Source address where the data stored on VDP
* @ADDR2 : Destination address on ERAM
* @BCNT1 : byte count
VGWITE EOU $
      MOVB @ADDR11,*R15
                           LSB of VDP address
      MOV @ADDR2,R2
                            Address in ERAM
      MOVB @ADDR1,*R15
                          MSB of VDP address
      NOP
VG$1 MOVB @XVDPRD, *R2+
                            Move a byte
      DEC @BCNT1
                            One less to move
      JNE VG$1
                           If not done, loop for more
                           Return
      AORG >7ECA
      TITL 'GWRITES'
* Write the data which is stored in CPU to ERAM
* @GDST : Destination address on ERAM where data is going
          to be stored
* @CSRC : Source address on CPU where data stored
* @BCNT2 : byte count
GWITE1 LI R3, BCNT2
                            Count
      LI R2,GDST
                           Destination
      LI R1,CSRC
                           Source
      JMP GW$1
* Write the data which is stored in CPU to ERAM
* @ADDR1 : Destination address on ERAM where data is going
          to be stored
* @ADDR2 : Source address on CPU where data is stored
* @BCNT1 : byte count
GWRITE LI R3,BCNT1
                            Count.
      LI R2,ADDR1
                           Destination
      LI R1,ADDR2
                           Source
* Common routine to copy from CPU to ERAM
GW$1 EOU $
      MOV *R2, R4
                           Get destination address
      MOV *R1,R1
AI R1,PAD0
MOVB *R1+,*R4+
      MOV *R1,R1
                           Get CPU RAM address
                         Add in CPU offset
                          Move a byte
      DEC *R3
                          One less to move, done?
      JNE GW$2
                          No, more to move
```

Hope this helps.

# New 80-column card released in Germany

A new 80-column card for the TI made its debut at the Göttingen TI fair, Oct. 14-16. Some 70 TI enthusiasts from Austria attended the fair.

The new PEB card, called the Enhanced Video Processor Card (EVPC), was designed by Michael Becker. Co-designer was Jürgen Stelter. The DSRs and software were written by Roland Meier and Harald Glaab. Sven Dyroff also worked on the project.

(See Page 30)

### **READER TO READER**

☐ Joe Stomiany, 14948 Templar Dr., La Mirada, CA 90638, (714) 521-2114. writes:

Help, help help! I have a Grand RAM Disk from Databiotics which doesn't seem to recognize the RAMdisk when I try to CONFIGR it. The very end of the load of CONFIGR comes on the screen for a split second but does not stay on the screen.

I had Don Walden (Cecure) and Don O'Neil (Western Horizon Technology) try to repair this problem but they had no success. If anyone out there can help me to get my configure program to stayh on so I can configure it, please let me know. Please write to me. I would be very grateful to anyone who can help me.

☐ Allen Masden, 4608 38th Ave. Ne., Salem, OR 97305-1607, writes:

Could someone who has the instructions for the Foundation 128K card please make and send me a copy?

Reader to Reader is a column to put TI and Geneve users in contact with other users. Address questions to Reader to Reader, c/o MI-CROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680. We encourage those who answer the questions to forward us a copy of the reply to share with readers.

# NOTES

#### (Continued from Page 29)

The card runs at CRU >1400. According to Gerd Weissmann, who is marketing the card, the EVPC can can display 256 colors from a palette of 256,000. This can be expanded to 16 million, he says. The card requires modification to the TI con-

The device includes a socket for a sound chip from the console, 128K of video RAM and a 64K DSR-ROM. It can support up to eight sprites simultaneously.

Weissmann says the group of developers is working on a "Super GPL Card." This device will hold the contents of up to 16 modules in flash EPROMs. He says this will allow BASIC programs to run at 10 times normal speed. Also, a new motherboard for the PEB is being developed. This board would eliminate the need for the flex cable and would be based on the TMS9900 processor.

Pricing of the EVPC is \$254, based on an exchange rate of one U.S. dollar to 1.5 Deutschmarks.

For more information, contact Weissmann at Koenigstrasse 17-19, D-67655 Kaiserslautern, Germany. Telephone/fax at 0631/12169.

# Maze Maker offers challenges at many levels

The following article and program were written by Steve Karasek. It appeared in Wordplay, the newsletter of the Portland (Oregon) Users of Ninety-Nines.

Maze Maker is an Extended BASIC program that prints mazes for you to solve. It asks for the number of mazes to print, then for the level of difficulty, which can be from 0 to 9. Level 0 is a trivial maze that can serve as a child's first maze. Level 9 is fairly challenging. The level number is printed at the top of the maze.

No matter what level you select, the maze will be printed to fill as much of the page as possible. This means that the lower level mazes will have wider pathways, which are easier for young children to follow. There will always be exactly one path from Start to Finish.

The higher level mazes take a while to

compute. In particular, level 9 mazes take over 20 minutes each. You can always start up the program and come back a few hours later. The program keeps track of how far it has gone in computing each maze by displaying a line of the form M/N on the screen, where N is the number of squares in the maze and M is the number of squares the program has computed a path to. When M equals N, the maze is done and is sent to the printer.

If your printer is not named "PIO," change the name in line 110. The last part of this line sets the printer line spacing to 7/72 inch. If you do not have an Epsoncompatible printer, you will have to change this to the codes needed by your printer to set the line spacing. If you can't set it to 7/72 inch, set it to eight, or preferably 10, lines per inch.

### **MAZE MAKER**

100 RANDOMIZE :: OPTION BASE

1 :: DIM M(39,39):: INPUT " HOW MANY MAZES? ":Z :: PRINT !223 110 INPUT "LEVEL OF DIFFICUL TY(0-9)? ":L :: IF L<0 OR L> 9 THEN 110 ELSE OPEN #1:"PIO ",OUTPUT :: PRINT #1:CHR\$(27 ); "A"; CHR\$(7); !131 120 N=INT(L+1)\*4+(L=4 OR L=9 ):: X=80/N :: S=INT(X):: S=S+(X=S)!138130 PRINT #1: "Start"; TAB(30) ; "Level"; L :: FOR X=1 TO N : : FOR Y=1 TO N :: M(X,Y)=0 : : NEXT Y :: NEXT X :: IF N=3 9 THEN 150 !174 140 FOR X=1 TO N :: M(N+1,X)M(X,N+1)=16 :: NEXT X ! 203150 C, X, Y=1 :: DISPLAY ERASE ALL AT(12,12):"1 /";N\*N :: ON ERROR 290 !059

160 W=INT(RND\*4):: DX=X+(W=0)) - (W=1):: DY=Y+(W=2)-(W=3):: K=M(DX,DY):: IF K THEN 160 1229

170  $M(X,Y) = M(X,Y) + 2^W :: IF$ INT(W/2)\*2=W THEN W=W+1 ELSE W=W-1 !125

180 X=DX :: Y=DY :: M(X,Y)=M $(X,Y)+2^W :: C=C+1 :: DISPLA$ Y AT(12,9)SIZE(4):USING "###

#":C :: IF C=N\*N THEN 240 !0 53 190 IF X<N THEN IF M(X+1,Y) =0 THEN 160 !198 200 IF Y<N THEN IF M(X,Y+1) =0 THEN 160 !199 210 IF Y>1 THEN IF M(X,Y-1) =0 THEN 160 !117 220 IF X>1 THEN IF M(X-1,Y)=0 THEN 160 !116 230 X=INT(RND\*N)+1 :: Y=INT(RND\*N)+1 :: IF M(X,Y)THEN 190 ELSE 230 !248 240 ON ERROR STOP :: PRINT # 1 :: PRINT #1:"#"; TAB(S+1); R PT\$("#",S\*(N-1)+1):: S=S-1 : : S\$=RPT\$(" ",S):: X\$=RPT\$(" #",S)!069 250 M(N,N) = M(N,N) + 8 :: FOR Y=1 TO N :: FOR W=1 TO S :: P RINT #1: "#";:: FOR X=1 TO N :: PRINT #1:S\$;!076 260 IF M(X,Y)AND 2 THEN PRIN T #1:" "; ELSE PRINT #1:"#";! 084 270 NEXT X :: PRINT #1 :: NE XT W :: PRINT #1:"#";:: FOR X=1 TO N :: IF M(X,Y) AND 8 T HEN PRINT #1:S\$; ELSE PRINT # 1:X\$:!244 280 PRINT #1:"#";:: NEXT X : : PRINT #1 :: NEXT Y :: S=S+ 1 :: PRINT #1: :TAB(S\*N-4);" Finish":CHR\$(12);:: Z=Z-1 :: IF Z>0 THEN 130 ELSE END 10 20 290 ON ERROR 290 :: RETURN 1

# Success with NEW in Extended BASIC

This comes from John C. Johnson of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, via the Internet. He writes:

I read with great interest the User Notes item on page 26 of the September issue about the fake Extended Basic NEW command. I have three Horizon RAMdisks and have gotten from the John Johnston Menu to XB by using a one-liner from John Parkins of the Spirit of 99 newsletter. November 1987. His call also addresses

· (See Page 31)

# NOTES CLASSIFIEDS

#### (Continued from Page 30)

-31952 but only enters 255,255.0. While this will get you into XB it requires you to do a CALL NEW after you are there. Failure to do so will result in a crash.

I have succeeded in using the NEW call to allow me to get to XB "clean" with no DSK1 read. Here is the three line XB program.

100 CALL PEEK(8198, A) :: IF A <>170 THEN CALL INIT 110 FOR I=1 TO 50 :: NEXT I 120 CALL LOAD(-31952,255,231 ,255,231) :: END

I am not sure that line 110 is necessary. If you can convince yourself it isn't, take it out. I tried it without it and it seemed okay. I must give credit to Oliver Hebert, Jerry Keisler and MICROpendium for the information that allowed me to make this program. Many thanks.

# Reverse linefeed polves problem

The following is credited to Jim Peterson. We saw it in the TIsHUG News Digest.

We all know that the TI-Writer formatter insists on giving us five blank lines at the top of the page and three at the bottom. If your printer supports a reverse linefeed, you can back those lines at the top by beginning the page with a line CTRL-U and RJRJRJRJRJ. However, I can't find a practical way to print the three lines at the bottom.

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