Covering the TI99/4A and the Myarc 9640

MICAOpendium

Volume 9 Number 6

July 1992

\$2.50

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and networking

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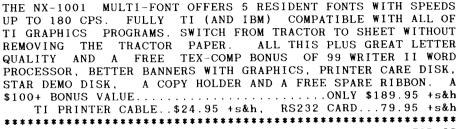
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MICAOpendium

MICROpendium (ISSN 10432299) is published monthly for \$25 per year by Burns-Koloen Communications Inc., 16606 Terrace Dr., Austin, TX 78728-1156. Second-class postage paid at Austin, Texas, and additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: Send address changes to MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680-1343.

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Display advertising deadlines and rates are available upon request.

All correspondence should be mailed to MICROpendium at P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680. We cannot take responsibility for unsolicited manuscripts but will give consideration to anything sent to the above address. Manuscripts will be returned only if a self-addressed stamped envelope is included.

Foreign subscriptions are \$30.25 (Mexico); \$32.50 (Canada); \$30.00, surface mail to other countries; \$42 airmail to other countries.

All editions of MICROpendium are mailed from the Round Rock (Texas) Post

Mailing address: P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock

TX 78680

Telephone: (512) 255-1512

CompuServe: 75156,3270

Delphi TI NET: MICROPENDIUM

GEnie: J.Koloen

John Koloen...........Publisher Laura Burns......Editor

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*READ THIS

Here are some tips to help you when entering programs from MICROpendium: 1. All BASIC and Extended BASIC programs are run through Checksum, the numbers that follow exclamation points at the end of each program line. Do not enter these numbers or exclamation points. Checksum was published in the October 1987 edition. 2. Long XBASIC lines are entered by inputting until the screen stops accepting characters, pressing Enter, pressing FCTN REDO, cursoring to the end of the line and continuing input.

Comments

More hardware on the way

We should all be happy that Lou Phillips is planning to get back into software development for the Geneve. According to an article in this issue, Lou will be writing software after a group of users led by Beery Miller buys out the rights to MDOS. I don't know what kind of programs he will write, but I'm looking forward to seeing his work.

ON THE HARDWARE FRONT

There are several developments to report, all of which are mentioned in greater detail in this issue.

• Bud Mills says he'll be releasing an SCSI (pronounced

"scuzzy") interface next month. Don O'Neil, developer of the SCSI card, says his TI-Accelerator card is back on track. Also in the works is a Memex card for the 4A which would provide users with up 16 megabytes of programmable memory.

• Barry Boone is working on a closely guarded hardware project that he says will be available by the Chicago TI fair on Oct. 31. No word as to what it is.

Now, if we only had a few more pieces of software coming our

-JK

Feedback

More TI longevity

Re: "Comments" May 1992 MICROpendium:

I got my T199/4 for Christmas in 1980. With my work for various publications, it got a good workout. In 1984 it got set aside because more people had the T199/4A — but we still let the children use it, and I continued to test programs on it. We haven't used it much the last few years, but it still works.

I got an early T199/4A, and some of the early models had trouble with the on-off switch or power connection or keyboard. I had to exchange a couple of consoles, but soon got one that worked, and I have been using the same console since 1981.

I have helped other people get TIs and placed several in our elementary schools. Whenever someone claims the computer isn't working, the cause is really the RF modulator, so I keep a few of those on hand.

When the peripheral expansion box first came out, I was able to get one with the RS-232 Card, the 32K Memory Expansion Card, the Disk Controller Card and a single disk drive. I am still using those originals.

Regena (Cheryl Whitelaw) Cedar City, Utah

Help goes further

I want to thank Dennis F. Rebello of

Swansea, Massachusetts, for his reply to Mr. Larry Reeves' problem with his printer (Feedback, April 1992).

It also solved my problem with my Royal Alpha 2015.

Joe Willisms Kingsville, Ohio

Something left out

In your April 1992 issue you ran a very positive review of the Harrison Software Word Processor. It sounded good enough to try, so I sent away for it.

I tried loading it with Extended BASIC to no avail, using both "LOAD" and "UTILI". I tried loading it with Editor/Assembler to no avail. The computer kept hanging up, and I kept restarting it, wondering what I was doing wrong. I read through the manual and the manual supplement, but found no solution.

By chance, today I was looking through the catalog that Harrison sent with the software, and there it was in capital letters: NOT COMPATIBLE WITH GENEVE.

Please tell Stan Krajewski that this was a rather significant omission from his review.

Ben Ciscel Round Rock, Texas

Tex-Comp has OS/99

In the review of OS/99 in the May issue of MICROpendium the phrase "Tex-Comp is expected to distribute it" (instead of

"Tex-Comp will be distributing it") raised the question of whether they had it. We just assumed that they somehow got a copy. A copy has been sent to them along with "express permission" to distribute OS/99.

There is a "next" version which we plan to release at the end of this year/beginning of next year. It is the GROM0 version. It is completely compatible with the GROM7 version. All user extensions work with either if the guidelines are followed. We are awaiting reports of "glitches." Since they will be in the GROM0 version also, corrections can be made to both at the same time.

The GROM0 version makes the 99/4A an "OS/99" and "some other language" machine. The "other language" depends on a compiler; it could be any language. The "C" compiler is an example. While not offering any capabilities that are not in the present version, the GROM0 version places less restriction on how much code can be moved to CPU RAM, since it can continue moving code past the end of GROM0 and into GROM1. Support for the "other language" could be part of the code that is moved.

Don't know, we will see what happens.

Guy Neubert

Kirkland, Washington

Clarifying status

I have noticed a lot of confusion in the TI (See Page 6)

Feedback

(Continued from Page 5)

community concerning the status of the TI-Net BBS and TI-Net Gameroom software.

Both programs, and all versions of these programs are *copyrighted*.

Originally written by Erik Olson and Matt Storm, they were first marketed commercially by Erik through his Gadego Software company. Later, Matt sold them as Fairware. Eventually, they both stopped shipping copies and gave the sole distribution rights to any and all versions to me.

I and my son Jesse have done extensive rewrites to both the Extended BASIC and assembly language portions of the code. Our current version number is 3.95, and the current Gameroom includes Spells and many other revisions which Matt and I cowrote. No version has ever been public domain. Currently, no version is Fairware.

Anyone other than I who may be selling, trading or copying these programs is committing an act of piracy.

Anyone wishing further information on TI-Net BBS and TI-Net Gameroom software can contact me on Delphi by sending E-Mail to SSLICER, or by sending U.S. mail to 1101 Purdom St., Olathe, KS 66061-2717, or by calling my part-time BBS.

The BBS hours are 10 p.m.-7 a.m. Central Time, 300/1200/2400 baud, 8-N-1, at (913) 764-6451. This is in the Kansas City area and is PC Pursuitable through MOKAN.

Shirley Slicer Olathe, Kansas

Hardware developers have many problems

We would like to respond to the article by Bruce Harrison which contained a reference about his concern for what he sees as hardware mania in the TI community and to a letter by Frank Gehrling about the death of a dream, both in the April 1992 issue.

Here are, to say the least, two radically different viewpoints. Both bring up good points that should be discussed. First, we would like to respond to Bruce's article on hardware mania. Yes, Bruce, we at Western Horizon Technologies feel that all programs should support the lowest common

denominator system. An excellent example of a program that supports a basic expanded system and the more modernized system without any sacrifice is Telco. Mainly, this was made possible by the masterful use of overlays and a modular design. The basic structure of a program is 80 percent of the work and adding the extra modules or routines to support "extended hardware" requires only marginally more work, if you have examples of code on how to take advantage of the features such hardware provides.

To this end, Don O'Neil is trying to bring together a National TI Standards committee to aid in this process. One of the main goals of the NTSC is free distribution of a group of common routines for hardware access. An example would be a universal memory bank switcher. You would be given a disk with routines to access memory. All you would have to do is compile this code with your main program and access it through a BLWP command. Programmers using this set of routines would be relieved of the pressures of trying to figure out the quirks of all the various memory cards - CorComp, Foundation, Morning Star, Myarc, etc. The beauty of this plan is, as programmers' interest in supporting a particular package wanes, the only thing needed to patch a bug in these low level routines or to add support for a new memory device would usually consist of just sticking in a disk containing the latest release of these support routines and recompiling!

In reference to the number of extra sales for adding a feature, most authors write software for the hardware they personally own, while trying to make their software compatible with what they don't. (See your own excellent efforts with the Geneve.) An author truly concerned about his potential number of sales would probably be writing MS-DOS based software.

Concerning the death of a dream by Mr. Frank Gehrling, hardware developers in the TI community are even more confined by *time* and *cost* factors than developers in the PC world, because we do this in our spare time. We define spare time as that time not taken up by our full time jobs, schooling, sleep, family duties and other obligations. That doesn't leave much time. Now to the

cost factor. We have free labor at this point. The cost of building even a single prototype can be expensive. You have the price of a protoboard (\$35), support chips and other discrete components (\$40) and at least two 99105a (\$200x2). This cost does not include special equipment needed to produce a working prototype. Most hardware hackers have Multimeters and soldering irons. To do a project of this magnitude you need an eprommer/PAL programmer (\$600). Also, an oscilloscope is a must (\$500 minimum).

Let's add it up: \$35+40+(200x2)+600 +500=\$1,575. For most of us struggling to stay employed, pay rent or mortgages and car payments and generally just trying to keep our heads above water, this is a large out-of-pocket expense, considering potential return on investment. The above figure does not even include promotional expenses or the enormous production startup cost.

Now, you have to give away a few pieces of any new hardware to programmers to get the ball rolling. One hopes that this free hardware will entice them to develop software to take full advantage of your new piece of hardware. Now you can see why hardware development for the TI has progressed at such a slow pace. It is a tribute to the human spirit that hardware development has continued at all!

Western Horizon Technologies has reshuffled its development priorities.

Here is the current order in which we hope to complete our announced projects:

- 1. DigiPort
- 2. SCSI controller
- 3. 4A MEMEX

Most hardware and software developers have spent thousands and thousands of dollars for maxed out systems because they have the same dreams we do.

If anyone would like to support us by laying down \$10,000 to aid with development, we would be glad to give that person a percentage of the royalties.

Dan Eicher Mooresville, Indiana Don O'Neil Gilroy, California Western Horizon Technologies

Mail Feedback to MICROpendium Feedback, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

BASIC

Utah state song and flag

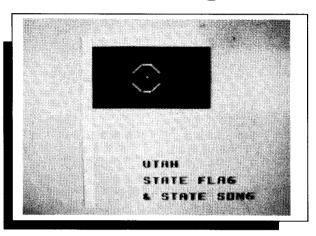
By REGENA

I have been extra busy this past week with graduations. My oldest daughter graduated from the university and my other daughter graduated from high school. Also, a son graduated from kindergarten (his was the funnest ceremony to attend of the three). Anyway, I dug into my old programs and found this program of the Utah State Song and Flag that was written in 1981 and was cassette only.

If a program has too large of a memory for the disk system

(probably written before many of us had disk systems), yet can be saved on cassette, you can try to convert it. The disk system must be turned off, then you can load the program on cassette. Edit the program by taking out all REMark statements and trying other methods to conserve memory. Save the program on another cassette and turn the computer off. Turn on the disk system and computer. Type in CALL FILES(1), press ENTER; type NEW and press ENTER, then try to load the second cassette version. If you're lucky, you then have a disk version.

This program won a contest for programs to draw a state flag. probably because I added the state song with it. Also, the Utah flag has a more intricate design than some other states. I have redone it here so more people may see it — and to get you think-



ing about Utah for the 1993 Fest West which will be held in Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 13 and 14. The Ogden TI Users Group was well represented at the Phoenix Fest West earlier this year and decided to host the next Fest West if the Salt Lake and Valley Users Group (SLaVes) would help also. It is now official, and they will combine to host the Fest West in 1993.

Fest West has been quite fun because different cities have been the sites for the last several vears, and different users groups

have become involved as the hosts. Some of the San Diego people were worried because of the *cold* weather in February in Utah, but plan ahead now to go skiing before and after Fest West! We're looking into some possible ski packages. More details will be published in MICROpendium later. Meanwhile, get used to seeing the Utah flag. Remember to CALL FILES(1), NEW first.

If you wish to save typing effort, you may have a copy of this program by sending \$4 to REGENA, 918 Cedar Knolls West, Cedar City, UT 84720. Be sure to specify that you want UTAH FLAG for the TI and whether you want cassette or diskette.

UTAH FLAG

100 REM UTAH FLAG !070 110 REM BY REGENA !071 120 T=920 !120 130 CALL CHAR (96, "0101010101 010101")!191 140 CALL CLEAR !209 150 CALL SOUND(T, 311, 2, 208, 8 ,131,10)!050 160 CALL CHAR (97, "0202020202 020202")!200 170 CALL CHAR (98, "80C0603018 0C0603")!002 180 PRINT TAB(14); "UTAH" !22 190 CALL CHAR(99, "0103060C18 3060C")!203 200 CALL SOUND(T/2,415,2,208 ,8,131,10)!246 210 CALL CHAR(100, "FF")!088 220 CALL CHAR (101, "FFFFFFFFF FFFFFFF")!059

230 CALL SOUND (T/2,523,2,208 ,8,156,10)!253 240 CALL CHAR(102, "0")!253 250 CALL CHAR(103, "1020528C0 0142")!118 260 CALL SOUND(T*3/4,523,2,3 11,8,208,10)!183 270 PRINT :TAB(14); "STATE FL AG" !041 280 CALL COLOR(9,1,1)!178 290 PRINT : TAB(14); "& STATE SONG" !142 300 CALL SOUND (T/4, 494, 2, 294 ,8,208,10)!009 310 CALL HCHAR(6,11,102,6)!2 320 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 311, 8 ,208,10)!055 330 FOR X=7 TO 12 !128 340 CALL HCHAR(X, 11, 102, 11)! 100

350 NEXT X !238 360 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 415, 8 ,156,10)!062 370 CALL HCHAR(13, 17, 102, 5)! 018 380 CALL HCHAR(8, 15, 99)!016 390 CALL HCHAR(8, 16, 100)!049 400 CALL HCHAR(8,17,98)!017 410 CALL SOUND (T, 466, 2, 392, 8 ,156,10)!072 420 CALL HCHAR(9,14,96)!013 430 CALL HCHAR (9, 16, 103) ! 053 440 CALL HCHAR (9, 17, 97) ! 017 450 CALL HCHAR (10, 15, 98) ! 057 460 CALL SOUND (T/4,554,2,392 ,8,156,10)!007 470 CALL HCHAR(11,16,100)!09 480 CALL SOUND (T*3/2,554,2,3

(See Page 8)

REGENA ON BASIC -

(Continued from Page 7) 92,8,156,10)!196 490 CALL HCHAR(10,17,99)!060 500 CALL VCHAR(5,10,101,20)! 022 510 CALL COLOR(9,12,2)!230 520 CALL SOUND (T*3/2,523,2,4 15,8,156,10)!188 530 GOSUB 3480 !245 540 CALL CHAR(104, "030303030 3030303")!246 550 CALL CHAR(105, "0080C0E0F 0F8FCFE")!151 560 CALL SOUND(T, 311, 2, 208, 8 ,131,10)!050 570 GOSUB 3530 !039 580 CALL CHAR(106, "FF7F3F1F0 F070301")!122 590 CALL SOUND(T/2,415,2,208 ,8,131,10)!246 600 GOSUB 3480 !245 610 CALL SOUND(T/2,523,2,208 ,8,156,10)!253 620 GOSUB 3530 !039 630 CALL SOUND(T*3/4,523,2,2 08,8,156,10)!190 640 CALL CHAR(107, "0103070F1 F3F7FFF")!123 650 CALL CHAR(108, "FEFCF8F0E 0C08")!007 660 CALL CHAR(109, "COCOCOCOC 0C0C0C0")!123 670 CALL SOUND (T/4, 494, 2, 294 ,8,208,10)!009 680 CALL CHAR(110, "FFFFFFFFF FFFFFFF")!059 690 CALL SOUND(T,523,2,311,8 ,208,10)!055 700 CALL CHAR(112, "FFFFFFFFF FFFFFFF")!061 710 CALL CHAR(113, "10183C3C7 E7EFEFF")!163 720 CALL CHAR(114, "F8F0F0F09 80C0603")!108 730 CALL CHAR(115, "1F0F0F0F1 93060C")!046 740 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 208, 8 ,117,14)!063 750 CALL CHAR(116, "80C060301 80C0603")!042 760 CALL CHAR(117, "0103060C1 83060C")!243 770 CALL CHAR(120, "00000080C 0703F0F")!045

780 CALL CHAR(121, "000000010

30EFCF")!004 790 CALL SOUND(T, 466, 2, 208, 8 ,117,14)!069 800 CALL CHAR(122, "80C060301 80CFFFF")!118 810 CALL CHAR(123, "000000000 000FFFF")!055 820 CALL CHAR(124, "0103060C1 830FFFF")!097 830 CALL CHAR(128, "80C060301 80C0603"):045 840 CALL SOUND (T/4,587,2,349 ,8,117,14)!016 850 CALL CHAR(129, "0103060C1 83060C")!246 860 CALL SOUND (T*2,698,2,415 ,8,117,14)!010 870 CALL CHAR(130, "E0E0E0301 80C0603")!068 880 CALL CHAR(131, "0707070C1 83060C")!250 890 CALL CHAR(132, "FEFCF8F0F 8CC8603")!188 900 CALL CHAR(133, "FF7F3F1F1 F3763C1")!151 910 CALL CHAR(136, "000103070 F0F1D1")!255 920 CALL CHAR(137, "FEFFFFE7E 7FFFFFF")!035 930 CALL CHAR(138, "FCFFFEFFF CFFFEFF")!061 940 CALL SOUND (T*2,622,2,392 ,8,156,12)!002 950 CALL CHAR(139, "FFFF7F3F1 F0F0703")!171 960 CALL CHAR(140, "FEFCF8F0E 0C08")!003 970 CALL CHAR(141, "FFFFFFFFF FFFFFFF")!063 980 CALL CHAR(142, "0")!001 990 CALL CHAR(143, "0080C080F 0F8E0FE")!120 1000 CALL CHAR(144, "0103070F 1F3F7FFF")!124 1010 CALL CHAR(145, "0080C0E0 F0F8FCFE")!155 1020 CALL SOUND (T/2, 466, 2, 19 6,8,156,12)!011 1030 CALL CHAR (146, "FEFCF8F0 E0C08")!009 1040 CALL CHAR(147, "FF7F3F1F 0F070301*)!127 1050 CALL SOUND(T/2,392,2,15 6,12)!055 1060 CALL CHAR(148, "01010303

07070F0F")!040 1070 CALL CHAR(149, "8080C0C0 E0E0F0F")!066 1080 CALL SOUND (T/2, 415, 2, 17 5,8,131,10)!249 1090 CALL CHAR(150, "1F1F1F3F 3F3F7F7F")!169 1100 CALL CHAR(151, "F8F8F8FC FCFCFEFE") !011 1110 CALL SOUND(T/2,466,2,31 1,8,117,12)!253 1120 CALL CHAR(152, "FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF")!065 1130 CALL CHAR(153, "0")!003 1140 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 208, 8, 156, 12) ! 064 1150 CALL CHAR(43, "0080C0E0F 0F8FCFE")!103 1160 CALL CHAR(44, "FF7F7F3F3 F1F1F1F")!141 1170 CALL CHAR(45, "0F0F07070 3030101")!243 1180 CALL CHAR(46, "FF7F3F1F0 F070301")!076 1190 CALL SOUND(T/4,494,2,29 4,8,208,12)!011 1200 CALL CHAR(47, "0103070F1 F3F7FFF")!077 1210 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 208, 8, 156, 12) ! 064 1220 CALL CHAR(48, "FEFCF8F0E 0C08")!217 1230 CALL CHAR(58, "F0F0E0E0C 0C0808")!016 1240 CALL CHAR(59, "FFFEFEFCF . CF8F8F8")!228 1250 CALL CLEAR !209 1260 CALL SOUND (T/2,523,2,22 0,8,175,9)!207 1270 CALL SCREEN(5):150 1280 CALL COLOR(1,16,2)!226 1290 CALL CHAR(97, "FF"):054 1300 CALL SOUND (T, 440, 2, 220, 8,175,9)!014 1310 FOR I=2 TO 15 !111 1320 CALL COLOR(I,2,2)!251 1330 NEXT I !223 1340 CALL SOUND(T/2,466,2,34 9,8,139,10)!010 1350 CALL HCHAR(2,13,42,8)!1 76 1360 CALL VCHAR (9, 6, 42, 8) ! 15 1370 CALL VCHAR(9,27,42,8)!2 02 (See Page 9)

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(Continued from Page 8) 1380 CALL CHAR(100, "03030303 03030303")!242 1390 CALL SOUND(T/2,523,2,17 5,8,131,12)!251 1400 CALL HCHAR (23, 13, 42, 8)! 228 1410 CALL VCHAR (7,7,42,2)!14 1420 CALL VCHAR (7, 26, 42, 2)!1 93 1430 CALL VCHAR(17,7,42,2)!1 1440 CALL SOUND (T*3/4,554,2, 175,8,117,12)!196 1450 CALL VCHAR(17,26,42,2)! 243 1460 CALL HCHAR(3,11,42,2)!1 1470 CALL HCHAR (3, 21, 42, 2)!1 7.0 1480 CALL HCHAR(22,11,42,2)! 219 1490 CALL SOUND (T/4,523,2,17 **▶**5,8,131,12)!253 1500 CALL HCHAR(22,21,42,2)! 1510 CALL SOUND (T*2.2,554,2, 175, 8, 117, 12) ! 100 1520 CALL CHAR(101, "C0C0C0C0 C0C0C0C") 1066 1530 CALL CHAR(102, "00000000 0103FF")!170 1540 DATA 4,10,5,9,6,8,4,23, 5, 24, 6, 25, 19, 25, 20, 24, 21, 23, 19,8,20,9,21,10 !050 1550 RESTORE 1540 !103 1560 FOR I=1 TO 12 !107 1570 READ X,Y !251 1580 CALL HCHAR(X,Y,42)!132 1590 NEXT I !223 1600 CALL COLOR(2,16,2)!227 1610 CALL SOUND(T/2,554,2,23 3,8,156,12)!001 1620 CALL CHAR(103, "00000000 80C0FFFF")!080 1630 CALL HCHAR(11, 16, 144)!1 1640 CALL HCHAR(11,17,145)!1 02 \$1650 CALL HCHAR(12,15,148)!1 1660 CALL HCHAR (12, 16, 152, 2)

1018

```
1670 CALL SOUND (T/2, 466, 2, 19
6,8,139,12)!012
1680 CALL HCHAR (12, 18, 149)!1
1690 CALL HCHAR (13, 15, 150) ! 0
1700 CALL HCHAR (13, 16, 152, 2)
1019
1710 CALL HCHAR (13, 18, 151)!1
1720 CALL SOUND (T/2,523,2,15
6,8,131,12)!250
1730 CALL HCHAR(14,15,152,4)
1740 CALL HCHAR (14, 14, 153)!1
1750 CALL HCHAR (14, 19, 153)!1
1760 CALL HCHAR (15, 14, 153, 6)
1024
1770 CALL SOUND (T/2,554,2,19
6,8,117,12)!006
1780 CALL COLOR (15, 11, 2) ! 019
1790 CALL COLOR(16,11,12)!07
1800 CALL SOUND (T*3/4,622,2,
185, 8, 131, 12) ! 189
1810 FOR I=3 TO 8 !065
1820 CALL COLOR(I, 16, 2)!049
1830 NEXT I !223
1840 CALL HCHAR(16, 15, 85) ! 05
1850 CALL HCHAR (16, 16, 84) ! 05
1860 CALL HCHAR (16, 17, 65) ! 05
1870 CALL HCHAR (16, 18, 72) ! 05
1880 CALL SOUND(T/4,587,2,20
8,8,175,9)!225
1890 CALL VCHAR (13, 13, 112, 3)
1027
1900 CALL VCHAR(12,14,112,2)
1026
1910 CALL SOUND (T, 622, 2, 208,
8,131,10)!055
1920 CALL VCHAR(12,19,112,2)
1031
1930 CALL VCHAR(14,20,112,2)
1025
1940 CALL VCHAR(12,13,113)!1
1950 CALL VCHAR(11,14,113)!1
1960 CALL VCHAR(11,19,113)!1
```

```
13
1970 CALL VCHAR(13,20,113)!1
1980 CALL COLOR(11,13,2)!017
1990 CALL SOUND(T*3/2,698,2,
277.8.208.10)!205
2000 DATA 73,78,68,85,83,84,
82,89,32 !016
2010 RESTORE 2000 !052
2020 FOR Y=13 TO 21 !175
2030 READ L !227
2040 CALL HCHAR(10,Y,L)!115
2050 NEXT Y !239
2060 CALL SOUND (T*3/2,622,2,
196,8,156,10)!194
2070 CALL HCHAR (3, 14, 142) !04
2080 CALL HCHAR (3, 19, 142) !05
3
2090 CALL HCHAR (4, 12, 142, 10)
1013
2100 CALL HCHAR (5, 11, 142, 12)
1015
2110 CALL HCHAR(6,10,142,14)
1017
2120 CALL HCHAR (7,9,142,16)!
235
2130 CALL HCHAR(8,8,142)!007
2140 CALL HCHAR(8,25,142)!05
2150 CALL SOUND(T/2,392,2,20
8,8,156,10)!001
2160 DATA 5,15,136,5,16,137,
5, 17, 141, 5, 18, 138, 6, 19, 143, 6
,18,141,6,17,141,6,16,139 !0
2170 RESTORE 2160 !213
2180 CALL SOUND(T*2,466,2,19
6,8,156,10)!008
2190 FOR I=1 TO 8 !063
2200 READ X,Y,C !241
2210 CALL HCHAR(X,Y,C)!151
2220 NEXT I !223
2230 CALL COLOR(14,16,11)!07
2240 CALL HCHAR(3,13,144)!04
2250 CALL HCHAR(3,20,145)!04
2260 CALL HCHAR (4, 11, 144) ! 04
2270 CALL HCHAR(4,22,145)!05
2280 CALL HCHAR (5, 10, 144) ! 04
         (See Page 10)
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(Continued from Page 9) 8,208,10)!055 2900 CALL VCHAR(16,12,105)!1 2610 CALL VCHAR(8,10,42,4)!1 12 2290 CALL SOUND (T*2, 415, 2, 20 2910 CALL SOUND (T, 311, 2, 208, 8,8,131,10)!245 2620 CALL VCHAR (9, 11, 42, 3) !1 8,131,10)!050 2300 CALL HCHAR (5, 23, 145) !05 2920 CALL VCHAR(17,12,110,2) 2630 CALL VCHAR(9,24,42,2)!1 1027 2930 CALL VCHAR(19,12,106)!1 2310 CALL HCHAR(6,9,144)!008 93 2320 CALL HCHAR(6,24,145)!05 2640 CALL VCHAR(8,23,42,4)!1 93 2940 CALL VCHAR (17, 13, 43)!06 2330 CALL HCHAR(7,8,144)!008 2650 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 415, 2340 CALL HCHAR(7,25,145)!05 8,156,10)!062 2950 CALL SOUND(T/2,415,2,20 2660 CALL VCHAR (9, 22, 42, 3)!1 8,8,131,10)!246 2350 CALL HCHAR(9,8,146)!012 2960 CALL VCHAR(18,13,141,2) 2670 CALL VCHAR(9,12,100,4)! 2360 CALL HCHAR (9, 25, 147) ! 06 1033 236 2970 CALL VCHAR(20,13,46)!06 2370 CALL COLOR(9,12,2)!230 2680 CALL VCHAR(9,21,101,4)! 2380 CALL COLOR(13,13,11)!06 237 2980 CALL SOUND(T/2,523,2,20 2690 CALL HCHAR(18,14,97,2)! 8,8,156,10)!253 2390 CALL COLOR(12,13,16)!07 237 2990 CALL VCHAR(10,25,109,5) 2700 CALL SOUND (T, 466, 2, 392, 1035 2400 CALL SOUND (T, 311, 2, 208, 8,156,10)!072 3000 CALL VCHAR(11,24,47)!06 8,131,10)!050 2710 CALL HCHAR (18, 16, 98) !06 2410 DATA 8,12,102,8,11,116, 3010 CALL SOUND (T*3/4,523,2, 2720 CALL HCHAR (18, 17, 99)!06 7, 10, 116, 6, 9, 132, 8, 21, 103, 8, 208, 8, 156, 10) ! 190 22,117,7,23,117,6,24,133 !24 3020 CALL VCHAR(12,24,141,3) 2730 CALL HCHAR(18,18,97,2)! 8 1030 241 2420 RESTORE 2410 !208 3030 CALL VCHAR(15,24,59)!07 2740 CALL COLOR(10,7,2)!226 2430 CALL SOUND (T*1.3, 415, 2, 2750 CALL SOUND(T/4,554,2,39 208, 8, 131, 10) ! 087 2,8,156,10)!007 3040 CALL VCHAR (16, 24, 58) ! 07 2440 FOR I=1 TO 8 !063 2760 CALL VCHAR(10,8,104,5)! 2450 READ X,Y,C !241 3050 CALL VCHAR(12,23,107)!1 238 2460 CALL HCHAR(X,Y,C)!151 2770 CALL SOUND (T*3/2,554,2, 2470 NEXT I !223 3060 CALL VCHAR(13,23,110,4) 392,8,156,10)!196 2480 CALL SOUND(T*3/4,523,2, 2780 CALL VCHAR (11, 9, 43) ! 016 1027 208,8,156,10)!190 3070 CALL SOUND (T/4, 494, 2, 29 2790 CALL VCHAR(12,9,141,3)! 2490 CALL HCHAR(8,13,120)!04 4,8,208,10)!009 240 3080 CALL VCHAR(17,23,108)!1 2800 CALL VCHAR (15, 9, 44) !021 2500 CALL HCHAR (8, 20, 121) ! 04 2810 CALL VCHAR (16, 9, 45) ! 023 3090 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 311, 2820 CALL VCHAR(12,10,105)!1 2510 DATA 8,14,122,8,18,124, 8,208,10)!055 06 3100 CALL VCHAR(13,22,47)!06 8, 16, 123, 7, 13, 128, 7, 19, 129, 6 2830 CALL VCHAR(13,10,110,4) ,12,130,6,20,131 !141 1023 2520 RESTORE 2510 !052 2840 CALL SOUND(T*3/2,523,2, 3110 CALL VCHAR (14, 22, 141, 4) 2530 CALL SOUND(T*1.7,523,2, 415,8,156,10)!188 311,8,208,10)!091 3120 CALL VCHAR(18,22,48)!07 2850 CALL VCHAR (17, 10, 106) !1 2540 FOR I=1 TO 7 !062 12 2550 READ X,Y,C !241 3130 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 208, 2860 CALL VCHAR(13,11,43)!06 2560 CALL HCHAR(X,Y,C,2)!069 8,117,11)!060 2570 NEXT I !223 3140 CALL VCHAR(13,21,106)!1 2870 CALL VCHAR (14, 11, 141, 4) 2580 CALL SOUND (T/4, 494, 2, 29 10 1029 4,8,208,10)!009 3150 CALL VCHAR(16,21,107)! 2880 CALL VCHAR(18, 11, 46) !06 2590 CALL VCHAR(9,9,42,2)!14 3160 CALL VCHAR(17,21,110,2) 2890 CALL VCHAR(13,12,108)!1 2600 CALL SOUND (T, 523, 2, 311, 12 (See Page 11)

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1027 3170 CALL VCHAR (19, 21, 108) !1 3180 CALL SOUND (T, 466, 2, 208, 8,117,14)!069 3190 CALL VCHAR (17, 20, 47) ! 06 3200 CALL VCHAR (18, 20, 141, 2) 1031 3210 CALL VCHAR(20,20,48)!06 3 3220 CALL VCHAR(9,12,100,4)! 236 3230 CALL VCHAR(9,21,101,4)! 237 3240 CALL SOUND (T/4,587,2,34 9,8,117,14)!016 3250 CALL HCHAR (20, 15, 49)!05 4 3260 CALL SOUND (T*2,698,2,41 5,8,117,14)!010 3270 CALL HCHAR (20, 16, 56) !05 3280 CALL HCHAR(20,17,52)!05 3290 CALL HCHAR(20,18,55)!05 3300 CALL HCHAR(22,15,49)!05 6

3310 CALL HCHAR(22,16,56)!05
5
3320 CALL HCHAR(22,17,57)!05
7
3330 CALL HCHAR(22,18,54)!05
5 3340 RESTORE 3390 !168
3350 FOR X=1 TO 27 !128
3360 READ Y, A, B, C, D, E !190
3370 CALL SOUND(T*Y, A, 2, B, C,
D, E) 1076
3380 NEXT X !238
3390 DATA 2,622,392,8,156,12
,.5,466,196,8,156,12,.5,392,
156, 12, 156, 12, .5, 415, 175, 8, 1
31,10 !226
3400 DATA .5,466,311,8,117,1
2,.75,523,208,8,156,12,.25,4 94,294,8,208,12,1,523,208,8,
156,12 !024
3410 DATA .5,523,220,8,175,9
,.5,440,220,8,175,9,.5,466,3
49,8,139,10,.5,523,175,8,131
,12 !125
3420 DATA .75,554,175,8,117,
12,.25,523,175,8,131,12,1,55
4,175,8,117,12,.5,554,233,8,
156,12 !022
3430 DATA .5,466,196,8,139,1
2,.5,523,156,8,131,12,.5,554

	,8,117,12,.75,622,185,8,
-	12 !028
3440	DATA .25,587,208,8,175,
	622,208,8,131,10,1,698,2
77,8	,208,10,1,622,196,8,156,
10 !	092
3450	DATA .25,392,208,8,156,
10,2	,466,196,8,156,10,4,415,
208,	8,131,10 !238
3460	CALL KEY(3,K,S)!190
3470	IF S<1 THEN 3460 ELSE 3
580	!237
3480	CALL HCHAR(6,17,102,6)!
228	
3490	CALL VCHAR(7,22,102,6)!
239	
3500	CALL HCHAR(13,17,32,5)!
227	
3510	CALL HCHAR (9, 17, 96) !016
3520	RETURN !136
3530	CALL HCHAR(6,17,32,6)!1
81	
3540	CALL VCHAR(7,22,32,6)!1
92	
3550	CALL HCHAR(9,17,97)!017
3560	CALL HCHAR(13,17,102,5)
1018	
3570	RETURN !136
3580	CALL CLEAR !209
3590	FND 1139

EXTENDED BASIC (plus)

Cottaging, archiving and networking

By BARRY TRAVER ©1992 B. Traver

In January 1987 — over five and a half years ago! — Ron Albright's Orphan Survival Handbook was published, containing helpful material "for owners and other custodians of the TI-99/4A and Geneve." I had the honor of writing the introduction to that book; in my introduction, I gave a brief presentation of "principal survival principles for life in the orphanage" entitled "we CAN do it!" (That introduction itself was based on a talk I gave for the 1986 Boston Fayuh.)

The "CAN" in the title was an acros-

tic/mnemonic, standing for Cottaging, Archiving, and Networking. Let's quickly look again at those principles, one by one, and then consider together what is important for survival in the 1990s, not only of the TI-99/4A in general, but also of TI Extended BASIC programming in particular.

(1) By "cottaging," I meant recognizing that one of the results of the computer revolution was the appearance of "cottage" industries, "mom-and-pop" outfits that can produce (and have produced) superior merchandise to that released by billion-dollar companies. As I said, we don't have to have Texas Instruments to survive, if we

recognize - and support - the resources available from such "cottage" operations: individuals, families, or small companies who can provide (and are providing) items for the TI-99/4A that TI never provided (and perhaps never would have provided, even if TI had continued to support the TI-99/4A).

(2) By "archiving," I was referring not to my Archiver program (already in existence at that time and later expanded by Barry Boone) but just to the practice of collecting TI material in general. The idea here was that we collect, preserve, and

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make available what has already been done. That applies to both software and information (although I hope no one will take my remarks as a justification for collecting pirated software!) Public domain software and fairware may and should be collected and distributed freely without any restrictions.

(3) By "networking," I meant simply working together as an extended family. There are lots of ways this can be done, but it would include such things as TI user groups, TI faires, TI electronic bulletin boards (both local and national, the latter including CompuServe, Delphi, and GEnie). Although I did not specifically mention it in my earlier article, I have come to believe that of crucial importance to our survival (especially after the dropping of the "Classic Computer" section from Computer Shopper and then later from VCM's Computer Monthly) is being part of the family of MICROpendium subscribers. There is no better way of keeping in contact with what is happening in the TI world, and I believe we will prosper only as MICROpendium prospers.

Here's how I concluded my article: "... you will get little benefit from your TI-99/4A unless you put these three principal principles into practice: Cottaging (i.,e., realizing that individuals and small companies can put out products equal or superior to those from TI), Archiving (i.e., collecting in a systematic way what has already been done for our machine), and Networking (i.e., working together with other TI'ers). We CAN survive and thrive—not merely as orphans, but as what we have become—as family!"

Well, to the amazement of many, the TI-99/4A did survive — and thrive — throughout the 1980s. Can the same hold true for the 1990s (especially in the area of TI Extended BASIC programming)? I believe it can, IF certain things take place. We have more than adequate *tools* to make this happen; the only question is whether we have the *people* to put them to use (and your own activity may be more essential to success than you realize).

WE 'CAN' STILL DO IT

I believe we CAN still do it, so let's look one more time at what we need to do, this time applying these same basic ideas to the situation in July 1992, particularly as it relates to TI Extended BASIC programs and programming.

Cottaging. My emphasis here is not on the XB programs but on XB programming. It is really amazing how many TI XB programming tools been made available throughout the '80s and early '90s. Whether the product be ordinary commercial software or fairware, it is important to our own survival that we support those individuals and small companies who are supporting us and that we thus encourage their survival. Buy the products and use them!

Archiving. Jim Peterson of Tigercub Software (156 Collingwood Avenue, Whitehall, OH 43213) has done an outstanding job of making available over 600 disks of public domain programs and fairware. He indeed offers "thousands of programs selected from the best from the U.S., Canada, Australia, England, Germany, Holland, and Belgium," and many (or most!?) of these programs are in TI Extended BASIC. (In fact, even the TI BASIC programs have been modified so as to run in TI XB.) Jim only charges \$1.50 a disk, and orders are postpaid if you order 8 or more disks.

User groups are another good source of TI XB programs (for example, check out the Southwest Ninety-Niners User Group, P.O. Box 17831, Tucson, AZ 85730, which sells disks for \$2 each, including postage), as are the software libraries on CompuServe, Delphi, and GEnie. As far as I am aware, however, Jim Peterson seems to be the best source of specifically TI XB programs. (I hope to encourage more TI XB activity on GEnie, but in general, the networks tend to be weaker in the area of Extended BASIC than they are in other programming languages, such as assembly or C.)

Mike Wright's TI enCYClopedia (available on-line on the TI RoundTable on GEnie; phone 1-800-638-9636 for information on subscribing) contains quite a bit of information on commercial TI XB programs released in the early 1980's. I'm hoping that we can work out getting permission for many of these to be released again, but this time as public domain or

fairware. Many of these programs will be "new" to the present TI community, and may motivate TI XB programmers today to write new TI XB programs.

Networking. Although some "networks" have weakened, most major ones still exist, and such associations have tremendous potential, IF people get involved and take advantage of the opportunities. For example, if you have a modem, you can become active on any of three major electronic networks, since CompuServe still has TI Forum, Delphi has TI-NET, and GEnie has TI RoundTable. Astounding as it may appear to others, TI fairs (Chicago/Milwaukee, Lima MUG, and the different Fest-Wests come immediately to mind) continue to occur on a regular basis, with attendees coming from many different states and often quite a few different countries.

Some user groups have declined in number of members, but continue to be active through the assistance of the "Newsletter Clearinghouse" project that was begun through the efforts of Irwif Hott and others. Because of mailing costs, some (e.g., the Cin-Day Users Group) are exploring such things as the mailing out of a quarterly "diskazine" instead of a monthly printed newsletter. TI-ECHO operating through local electronic BBS's (with some involvement of Delphi and GEnie) is also keeping TI'ers in contact with one another.

THE ROLE OF TI XBASIC

Having said all that, I want to concentrate on the issue of what I see specifically as to the future of TI Extended BASIC. That's what this column is all about, and I think there is no more important time than the present too consider seriously the situation. Put briefly, I do have some real concerns about things right now. In some ways, it's never been better, and in other ways, it's never been worse. The tools and the resources are better than ever before; the question is whether the people (including especially the average TI'er) can "get it together" in some concrete action and activities.

Let me share some encouragements an discouragements. For example, Jim Peterson has an amazingly large collection of Tl

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XB programs available. That's very encouraging. Very few of them were written in the 1990s. That's very discouraging. What is true of Jim's TI-PD Library is also true of what you'll find on CIS, Delphi, and GEnie; in user group libraries; etc. Why?

If you've read my recent columns, you know that the reason is not that people are "going IBM" because QuickBASIC has so much more to offer than does TI XB. QuickBASIC's CALL SOUND supports only one voice (not three voices like our TI XB, not to mention the noise generator), and OuickBASIC does not contain a CALL SAY. There are no sprite commands in QuickBASIC (remember: you do not have genuine sprites on an IBM or IBM clone. even if you have a VGA or super VGA card rather than a CGA or EGA card). What is simple to do in TI XB on an ordinary TI system is difficult or impossible to do in QuickBASIC on a normal IBM system (which may not even necessarily even allow you to have 16 colors on the screen at the same time!).

PLENTY OF XB EXTENSIONS

Not only is TI XB itself an amazingly friendly language (our ACCEPT AT is far superior to the normal INPUT routine in QuickBASIC), but we have a great number of "extensions" to TI XB that do not require complicated knowledge to use. Included here (in no particular order) are Jim Hollender's Super Extended BASIC (SXB), Super Extended BASIC (SEB), the

special Mechatronics Extended BASIC. Myarc's Extended BASIC II (or was it IV?), Curtis Provance's Enhanced Display Package (EDP), the earlier Display Enhancement Package (DEP), Richard Mitchell's String Master, Brad Snyder's 40-Column Utilities, my own "Extended Extended BASIC" (XXB), Harry Wilhelm's The Missing Link (TML), Jean Marleau's Multi-Mode Extended BASIC. Rich Gilbertson's RICH GKXB (a new and worthwhile entry available from CaDD), and more!

As you can see, I had no difficulty in mentioning a dozen such resources off the top of my head. Anyone who knows how to program in TI XB will have little difficulty in using any of these packages. It's a matter of merely learning some additional statements to those you already know. Knowledge of assembly language is not required, but you can expand your repertoire greatly. For example, with The Missing Link, you can put a TI-Artist picture on the screen, play music (anyone for Beethoven's "Moonlight Sonata"?), and make use of sprites, all at the same time!

OK. The resources are there. But where are the programs? For example, how many TML programs have you seen around (other than those published right here in MICROpendium)? The same holds for the other enhancements of Extended BASIC. Here's the problem as I see it: we have all the tools we need to enable even novice programmers to write professional programs, but where are the people writ-

ing — and sharing — the programs?

XB PROGRAMMERS NEEDED

I don't know what the cause is (perhaps it's a matter of TI XB programmers being intimidated by more "prestigious" languages like assembly or C, or maybe it's a matter of our having forgotten that "sharing" was one of the things that made the TI community so much fun and so strong). but I seriously believe that we need to recapture what earlier made the TI world so great. Are you writing TI XB programs? If not, why not? If so, are you making them available to other TI'ers?

Again, an "ordinary" TI running Extended BASIC program can run circles around an "ordinary" IBM running Quick-BASIC program. The joy of programming in TI XB is one of the reasons why I have remained with the machine. If the same is true for you, then let's see what we can do, working together, to get some things happening in the world of TI XB programming. The resources are there (I haven't even mentioned the potential of Todd Kaplan's XBAL which can enable even a novice programmer who doesn't understand assembly at all to embed assembly routines in his programs, such as the recent useful routines from Bruce Harrison and others), but potential is not enough: we need to realize that potential.

T.S. Eliot suggested that the world will end "not with a bang, but with a whimper." If doomsayers are right in their prediction that the TI world is coming to an end, then I say that we should do our best to see that it ends not with a whimper, but with a bang! In the coming months, for example, I hope to do what I can not only here in MI-CROpendium (which is limited in what it can accomplish in 32 or 48 pages per issue) but also on the TI RoundTable on GEnie (if people are interested) to make more TI XB programs available and to help TI XB programmers use the many tools available. We're at an important point in our history, but I'm hoping (and expecting) to see some new TI XB action in the TI community. My attitude is one of "cautious optimism." Whether or not we see a revival of TI XB programs and programming, however, is something that is ultimately dependent not upon me, but upon YOU. Keep on compuTIn'!

New BBS on line

Vanishing Point BBS is now running 24 hours a day at (904) 362-4559 at baud rates from 300 to 38,400, according to Stan Krajewski, who notes he may be reached or files sent regarding his MICROreview column through this board.

He says the board contains 18 downloadable areas, two of which are for the TI, 11 on-line games, nine message areas and file doors. The BBS runs on a 386sx clone with 115 meg. available hard drive space. Krajewski recommends Fast Term for uploads or downloads, but says Telco must be used to take advantage of the graphics and on-line game. The board contains more than 100 Gif files. He says TI files are available, but notes that more should be added to make the section work for TIers.

German fair slated

The seventh international TI-Computer-Treffen is scheduled to be held Oct. 9-11 in Wiesbaden, Germany.

For further information contact Horst Wiese, Elenorenstr. 6, DW-6200 Wiesbaden, Germany. Persons writing should send return postage in the form of International Reply Coupons. These are available for purchase in any post office.

THE ART OF ASSEMBLY - PART 14

Crossing the bridge to Option 5

By BRUCE HARRISON ©1992 Harrison Software

In all our Assembly work so far in this series, we've concentrated our attention on programs to execute as Option 3 (Load and Run) from the E/A menu. We have made some excursions into the mysteries of Loaders, but not much in the area of using TI's • SAVE utility to make our programs into Option 5 directly.

Let's start by simply stating that, in the E/A manual, there are lots of things TI forgot to tell you about this process of converting from Option 3 to Option 5. In some ways, it's a little like crossing from Staten Island to Brooklyn by first building the Verrazano Narrows bridge.

Let's say you've written and debugged an Assembly program, and everything is working just the way you want it under Option 3. Now you want to convert it to Option 5, so you get out the big book and start at page 420. You put in the labels SFIRST. SLOAD, SLAST, make sure your first instruction at label SFIRST is an executable one, save your source code to disk and Assemble it. Now you load in your object file and the SAVE utility, and enter at label SAVE. Everything looks fine. You give the Option 5 program a file name "DSK1.ANYPROG", and SAVE makes one or more memory image files.

Now you run an immediate test of this by loading DSK1.ANYPROG under Option 5. So long as you haven't used GPLLNK, everything will work. (We'll get into the strange case of GPLLNK in a little bit.) You go on about your business, happy that what TI said was okay.

Later, you start up your computer anew, and try DSK1.ANYPROG from Option 5. Nothing works. The screen goes green, no displays appear, the keyboard does not respond except to Function-Ouit, and you're mystified. The problem is actually quite a simple one. Remember those "Utility" vectors like VMBW, VSBW, KSCAN, and so on that you used in your Option 3 program? They haven't been placed in low memory for you by Option 5. When you made that first trial just after the SAVE operation, those utilities were still in place from the Option 3 loading operation. Now that you've made a clean start, there's nothing there, so the first place in your program that calls for one of those will simply lock up the computer.

You have at this point fallen victim to something TI forgot to mention on pages 420 and 421 of the manual, namely that Option 5 does not load those utilties into low memory for you.

You have a few options at this point in your progam's development. You could forget about Option 5 and simply keep your program running as Option 3 only. That's okay for your own use, but the program will take longer to load each time you want to use it, and you'll always feel that this program is unfinished.

You could rework your program so that it doesn't use those low-memory utilities, but that's really a big pain. You could write your own utilities to perform these functions, but that's an even bigger pain. You could use a tool like Art Green's Linker and Li-

(See Page 15)

Sidebar

- * TWO WAYS TO CONVERT FROM OPTION 3 TO OPTION 5
- * FIRST IS FOR NORMAL HIGH MEMORY LOADED PROGRAMS
- * EXAMPLE OF "WRAPPER" FOR OPTION 5 PROGRAM FILE * TAKEN FROM OUR CRYPTOGRAM GAME PROGRAM

DEF SFIRST, SLOAD, SLAST DEFINITIONS NEEDED BY SAVE UTILITY

SFIRST SLOAD

LWPI WST LOAD TEMPORARY WORKSPACE R9,EAUT POINT R9 AT STORED UTILITIES

LI R10,>2094 POINT R10 AT >2094 IN LOW MEMORY

R4.>23BA->2094 LOAD R4 WITH NUMBER OF BYTES TO MOVE PUTUT MOV *R9+,*R10+ MOVE ONE WORD, INCREMENT POINTERS BY TWO

DECT R4 DECREMENT COUNT BY TWO JNE PUTUT IF NOT ZERO, REPEAT OPERATION

* MAIN PROGRAM'S CODE STARTS HERE

* THE MAIN PROGRAM AND ITS DATA SECTION ARE

* "SANDWICHED" HERE RETWEEN THE PART THAT REPLACES

* THE UTILITIES AND THE PART THAT SAVES THEM INTO

* MEMORY THAT WILL BECOME PART OF THE MEMORY IMAGE FILE

* MAIN PROGRAM'S DATA SECTION ENDS HERE

EVEN INSURE THAT EAUT IS AT AN EVEN MEMORY LOCATION EATIT

BSS >23BA->2094 LENGTH OF BSS IS 806 BYTES REF REFERENCE TI'S SAVE UTILITY SAVE

DEE SAVIT DEFINE OUR SAVIT ENTRY POINT

SLAST

* SLAST MARKS THE END OF WHAT THE SAVE UTILITY WILL PUT IN MEM-IM FILE SAVIT

MOV R11,@>8300STASH R11

LWPI WST LOAD OUR TEMPORARY WORKSAPCE

R9.>2094 POINT R9 AT BEGINNING OF AREA TO BE SAVED

R10.EAUT POINT R10 AT MEMORY LOCATION ABOVE R4.>23BA->2094 LOAD R4 WITH NUMBER OF BYTES TO MOVE

(806)

GETLP MOV *R9+,*R10+ MOVE ONE WORD AND INCREMENT POINTERS BY TWO DECT R4 DECREMENT COUNT BY TWO

INE GETT-P IF NOT ZERO, REPEAT AT LABEL GETLP @SAVE BRANCH DIRECTLY TO TI'S SAVE UTILITY

RSS 32 OUR TEMPORARY WORKSPACE END

* END OF FIRST "SANDWICH" SOURCE CODE

* SECOND "SANDWICH"

* BUILT-IN SAVER FOR LOW-MEMORY PROGRAMS

* ADD THESE PROGRAM LINES TO CONVERT PROGRAM

* FROM OPTION 3 TO OPTION 5

* AFTER ASSEMBLY, LOAD AS OPTION 3, THEN

* ENTER WITH PROGRAM NAME GETUT TO SAVE PROGRAM

* AS OPTION 5 PROGRAM FILE

* THIS PART GOES BEFORE MAIN BODY OF PROGRAM

DEF GETUT

AORG >2678 ABSOLUTE ORIGIN AT >2678

SFIRST SLOAD

LWPI TWS LOAD TEMPORARY WORKSPACE

R9, SAVUT POINT AT MEMORY BLOCK WITH UTILITIES

R10,>2094 POINT AT DESTINATION FOR UTILITIES LOAD R4 WITH LENGTH OF BLOCK R4,>23BA->2094

PUTUL MOV *R9+,*R10+ MOVE ONE WORD AND INCREMENT POINTERS BY TWO

DECREMENT COUNT BY TWO

IF NOT ZERO, MOVE ANOTHER WORD

* MAIN PROGRAM GOES HERE - BE SURE TO REMOVE AORG AND END FROM MAIN PROGRAM

* NEXT PART GOES AFTER END OF MAIN PROGRAM

EVEN

SPACE FOR SAVING UTILITIES

SAVUT BSS >23BA->2094

SLAST GETUT MOV R11,@>8300 STASH REGISTER 11

THE ART OF ASSEMBLY—

(Continued from Page 14)

brary system, which provides Art's own versions of those utilities embedded in your program file. (We have a copy of Art Green's Linker disk, purchased from him several years ago at Ottawa, but have never used it. Judging only by its documentation, it looks as if it would work nicely, but we can't say for certain.)

The method that we've used in all of our Option 5 conversions has been simply to stash the needed utilities in our own program space as a data block, then put them in their proper place in memory when the program starts. We take 806 bytes from low memory and place that at the very end of our program before branching to the SAVE utility.

The first part of today's sidebar shows how we do this, using what one might call a "wrapper" around our main program. There's a short section of code at the very beginning of the program, to put the utilities in place, and a short section of code after SLAST that is used to get the utilities into our own memory space before branching to TI's SAVE utility. Once our program has been assembled this way, we load the object file from Option 3, then load the SAVE utility. Now instead of using the Program Name SAVE, we use the Program Name SAVIT, which is like a mini-program within our own program. This stashes the utilities, then branches to TI's utility to actually make the memory-image file(s).

Another important note: If your program itself loads into low memory, as with an AORG, TI's SAVE utility can't be used to make it an Option 5 Program File, because that utility itself loads into low memory, and will overwrite the program you've just loaded. For that instance, we use our own "SAVE" utility, tacked onto the back end of our main program. This method was used in our Smart Connect programs, to let all of High Memory remain available for stashing a file being brought in from a PC. Source code for that is in the second part of today's sidebar.

THE STRANGE CASE OF GPLLNK

We mentioned earlier the "strange case" of GPLLNK, and per haps now would be a good time to explain that statement.

TI's built-in GPLLNK will work just fine so long as we're operating in the straight Option 3 environment, without an Auto-Start label in our program. Once we're out of that "envelope", the TI GPLLNK seems to run amok. Even saving all the utilities as we've shown in today's sidebar will not allow our Option 5 program to use the TI GPLLNK. The symptom that shows up is easy to describe, but so far we've not found any way to explain it. Let's say for example that we've used BLWP @GPLLNK followed by DATA > 34 to make a beep when our program is ready for a user input. In normal Option 3 mode, where we've typed in the entry point as a PROGRAM NAME, all is well. The beep happens as expected, and as long as we've remembered to include LIMI 2 and LIMI 0 in our key acceptance loop, the beep stops itself after the normal duration.

If, however, we used the Auto-Start option in our Option 3 program, the beep results in taking us immediately out of our program. It places us at the PROGRAM NAME input location (without the prompt), and our program is essentially dead. We can type

(See Page 18)

```
LOAD TEMPORARY WORKSPACE
      LWPL TWS
            R9,>2094
                     POINT AT START OF UTILITIES
      1.1
            RIO, SAVUT POINT AT MEMORY SPACE
      1.1
            R4 >23BA->2094
                            LOAD R4 WITH LENGTH OF BLOCK
       1.1
                       MOVE ONE WORD AND INCREMENT POINTERS BY TWO
GETLP MOV *R9+.*R10+
                     DECREMENT COUNT BY TWO
       DECT: R4
           GETLP
                      IF NOT ZERO, REPEAT
       INE
            RO,>1000
                      POINT ROAT PERIPHERAL ACCESS BLOCK IN VDP
       11
            RESPABOT POINT TO DATA FOR PAB
       1.1
                      25 BYTES TO WRITE
       1.1
            R2.25
                      WRITE PAB DATA INTO VDP (~2110 IS VMBW VECTOR)
       BUWP (a)>2110
                      ADD NINETO RO
       Αl
            R0.9
            R0.@>8356 MOVE PAB+9 ADDRESS TO >8356
       MOV
                      POINT AT VDP BUFFER LOCATION
            RO >1070
       11
                      SIX BYTES TO WRITE
       1.1
            R2 6
            RI HEADERFOR FILE HEADER
       1.1
                      WRITE HEADER TO BUFFER
       BLWP@>2110
                      ADD HEADER LENGTH TO VDP ADDRESS
            R2.R0
            R2, SLAST-SFIRST LENGTH OF ENTIRE PROGRAM IN R2
       LI
            RISHRST
                      R1 POINTS TO START OF PROGRAM
       BLWP @>2110
                      WRITE MEMORY IMAGETO VDP BUFFER
       CLR @>837C
                      CLEAR GPL STATUS BYTE
       BLWP (a)>2120
                      CALL DSR LINK AGE VECTOR AT >2120
       DATA 8
                      DATA MUST BE 8
       LWP1 >83B0
                      LOAD GPL WORKSPACE
       CLR
            (a)>837C
                      CLEAR GPU STATUS BYTE
            @>006A
                      RETURN TO GPL INTERPRETER
       BSS
                      TEMPORARY WORKSPACE
HEADERDATA O,SLAST-SFIRST,>2678
 CHANGE FILE NAME IN SPABOT AS NEEDED
* BE SURE LENGTH BYTE AT SPABDIT+9 MATCHES LENGTH OF NAME
SPABDT DATA >0600,>1020,0,SLAST+6-SFIRST,>000X
       TEXT 'DSKLANYPROG
 * END OF SECOND "SANDWICH"
```

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#240 ON DISK V4 #5

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EX+COMP

THE ART OF ASSEMBLY—

(Continued from Page 15)

in the Program Name at the prompt and re-start, but that defeats the purpose of having the Auto-Start option in the first place. The same symptom will show up in the case of an Option 5 program that uses TI's GPLLNK. Why, you ask, does this happen? Sorry, but we don't know. We've tried numerous ways to get this effect not to happen, but always to no avail. We've resorted to using a separate GPLLNK routine (see No. 7 in this series) to provide the GPLLNK services in our programs.

If any of our readers can shed some light into this dark corridor of TI operation, we'd be happy to get some feedback on the matter. A letter to the Feedback column would be most appreciated, or even a letter to us at 5705 40th Place, Hyattsville, MD 20781, would be cheerfully accepted. In either case, we'd like to know the why of this little problem, and any solution short of providing a separate GPLLNK.

In the course of our many experiments to come up with a viable method of making the utilities available under Option 5, we've made a "mapping" of the locations of all these E/A utilities, which is probably worth sharing with our readers. Here it is:

coucin morting		our reducts. Here it is.
VECTOR	ADDR	WORKSPACE/CODE
GPLLNK	>2100	>2094/>21C4
XMLLNK	>2104	>2094/>2196
KSCAN	>2108	>2094/>21DE
VSBW	>210C	>2094/>21F4
VMBW	>2110	>2094/>2200
VSBR	>2114	>2094/>220E
VMBR	>2118	>2094/>221A
VWTR	>211C	>2094/>22B2
DSRLNK	>2120	>209A/>22B2
LOADER	>2124	>20DA/>23BA

Most of these utilities use the workspace at > 2094, and, except for the object code LOADER, their code sections end at > 23BA.

A quick glance at our sidebar will reveal that we save all of the area from >2094 through >23BA into our program space. We don't save the loader's code, which extends some distance beyond >23BA, since we don't generally need an object code loader in our programs. We do save the contents of the workspace at >2094, since this seems necessary for correct operation of TI's DSRLNK. Thus 806 bytes are saved and replaced by our SAVIT and PUTUT loops.

Note here, as in some examples we've shown previously, that we use a temporary workspace while saving and loading the utilities, since those envelop our usual workspace at > 20BA. Within the programs themselves we "recycle" parts of the memory used to stash the utilities as general purpose memory. For example, if we need a couple of 80 character spaces, we will use EAUT for one of them and EAUT+80 for another. We sometimes use that space for our subroutine return address stack.

SECOND PART IS TRICKY

The second part of today's sidebar is a bit more tricky to use. In this case, you have to put the name of the planned Option 5 file directly in the source code, and remember to change the length byte at the end of SPABDT. In the example we've put in the name "DSKI.ANYPROG", which has 12 characters in it, and made

the length byte > 0C at the end of SPABDT.

There are reminders in the source code that bear highlighting here as well. When you wrap this "sandwich" with the source code shown, you must be sure to remove the END directive from the end of your main program, else the assembler will never assemble the second slice of bread. Also, in the case of the low memory programs, there will be an AORG at the start of the main program. This must be removed so that the AORG in the first part of our "sandwich" will define the memory location for the program. We've used >2678 in that AORG directive, since that's usually the first available low memory location when we start up under E/A.

In this second part of source code, we've used absolute numbers for the utility vectors VMBW and DSRLNK, and the absolute address for the GPL STATUS byte and GPL Workspace. This was done simply to avoid conflicting with the REF statements you may have included in the main program's code. We'd create Assembly errors if we also REF'd the same utilities, so we took advantage of our "mapping" to put the absolute numbers in here.

Before we leave this subject, we'll call your attention to the DATA at the line labelled HEADER in the source code. When TI's SAVE utility is used to make Option 5 files, it takes care of placing the header on the file for you. Here, where we are in effect making our own "SAVE" utility, we compose the header in three data statements. The first data word is zero to indicate that this file is not "chained" to others. Thus the Option 5 loading process will not bother looking for another file named "DSKI.ANYPROH" to load after "DSKI.ANYPROG".

The second word of data in the header is the length of the actual memory image content of the program. We've made the Assembler calculate that number for you by placing the expression SLAST-SFIRST in the data line. (A similar trick was used in the PAB data, with +6 added to account for the header.) The last of the three words is the origin of the program in memory, and this we've set to >2678. If you've used some other origin, you might want to change that to read SFIRST instead of an absolute number.

If your low-memory program is tight for memory space, you could place an AORG > A000 directive just before label GETUT, so that the second slice of bread will appear in high memory instead of using valuable low-memory space.

Please remember that the method shown in today's article is only one way of getting across from Option 3 to Option 5. There are probably a hundred or so other ways to accomplish this mission, but we've given you a way that we know works reliably, because we've used these methods in our own programs. We'd be very pleased if readers who know "better" ways would share them through letters or items for the "User Notes" column.

NEXT MONTH: GENEVE COMPATIBILITY

In our next article, we'll try to wrestle with some problems of making programs compatible with Geneve. That effort will be hampered somewhat by the fact that we don't own one of those, but our tips will be rather generic anyway.

Lima Fair Update

Bud Mills says SCSI interface due in August

A SCSI interface for the TI99/4A will be ready in August, according to Bud Mills of Bud Mills Services, in a recent telephone conversation with MICROpendium.

Mills and Don O'Neil of Western Horizon Technologies, who is developing the SCSI, discussed it and several other hardware products at the Lima Multi User Group Conference in May.

A SCSI (pronounced scuzzy) will support up to seven drives, and will allow data to be transferred to the P-box at the rate of one megabyte per second, according to O'Neil. It will allow the TI to talk to scanners and allow ASCII files to be read from IBM format to TI-Writer without a conversion program.

Estimated price for the SCSI is \$170.

O'Neil says his Accelerator is no longer "on hold" and he is working on it again after receiving information from TI. Depending on options used, the Accelerator will cause the TI to operate at eight times the console speed or twice the speed of the Geneve. Al Beard has agreed to write floating point math routines for it, he says.

Another product in the works is a 4A MEMEX card which will operate similarly to the MEMEX card for the Geneve. Expansion up to 16 megabytes would be possible, O'Neil says. O'Neil demonstrated his DigiPort sound product at Lima also.

Bud Mills Services is at 166 Dartmouth

Dr., Toledo OH 43614-2911. Phone number is (419) 385-5946 (voice) or (419) 385-7484. Western Horizon Technologies is at 10225 Jean Ellen Dr., Gilroy, CA 95020, (408) 848-5947.

MIDI-MASTER V.3 COMING

Mike Maksimik of Crystal Software told fairgoers that he is nearing completion of V.3.0 of MIDI-Master, which is scheduled to have several configurations. MIDI-Master operates with the TI and a MIDI-compatible keyboard, using the RS232 interface.

V.3.0S (standard) requires a TI99/4A with 32K and a disk system. Two disk drives are preferable, but not required.

(See Page 20)

McKechnie, active Tler, victim of 'thrill kill'

John McKechnie, author of hardware articles appearing in a number of publications, including MICROpendium, was found dead in the taxi he drove in East Vancouver, British Columbia,

According to a message posted by James Atrill of the BC 99ers and appearing on a number of TI bulletin boards, McKechnie had been shot in the head and twice more in the upper torso. He was found slumped forward over the wheel with the engine running and his foot still on the gas pedal. He had not been robbed. As there were no sign of a struggle and all shots came from behind, a theory advanced is that the slaying may have been a "thrill kill."

McKechnie had unearthed the changes required to use the Super Extended BASIC Cartridge in a Widget and to allow full use of the SEB's editing features or John Guion's Multi-Mod with the Rave keyboard. McKechnie designed a number of circuits for use with the Foundation memory card, which first brought memory capacity up to 1 meg., then battery backed the card, then allowed the card to function as a Horizon compatible RAMdisk with memory backup via a Super Computer.

He had established the West End Bulletin Board Service, the first dedicated TI BBS in the Vancouver area. According to the post, his efforts were instrumental in a number of changes to the Tex-Link BBS program to improve hard drive support.

McKechnie was active on GEnie and had served as the North West Representative for Delphi's TI-NET, serving as a conference host and moderator.

He was a member of the Central Presbyterian Church in Vancouver, where he sang in the choir, and had recently modified the church lighting and rewired the building to reduce power consumption. He had donated computer equipment and computerized the church's administrative functions. As a volunteer for the Vancouver Co-op radio station, he maintained and repaired equipment.

Funeral services were held May 31 at Central Presbyterian Church. Those attending included an estimated 1,200 taxi drivers.

A memorial trust fund to benefit Patti McKechnie, his wife of less than two years, was established by Jan Prins, owner of Advance Cabs. The Vancouver Taxi Association has pledged to match whatever amount the existing fund generates. The B.C. 99ers will contribute to the fund and also accept donations on its behalf, according to the post.

Contributions may be sent to The John McKechnie Memorial Fund, c/o The Bank of Montreal, 2 W. Hastings, Vancouver, B.C., Canada, V3L 2B2, phone (604) 665-7200; or c/o B.C. 99er Users' Group, 216 10th Ave., New Westminster, B.C., Canada, V3L 2B2, phone (604) 522-2598; or c/o the B.C. 99er Users Group, Ste. K, 237 W. 2nd St., North Vancouver, B.C., Canada V7M 1C9, phone (604) 988-0515.

Checks or money orders should be made payable to the John McKechnie Memorial Fund in all cases. Cards and letters for Patti McKechnie may be directed to either of the addresses for the users group, but the post asks that they clearly indicate the

LIMA REPORT—

(Continued from Page 19)

V.3.0E needs 128K plus 32K, and will work with the RAMBO Mod or the forthcoming 4A MEMEX. Maksimik says he developed this because of requests for a more expensive system. This can load in more music including converted Cakewalk files from IBM.

V.3.0EX will run on a 99/4A with extra memory and 9938 video. It uses graphics for a full screen display with notes. It will access a RAMBO device or a 256K RAMdisk.

V.3.0G is for a Geneve 9640 system and a mouse. It needs 128K memory free and will access RAMBO or a MEMEX card.

Maksimik says V.30S will probably be his last release for a standard 32K system.

The MIDI-Master sells for \$45 from Crystal Software, 635 Mackinaw, Calumet City, IL 60409-4014.

NEWSLETTER CLEARINGHOUSE

Irwin Hott reported that the newsletter clearinghouse has been up and running since November and that 17 or 18 user groups belong. The board has II libraries which contain original material from newsletters, which member groups can upload or mail on disk.

Material includes articles from U.S. user group newsletters; articles from Sweden, Australia and England; and Tips from

the Tigercub and miscellaneous articles by Jim Peterson.

The clearinghouse functions as part of the Spirit of 99 BBS, (614) 851-0708, operated by the Central Ohio Ninety-Niners.

RICH GKXB ON POP-CART DISK

Gary Bowser of Oasis Pensive Abacutors demonstrated his TI Image Maker and the Pop-Cart, a cartidge containing a set of programs. These programs may be user designated or selected by OPA. (See April 1992 MI-CROpendium). The version shown at the Lima fair contained. among other programs, a new operating system and RICH GKXB and RICH GKEA, enhanced Extended BASIC and Editor/Assembler programs developed by Rich Gilbertson.

Bowser says OPA is developing an accounting package which will require RAMBO memory and have an autosave capability.

OPA is at 432 Jarvis St. 501-502, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M4Y 2H3. Phone is (416) 960-0925 (8 a.m.-1 p.m. eastern time); (416) 963-8484 (24-hour hotline); (416) 921-2731 (24-hour BBS).

LOU PHILLIPS TO PROGRAM

Beery Miller of 9640 News spoke about his work on purchasing MDOS and development prospects for Geneve 9640 software. He says Lou Phillips of Myarc says he hopes to writes applications and routines for the machine once the transaction is carried out. (See April 1992 MI-CROpendium.)

He says Phillips told him that some dealers still have unsold Geneves, and that fewer than 1,000 of the machines were sold.

Miller publishes the magazine on disk, 9640 News, P.O. Box 752465, Memphis, TN 38175-2465.

OTHER PRESENTATIONS

Other presentations on the tape from the Lima fair include:

- Lee Bendick demonstrating TI's 99/8, only 250 of which were ever made.
- Ken Gilliland demonstrating products from Notung Software, 7647 McGroarty St., Tujunga, CA 91042, (816) 951-2718.
- Dolores Werths of Harrison Software demonstrating uses of a MIDI for a musician, including using it as a "music minus one" device for practicing a single part in a duet or ensemble. Bruce Harrison of Harrison Software demonstrating other products from the company, 5705 40th Place, Hyattsville, MD 20781-1727.
- Charles Good of the Lima Users Group demonstrating changes in the text editor of Tony McGovern's Funnelweb program.
- Joe Ross demonstrating c-Shell 99. Write him at 119 Knollwood Terrace, Clifton, NJ 07012.
- Ken Gladesewski demonstrating a robot interface, analog to digital conversion for a temperature sensing device and limited voice recognition, all with a TI. Schematics and articles relating to the project are available from him. Send a large self addressed envelope with two postage stamps to him at 6440 St. Rt. 86, Concord, OH 44077.

National group adopts hardware standards

The National Committee for TI Standards released the following hardware standards after a meeting at the Lima Multi Users Group Conference in May, according to Don O'Neil, facilitator for the group:

Level A: TI99/4A console, TV or monitor, cassette deck and cable.

Level B: Level A plus 32K memory expansion, EA/5 loader (e.g., Extended BASIC, Editor/Assembler, Supercart, TI-Writer, Multiplan).

Level C: Level B plus RS232, double-sided single-density disk drive and controller.

Level D: Level C plus 128K or greater CPU RAM bankable in at least 8K segments.

Level E: Level D plus 9938/58 VDP with 128K VDP RAM (any 80-column card) or a Geneve.

The group selected as its first project to write a universal DSR for memory access to all current extended memory cards (Myarc/Cor-Comp 128/256/512K, RAMBO, Geneve, RAVE, etc.)

The group plans to exchange information about the current RAM cards at the Chicago TI Faire Oct. 31, O'Neil says. Once the DSR is completed and documented, the group plans to release it in the public domain. Persons with information on accessing RAM cards are asked to contact NCTIS at the Chicago Faire or members of the group which met in Lima.

They include O'Neil; David Connery, Used TI Equipment; Vic Steerup, consumer, Beery Miller, 9640 News; Mike Maksimik, Crystal Software; Bud Mills, Bud Mills Services; Mark Wacholz, Media Ware Software; Ken Gilliland, Notung Software; and Mike Sealy, MS Express Software.

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Newsbytes

Publication highlights TIs at Marian Hall

SALT, a quarterly magazine for friends of the Sisters of Charity, BVM, recently carried an article about retired members of the order at Mount Carmel and Marian Hall in Dubuque, Iowa, using computers.

The article was sent to MICROpendium by William Berendts, who along with his wife recently visited Sister Pat Taylor at Marian Hall. Sister Pat told MICROpendium that Berendts made a video for the Ozark 99ers, who had made donations of computer materials, of the banners produced by the sisters. She noted that Leland Piper of the Ozark 99ers had created many of the graphics used on the banners there. When the visit was made, 81 banners were on display for Nursing Home Week, all created with the TI, she said.

The article noted that Sister Pat had begun with one donated TI and programs in 1987. Now there are three TI systems at Marian Hall and three being used by members of the order in the community.

A second computer has been readied for the computing classes by Sister Margaret Mary Flynn, taught to Dubuque senior citizens at the Roberta Kuhn Center. Sister Pat uses one to teach keyboard skills and program use to a Dubuque man who is paraplegic because of spina bifida. Other TI uses highlighted in the article are word processing for Christmas letters which can be individualized as desired and decorated with computer graphics.

"Catherina Walsh, BVM, did 70 letters last December; Noreen Walsh and Blandina Mosgrove did almost 100," states the article by Mira Mosle, BVM.

Also in use are mail lists and labels, provided by Beatrice Joyce, BVM, and others. The article quotes Sister Pat as saying that these ""save shaky hands from having to write addresses."

Also, Florentina Daly, BVM, assisted by Ann Michele Shay, BVM, personalizes more than 200 birthday signs for each resident in the course of a year, the article says. Sisters color in these messages as well as sign-up sheets for house activities and celebrations. Hand-colored banners are also generated by the sisters. Sister Pat notes that Sister Alice Caulfield asked her to print house goals in an illustrated form to aid sisters with memory impairment from age and disease.

Agna Condon, BVM, generates greeting cards for the sisters and for use as bingo prizes and as a donation for a parish which sends the greetings to its elderly for birthdays and uses them as fund-raisers.

Modified keyboards aid Thomas Greene, BVM, and others who can use only one hand, the article says. Volunteers have designed adjustable "compute mobiles" to accommodate the height needed for wheelchairs.

The article also discussed meetings of lay TI users hosted at Marian Hall.

Sister Pat told MICROpendium that many user groups send newsletters to Marian Hall.

She adds that many computers are in closets which with a few modifications could help individuals with diseases and impairments. With its large print, the TI is ideal for aged individuals she notes.

"Three sisters who are in their 90s who never even used it before are using it to-day," she notes. "So I'd say to younger people, 'What are you afraid of?""

Computer equipment donations may be made to Marian Hall c/o Sister Pat Taylor, 1050 Carmel 132, Dubuque, IA 52003.

Redesigned mouse released by Asgard

Asgard Software has reduced the price on its mouse to \$39.95, a savings which Chris Bobbitt of the company says has resulted from recent design changes which he says also have produced a more reliable product. The company has also released a new program, Page Pro Composer.

Installed by attaching to an RS232 connector, the mouse can be used by plugging it in and running any Asgard Mouse compatible program. A disk included with the device contains a driver for using the mouse with TI-Artist/FI-Artist Plus, as well as two demonstration programs.

Until Nov. 1, Bobbitt says, a copy of Asgard's Classic Checkers, which retails for \$14.95, will be included with each mouse ordered. He notes that previous problems related to sporadic shipments of the Asgard Mouse have been resolved.

Page Pro 99, written by Bobbit, is a twodisk package said to allow the user to create documents of almost 1,000 pages; print pages in either landscape or portrait page orientations; and create pages in a range of different printer resolutions. Each page can contain up to 30 pictures of any size, according to Bobbitt. He says the extended printer support means that even the largest pictures converted from PCX files with Asgard's GOFER, or from Mac-Paint format with Asgard's Pix Pro, can be displayed and printed as is.

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LIMA REPORT—

(Continued from Page 20)

- Mickey Schmitt of MS Express Software, demonstrating adventure games, and Norman Rokke, demonstrating his Sliding Block Puzzles marketed by the company. MS Express is at P.O. Box 498, Richmond, OH 43944-0498.
- Eunice Spooner teaching TI Logo to Meaghan Good, a first-grade student who had no experience to the program prior to the conference. A five-hour Logo videotape and a demo disk are available for \$10 from her at Webb Rd. Box 3720 RFD, Waterville, ME 04901.
 - Mark von Coppenolle of CaDD Elec-

tronics, demonstrating the Gramulator, a device which allows the user to save a cartridge to disk, and the disk version of RICH GKXB. CaDD Electronics is at 81 Prescott Rd., Raymond, NH 03077-2624.

• Interviews by Mel Nomina of vendors at the fair.

The 17-hour set of three videotapes are available to any users group, dealer or paid member of the Lima Users Group for \$15, or for three blank tapes and \$3.75. Send payments to the Lima Users Group, c/o Charles W. Good, Box 647, Venedocia, OH 45894.

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(Continued from Page 21)

He notes that although Page Composer can work by itself, it works best used with Page Pro 99 and compatible artwork.

"In conjunction with Page Pro 99 it is a powerful tool for laying out newsletters and periodicals, reports and other documents," he says.

Page Composer was written to work specifically with a mouse. Similarly to mouse software for other computers, Page Composer features an icon interface where program functions are selected by "clicking" a picture; scroll bars and arrows for moving the window around pages; "dialogue boxes" where users se-

lect options and specify filenames; and "buttons" for making choices between options. Typing is required only for entering filenames and page numbers. While compatible with both the keyboard and joysticks, the program is most easily used with an Asgard Mouse, according to the manufacturer.

The program is fully compatible with the HFDC and the Geneve 9640.

The suggested retail price of Page Composer is \$17.95. Owners of Page Pro 99 can purchase the program for \$14.95 by including a photocopy of the program disk with their orders. A shipping and handling charge of \$3 needs to be added to all orders.

Orders may be sent to Asgard Software. P.O. Box 10306, Rockville, MD 20849.

ImageWise programs available from R.F.W.

Several video digitizer programs for use with the ImageWise system and the TI99/4A are marketed by R.F.W. Enterprises.

ImageWise for the 9918A Video Display Processor by Steve Langguth contains three programs, GRAB, SHOW and CONVERT.

GRAB transfers the data from the ImageWise digitizer/transmitter board to the 99/4A, then to disk as a data file 246 sectors long in display fixed 128 format.

SHOW, written in Extended BASIC, is used to send a picture file created with GRAB and the d/t board to the receiver/display board to be displayed on a TV monitor. (The program and the receiver/display board are not necessary to digitize pictures and use them with the 99/4A.)

CONVERT converts the data file created with GRAB and the d/t board into a form that can be used with the 99/4A. The user can save the picture created with CONVERT in TI-Artist format. This allows the user to use TI-Artist to enhance pictures and use various slide-show programs.

Source code is included in the package, which sells for \$9.95 plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.

ImageWise Portrait Print is a poster size print routine for Epson and compatible dot matrix printers that can handle compressed mode printing. It will print a 17x22 inch poster size printout of an ImageWise digitizer GRAB file, according to the manufacturer. It requires a TI99/4A or compatible, 32K memory expansion, disk drive system and an Editor/Assembler type five loader. Price is \$5.95 plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.

The ImageWise Display Routine by Barry Boone was designed for use on a TI99/4A computer with a Yamaha 9938 (See Page 23)

READER TO READER

☐ Giancarlo Antici, via G. Cardano 170 C 2, 00146 Roma, Italy, would like to correspond with other TI99/4A users who use the hard disk and Hard and Floppy Disk Controller. He has used it for one year, ""experiencing various problems, but also finding solutions and fitting software for use with the HD, and would like to share experience with other interested people, everywhere in the world."

☐ Curtis A. Gadd, 17412 Clifton Blvd., Lakewood, OH 44107-2212, a member of TI Chips in Cleveland, writes:

Is it possible that someone in the TI world has written an amortization program that will accommodate or accept payments of unequal amounts and recompute balances?

All of the amortization programs I have or have heard of for the TI only accept fixed data — example, fixed amount of mortgage, fixed term of payments and fixed rate of interest. There are programs for our PC but very expensive. As it is, when I receive a payment with an additional sum to be applied to principal, I have to haul out my HP 12C calculator. It would be nice to boot it up in the TI and print out the results. Can anyone help?

□ Robert M. Carmany, 1504 Larson St., Greensboro, NC 27407, writes: While going through some old MICROpendium magazines, I came across a review for Super Extended BASIC. It seems the cartridge was manufactured by Millers Graphics in 1987 (and later) and subsequently marketed by Triton Products. Since both are no longer in the TI business, I wonder if there is any other source currently available for this cartridge. I have been unable to locate a vendor that advertises the SXB cartridge in any literature. If anyone knows of a source for either the SXB cartridge or the German-produced Expanded Extended BASIC that was introduced at the 6th TI-Treffen in Berlin, I would appreciate hearing from you. Either will do for the programming application that I have in mind.

☐ Ernest Feil, 449 Purrington, Petaluma, CA 94952, writes:

I have a Mechatronic 80 column, defective. Where can I get it repaired?

☐ Michael Mickelsen, 1549 Webster Lane, Des Plaines, IL 60018, writes:

I am looking to install 32K in my TI console or the Speech Synthesizer. I have 6264LP15 chips. Does anyone have information on how to wire these chips for use with the TI?

Reader to Reader is a column to put TI and Geneve users in contact with other users. Address questions to Reader to Reader, c/o MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

MICRO-REVIEWS

Bluffoon, Page Pro Border Fonts, Tl Casino Supplement, and Household Budget

By STAN KRAJEWSKI

I would like to thank the software companies (you know who you are) for sending enough software to keep this column going. I have been notified that these reviews are doing their job by increasing these companies' sales. This helps us, the users, by making software for the TI profitable enough so these individuals may continue creating new and exciting software. Again, thanks.

It is only fair to mention the catalogs available from other companies. Notung has a 20-page 1992 catalog in a nice booklet form, packed with a lot of software goodies. Write them at 7647 McGroarty St., Tujunga, CA 91042. OPA (Oasis Pensive Abacutors), on the other hand, has a new twist. They issue their 1992 catalog on a disk. This file is 272 sectors and can be run with TI-Writer or its clones using the Formatter. A written request can get you a hard copy catalog. They offer hardware that you didn't know existed. One item of interest is POP (piles of programs) cart. This amazing item, the size of a cartridge, can hold up to 16 TI and third party cartridges and 16 assembly programs from disk. Maybe sometime they will send one of these amazing pieces of hardware for review. You may contact them at 432 Jarvis St., Ste. 501-502, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M4Y 2H3.

Ratings for the software reviewed in this column are based on the Star system that follows.

- ★ Leave it alone, back to the drawing board.
 - ★★ Needs improvements, but workable.
 - $\star \star \star$ A good program, worth trying.
 - $\star \star \star \star$ Send your money and buy it.

★ ★ ★ BLUFFOON

Here is a game similar to Hangman but with better graphics and able to handle up to 10 players. System requirements are Geneve 9640 or TI99/4A, 32K memory, Extended BASIC and a disk drive.

The program has a Extended BASIC auto load program which will briefly display the now familiar title screen of Dennis Rebello's programs. When the program begins, you will first be able to enter your

names. Starting with player one, you now enter a word with up to 16 letters while the other players turn their backs. Pressing enter clears the word and the computer makes a sound letting the other players know to turn around. The top of the screen will display "THE WORD HAS — LETTERS. CAN YOU GUESS WHAT IT IS?" The number of letters the word has will fill the blank space. Below that is the number of dashes the word has. Also, on the bottom left the score is displayed and on the bottom right is a clown holding eight balloons.

Now each player will take turns guessing a letter. For each wrong guess the clown will release a balloon. For each correct guess the letter or letters will appear in the appropriate dashes. This will continue until all eight balloons are released or the word is solved. The next player then enters a word.

The score is displayed for each player who entered the word. If all the letters are guessed without a mistake, the player doesn't receive any points. For each wrong guess the score increases by 10 points. If the clown releases all his balloons, the player receives an additional 50 points. The word will then be displayed for all to see. After all players take turns, another menu will appear. You will have the options to: Press "R" for another round, "N" for New Game or "D" Done.

Children and adults alike can use this user-friendly game. This type of game does not seem to exist in abundance, so we can welcome it as another needed new product. I would note, however, that a player needs to watch for accidental keypresses of number keys and the space bar, which will inadvertently release a balloon. Other than that, have fun.

Bluffoon is available from D&L Software, 89 Little Neck Ave., Swansea, MA 02777. Price is \$8.95 + \$1 S&H.

Newsbytes

(Continued from Page 22)

VDP but can be used in GPL mode on the Geneve 9640. It will load from a disk drive an ImageWise GRAB file and display it on your computer's monitor, utilizing the Yamaha 9938's high resolution 512x212x16 color non-interlaced mode.

Price is \$5.95 plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.

ImageWise Pictures are digitized pictures in 64 gray scale. They have been digitized using an ImageWise video digitizer and compressed and archived using Barry Boone's program Archiver.

Volumes 1A and 1B, sold as a set, contain, Birds No. 2, Charlie Chaplin, The Jetsons No. 2, Batman No. 2, The Jetsons No. 3 and Latoya Jackson No. 1.

The set of Volumes 2A and 2B contains The Jetsons No. 4, Michelle Pfeifer, Woman No. 1, Bat Beam, Carl Reiner and Tom Brokaw.

Each set sells for \$3 plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.

Order from R.F.W. Enterprises, 111 Oakridge St., Chicopee, MA 01020. Inquire about delivery charges before sending foreign orders. For information on the ImageWise Digitizer or display board, send a self-addressed, stamped manila envelope.

Reach thousands of TI/Geneve users free of charge. Send your product or other announcement to Newsbytes, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

* * * * PAGE PRO BORDER FONTS

Are you tired of Line Graphics supplied (See Page 24)

MICRO-REVIEWS—

(Continued from Page 23)

on the Page Pro 99 disk? Then you need this collection of Page Pro Border Fonts, from here on in called PPBF. System requirements are Geneve 9640 or TI99/4A, 32K, disk drive, printer and Page Pro 99 program.

These two SS/SD disks include 24 different sets of fonts for creating your own borders, nine sample borders and the original Page Pro default large font. Using these fonts you can make larger borders faster and look better. You can start by looking at the nine sample borders included. You can work from them or look at them to see what you can create. Loading a PPBF set is as easy as loading the large fonts, by pressing Ctrl A. Using the large font option you create one large font size at a time. This lets you create a border faster that line graphics.

Once PPBF is loaded your active keys are the Ctrl arrow keys that operate the cursor, and the "W," "E," "R," "S," "D," "Z," "X" and "C." These eight keys are eight fonts of a set that create the different graphics you need for one border. Picture these keys as a square. The "W" is the left corner. The "S" is the left side, the "E" is the top and so forth. By using the Page Pro assigned arrow keys and PPBF keys, you create a complete border with tops, sides and corners.

Once you create a border you can then save your art to a picture format. You can reload it by using the Ctrl L keys, just as any other page. Although a border or frame can take up to 210 sectors, it will save you from having to create it again. This is where the Page Pro Default font comes in. By having this on your work disk you are free from having to reinsert the Page Pro program disks.

Page Pro Border Fonts volume 1 is available from Media Ware, Ste. 15, 2141 NW 64th Avenue, Sunrise, FL 33313-3950. The two-disk set sells for \$7 + \$2.50 S&H.

*** HOUSEHOLD BUDGET

The old TI cartridge, Household Budget Manager, was cumbersome to use and didn't include a hard copy option. This program is easier to use and has a print option.

System requirements are Geneve 9640 or TI99/4A, 32K, disk system and Extended BASIC, with printer optional.

Household Budget is an Extended BA-SIC program with Assembly language sub-routines which speed up the processing of the program functions. One of the first things you will notice is that this program will let you define up to 21 categories of your choosing. Also, you can enter the amount of money you want budgeted for each category, and this information is saved for future reference if desired.

The main index includes these features: 1—Budget Categories, 2—Load Data File, 3—Edit Expenses, 4—Display Report, 5—Print Report, 6—Save Data File, 7—Edit Miscellaneous Items, 8—Exit. A sub-menu will appear by pressing Budget Categories. This will display all the features you need to load, add, edit, delete or save categories.

When adding your categories, a counter on the top of the screen will keep track of how many you choose. Including your income, this is 22 categories. When the categories are full the screen will return to the main menu if you choose the Add Category option. If you try to load a month that isn't on file it will tell you and return to the previous menu. Pressing Enter during any display will take you back to the main menu.

Display Report displays the category, budgeted amount and the actual amount paid for the month. The computer totals all the expenses, subtracts the total from the income, then reports the cash balance for the month.

The printing option is a little more detailed. It will default at PIO. A cursor is available to change this to another output device. The hard copy will contain the month and year in emphasized print. Four columns will display: Category, Budget, Actual (amount paid toward the expense) and Year To Date total. Below each column, each category is totaled and printed. A cash balance is then printed under the Actual and Year To Date columns. A Miscellaneous Expenses report is also printed. It includes the items and amounts spent.

I found the program fast. I didn't have time to turn my back to do something else during any of the procedures. Full documentation is included on disk, even though the program is user friendly.

Household Budget is available from D & L Software, 89 Little Neck Ave., Somerset, MA 02777. The price is \$10.95 + \$1 S&H.

**** TI CASINO SUPPLEMENT

Who said the best can't get better? In this case it does for this sophisticated casino program.

System requirements are Geneve 9640 or TI99/4A, 32K, disk system, Extended BASIC, joysticks and the TI Casino program. Printer is optional.

I won't go into detail about the TI Casino program. You can look in your archives of past MICRO-Review issues and refer to Harry Brashear's review (July 1991). However, I would like to mention a few improvements in the new version 3.0, before I discuss the supplement available for the game.

An entertainer tells jokes in a nightclub. You can see him on stage (unless you don't tip the maitre'd enough). There are five separate bank accounts with passwords instead of only one. Also included is a program to transfer your previous wealth to the new accounts. Baccarat plays like Las Vegas, you can be the dealer, or play with a player or the dealer for a tie. Limits have been raised in Blackjack and Baccarat.

Now let's mention the TI Casino Supplement. It offers even more enhancements. You will first notice the change in the lobby. To make room for the game and future expansion, you now go upstairs to go to Club Notung. Once in Club Notung you will notice a change there, also. Instead of the Jokefile replaying after its completion, it now stops and waits for a keypress, thus letting you choose another one of the five jokefiles while the program is running. Instead of one line jokes, these new files also contain amusing little stories (some with adult situations). You may now stay longer at Club Notung and enjoy more of the show. While you are upstairs you will notice a new game called FARO.

A new Slot machine has been installed. It includes new graphics, and now takes \$10 and \$25 tokens. It is also more challenging. The supplement includes an in

(See Page 25)

ImageWise Plus V3.0

Grabbing and using video images

By JOHN KOLOEN

This review of ImageWise Plus Ver. 3.0 by Joseph Syzdek is incomplete because I do not have access to the ImageWise Video Digitizer. What this means is that I cannot "capture" images from a television or other video source. However, the ImageWise Plus software does allow me to view digitized images and it is on this basis that I am doing the review.

So, what does digitizing have to do with you? The simple answer is that if you have an interest in graphics, video recorders and camcorders, quite a lot. If you are a text-oriented person and hate MY-Art and other drawing programs, then you're probably wasting your time reading this review.

The process of converting a video image into digital form requires a connection between a video output device and a computer, in this case the Geneve. The ImageWise Video Digitizer uses an RS232 connection and, with the help of the ImageWise Plus software, the user can "grab" a video image as it comes across the RS232 channel. The program stores the image in digital format so that the computer can display it. This single-frame grab can be of anything. Samples sent to me include frames

MICRO-REVIEWS—

(Continued from Page 24)

struction booklet telling you how to install the new files on your original program

TI Casino Supplement is available from Notung Software, 7647 McGroarty St., Tujunga, CA 91042, priced at \$5 + \$1S&H.

If you would like your software or hardware reviewed in this column, you may send it to Stan Krajewski, Route 6, Box 568-15, Live Oak, FL 32060. If you would like it returned, please include postage. If you need to call me for any reason, you may reach me at (904) 364-7897 E.S.T.

Review

REPORT CARD

Performance	A
Ease of Use	
Documentation	
Value	
Final Grade	

Cost: \$19.95 + \$1.50 S&H

Manufacturer: Joseph M. Syzdek, 99 Highland Ave., West Springfield, MA 01089-1017

Requirements: Geneve 9640, Image-Wise Video Digitizer recommended

of Barry Traver and Walt Howe taken with video equipment at a TI fair. The process is somewhat more complex than this, but I'll spare the details since what I'm really doing here is reviewing the software that displays the images on the Geneve.

ImageWise Plus works with MDOS V1.14F or .97H. Early versions are problematical. The program loads directly from the MDOS prompt. The program can be run so that an image is immediately loaded into memory upon, or you can forego the image and be presented with a menu.

Functions supported by the menu include:

- L Load an ImageWise picture file.
- D Display the picture file in memory.
- H Histogram of picture. Plots the 64 grayscale values of the picture. This helps the user determine the amount of contrast in the image.
- S Save picture in any of three formats: ImageWise format, which should be compatible with programs written for processing ImageWise files on other computers; MY-Art format, produces an image with a header that is compatible with YAPP auto-detect graphics mode; TI-Artist format, used to save the picture as a black and white image (generates the pic-

ture __P file).

- Z Dither. This is used to convert the image to b/w for saving in TI-Artist
- R Change display resolution (256x212 or 512x212).
 - G Grab frame.
- E Edge filter. Transforms the image to detect edges (changes in brightness).
- # Skip number of lines at top of picture. Displays 212 lines vs 244 in Image-Wise format.
- = Transforms through Look Up Table (LUT).
- M Modify color table. Works in 256x212 mode only. Modifies the low resolution output LUT that translates the gray scale values to colors on the screen and in MY-Art files.
- F1 Saves the picture in memory to the buffer.
- F2 Reloads the previously saved picture data from the buffer to picture
- F5 MDOS command line interpreter. Lets you enter basic commands, such as DIR, DELETE, FORMAT, etc. Pressing FCTN 9 returns to the menu.

With this program, you load a "grabbed" image into memory and manipulate it. It is not a drawing program, so the changes you make have to do with the entire image, not parts of it. You can't selectively erase, fill, etc. You can, however, modify the contrast and brightness of the picture as well as determining gray scale densities. Since ImageWise Plus doesn't support printers, a hard copy of your work can only be done through YAPP or TI-Artist after conversion to MY-Art or TI-Artist formats.

Manipulation of the saved digitized images can be accomplished through MY-Art or TI-Artist.

The purpose of ImageWise Plus is to give Geneve users access to the ImageWise Video Digitizer. This device accepts any b/w or color NTSC video signal from television cameras, VCRs, Laserdisc players,

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1992 TI FAIRS

MARCH

T.1.C.O. F.F. (TI Computer Owners' Fun Faire — The IBM & Clone Owners' Fun Faire), 9 a.m.-4 p.m., March 14, Roselle Park High School, Roselle Park, New Jersey, \$5. Contact Robert Guellnitz, Roselle Park Public Schools, 185 West Webster Ave., Roselle Park, NJ 07204, (908) 241-4550 (voice) or (908) 241-8902 (BBS).

APRIL

Northeast Computer Fair, April 4, Waltham High School, Waltham. Massachusetts, sponsored by TI99/4A User Group of the Boston Com-puter Society. Contact Ron Williams, 14 East St., Avon, MA 02322.

Dutch Annual TI-Fair, April 25, Utrecht, The Netherlands, spon-sored by Dutch TI-Usergroup. Contact Drs. Erik C. van Wette. Hanninkhoek 39, 7546 AD Enschede, The Netherlands, phone: 31-53-778723.

Ottawa TI Fest, 10 a.m.-4 p.m., April 25, Merivale High School, 1755 Merivale Rd., Nepean, Ontario, Canada. Contact Ottawa Users Group c/o Bill Gard, 3489 Paul Anka Dr., Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K!V 9K6; (613) 523-9396 (home); (819) 994-8856 (work); (819) 994-8873 (work, attn. DSE 2).

MAY

TI Orphan Reunion, 10 a.m.-5 p.m. May 9, Innisfail Lions' Hall, Innisfail, Alberta, Canada. Contact Fred Kessler, Box 20, Sundre, Alber-ta, Canada, TOM 1X0, (403) 638-3916.

TI99/4A Users Group, UK, Annual Meeting, May 16, Princess Anne Training Centre, 10 Trinity St., Derby (Derbyshire, England). Contact Stephen Shaw, 10 Alstone Rd., Stockport, Cheshire England SK4 5H.

Multi User Group Conference, May 15-16, Ohio State University Lima Campus. Contact Lima 99/4A Users Group, P.O. Box 647, Venedocia, OH 45894 or phone Dave Szippl (419) 228-7109 or Charles Good (419) 667-3131 evenings.

SEPTEMBER

State of Washington TI Convention, Sept. 19, Tacoma, Washington, Contact Jim Tomkins, (206) 756-0934.

OCTOBER

7th Internationale TI-Computer-Treffen, Oct. 9-11, Wiesbaden, Germany. Contact Horst Wiese, Eleonorenstr. 6, DW-6200, Wiesbaden, Germany. Please enclose International Reply Coupons (can be bought at U.S. Post Office).

Chicago International World Faire, Oct. 30-31, Elk Grove Holi-day Inn, Elk Grove, Illinois. Contact Chicago Users Group, 2515 Mar-cy, Evanston, IL 60201-1111.

NOVEMBER

TI-Faire, Nov. 28-29, Ashfield Boys High School Hall (next to Western Suburbs Leagues Clu), Liverpool Road, Ashfield, NSW, Australia. Contact TISHUG (Australia) Limited, P.O. Box 1089, Strawberry Hills, NSW 2012, Australia.

1993 TI FAIRS

FEBRUARY

Fest West "North" 93, Feb. 13-14, Howard Johnson Hotel, Salt Lake City, Utah. Contact Fest West "North" 93 Committee, 1396 Lincoln Apt. B, Ogden, UT 84404 or Salt Flats BBS, (308) 394-0064.

This TI event listing is a permanent feature of MI-CROpendium. User groups and others planning events for TI/Geneve users may send information for inclusion in this standing column. Send information to MICROpendium Fairs, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

IMAGEWISE PLUS—

(Continued from Page 25)

camcorders and similar devices. The device is available in three forms: Experimenter Kit (\$99), Full Board Kit (\$249), and Full Kit with case and power supply (\$298). For information, Circuit Cellar Inc., 4 Park St. Ste. 12, Vernon, CT 06066, 203-875-2751. Circuit Cellar has a catalog which you may request.

EASE OF USE: Using this program effectively requires a lot of trial and error, especially when trying to save an acceptable image in TI-Artist format. It's not to say that it can't be done, just that there are a number of variables you have to work

with, including contrast levels and dithering, which Webster's New World defines as being "nervously excited or confused." Actually, dithering, used in the context of computer graphics, has to do with turning various combinations of pixels black or white to achieve shades of gray.

DOCUMENTATION: The documentation — an eight-page printout — that comes with ImageWise Plus focuses almost entirely on the operation of the program. I'll describe it as "to the point." It doesn't do much hand-holding. Since the subject becomes technical very quickly that is probably just as well. For informa-

tion about image processing it's recommended the user read Digital Image Processing: A Practical Primer by Gregory A. Baxes (Prentice-Hall, Inc.).

Because I do not have a digitizer, I cannot vouch for the grab function of the ImageWise Plus. But I am confident that it works as well as the other functions I reviewed in this article. For someone without the hardware, this program is little more than a curiosity. Coupled with the hardware, it could open up an array of possibilities in image processing heretofore unavailable to Geneve users.

A programming adventure

or, having a Lotto fun with the TI

By JOHN H. BULL

Twas a dark and stormy night and we were all gathered around a table in Mc-Donalds after our monthly K'Town 99'ers session when it all began. Somebody brought up the topic of the Australian Syndicate that tried to buy all the number combinations for the Virginia State Lottery and pulled it off! At least, they won. In a desperate scramble they were able to buy tickets for about 80 percent of the possibilities and the winner was one of their tickets. Maybe First American Bank would lend us the seven million needed for Kentucky's Lotto. No collateral, but an absolute promise that they would get their money back in three days.

Silence fell over the group. Then E.M.Smith said, "John, could you write a program....?" And thus the adventure began. First, in Extended BASIC, a program to figure how many possible sets of six numbers between 1 and 49 there are, with no duplications, no repeats. It figures out to about 14 million, a number that we were later to check out the hard way. Next, fig-

uring the odds. They are terrible, much worse than Los Vegas, but how else will they pay for the education of those Kentucky children. Of course, the odds improve considerably if there is no winner for a few weeks. That is how the Australians came out way ahead.

In another few days and late nights we wrestled out routines for calculating the sets of numbers, all 14 million of them, showing them, with a count, on screen, sending them to the printer, and finally printing the tickets that you use to buy your chances.

Just printing all the sets, we figured, would take cartons of paper and many weeks. Printing the tickets would take months. However, just running them on the screen? E.M. set up the necessary equipment — console, XB, and monitor — in his basement and started it going. We watched, fascinated. Forty days and 40 nights later a wire to the modulator came loose. At 243 sets per minute we had shown the sets up to about II million. Fast!

The only real challenge was working

out an algorism for calculating the sets of numbers. After several tries, this did the job:

100 N6=6::N5=5::N4=4::N3=3:: N2=2::N1=1 ! initial values 110 T6=49::T5=48::T4=47::T3= 46::T2=45::T1=44 ! upper lim its 120 GOTO 200 130 IF N6<T6 THEN N6=N6+1::G0 TO 200 140 IF N5<T5 THEN N5,N6=N5+1 150 IF N4<T4 THEN N4, N5=N4+1 :: GOTO 130 160 IF N3<T3 THEN N3, N4=N3+1 :: GOTO 130 170 IF N2<T2 THEN N2, N3=N2+1 :: GOTO 130 180 IF N1<T1 THEN N1, N2=N1+1 :: GOTO 130 190 PRINT "RUN COMPLETE" :: S TOP 200 S=S+1 :: PRINT USING "### ##### ## ## ## ## ## ##":S,N1 ,N2,N3,N4,N5,N6 :: GOTO 130 (See Page 28)

BUGS & BYTES

TI-CHIPS aiding autistic

Tl-CHIPS, the Cleveland, Ohio, users group, reported a new group project at the users group roundtable at the Lima Multi User Group Conference. The group set up TIs to facilitate communication between autistic individuals and their families.

Autism is a disorder characterized by difficulties in communications and relationships. The title character in the movie Rain Man portrayed by Dustin Hoffman was an autistic person functioning at a high level. Many autistic individuals, though they may have normal or high intelligence, cannot speak or communicate at all.

Glen Bernasek of TI-CHIPS agreed to present a workshop on the project at next year's Lima Fair.

Hardware standards

Don O'Neil, who has spearheaded the National Committee on TI Standards, has expressed disappointment that neither Asgard or Oasis Pensive Abacutors sent representatives to the committee's meeting at the Lima fair, even though they were present at the fair itself.

Help for DOS users?

Glen Bernasek also spoke about his recent "controversial" remarks favoring helping PC-DOS users who are in TI clubs. The idea, he explains, is not to stop being a TI club, but to help members who have both machines.

No more 3000 board from Horizon

Bud Mills says he has stopped producing 3000 boards because of supply problems. Instead, he is introducing a 4000 board which will include RAMBO and 32K expansion. Price will be \$65 for the bare board, and anyone who has paid for a 3000 board will receive a credit toward a 4000 board.

New products in works

Mickey Schmitt told Lima fairgoers that her company, MS Express, is working on something new. Also, Lee Bendick and Barry Boone are reportedly working on a product which may debut at the Chicago Fair in October. We don't know what either "secret project" is going to be.

ADVENTURE IN PROGRAMMING—

(Continued from Page 27)

The next act! I demonstrated the XB programs at our next meeting. Not everyone fell asleep. Then Art Gibson, our wizard assembly language programmer, stepped forward with a disk — he had thrown together a few utilities from his bin of spare parts, translated the algorism into assembly, and voila! Assembly had taken over from Extended Basic. The speed record immediately jumped from 243 to 1,900 sets per minute. Fortunately, Art had included a keypress to halt the flash of numbers so we could see what was happening on the screen.

The saga went on by phone and by shared disk. We talked about it on the way to Lima. The speed went to 2000, then 18.000, then 28.000, then 38.000, and now to 42.000 sets a minute. A key press to s_l_o_w the program with a time loop was added. Time of execution came down from forty-something days to five hours and thirty minutes. The total number of sets on the final screen proved to be

13,983,816, exactly as calculated. Of course! RUN COMPLETE!

Improvements came in bits and pieces: Instead of recalculating all the numbers in each cycle, we updated a text string of the count and the numbers. Art substituted his versions of KSCAN and VMBW — faster — and all sorts of neat tricks. A routine for updating the cycle counter may be worth sharing:

BYTE >30

ASCII for "0"

ZERO

NINE BYTE >39 ASCII for "9" ONE BYTE >01 just one! TEXT '00000001' 7 zeroes NUMS LI R1, NUMS+7 INC1 CB *R1,@NINE JL INC2 MOVB @ZERO, *R1 DEC R1 JMP INC1 GONE, *R1 AB

Each time through, this program segment increases the string count in NUMS by one up to a maximum of one less than 100 million. It may be useful to someone,

sometime. Running this by itself with just a display routine counts about 60,000 numbers a minute. Our TI is quicker than I had thought possible.

Not all our ideas worked. Under the impression that our machine would handle register addresses and data faster than label addresses and data, I rewrote most of the source code with that in mind. Debug it. Assemble it. Load and run it. No dice! It made absolutely no difference in the speed. All I gained was a new appreciation for the convenience and quickness of a RAMdisk and Funlweb.

This has been lots of fun but absolutely no use, earthly or unearthly, except that I have learned a lot. As far as I know, the adventure is over; however, I have shown Art my last(?) version and heaven only knows what he will come up with next out of his huge bag of tricks.

'Tis a dark and stormy night and we are all gathered around a table at McDonald's. Any more ideas, E.M.?

User Notes

Typo corrected

A User Note by Barry Boone published in the December 1991 MICROpendium

Software for the 99/4A & 9640

- Entertainment
- Home/BusinessGraphics
- Desktop Publishing
- Utilities & Aids
- Peripherals

SEND FOR A FREE CATALOG

Asgard Software P.O. Box 10306 Rockville, MD 20849 contained a typographical error. The offending sentence referred to a ST504 hard drive interface and hard drive. There is no such thing. The User Note refers to modifications to the Myarc HFDC to make it compatible with larger hard drives. The modification works with ST506 and ST412 MFM drives.

SHORTCAT

This comes from Phil Van Nordstrand, of Seabrook, Texas. He writes:

There are quite a few times when I want to check on a disk name, find out if it is double or single sided, double or single density, or just to find out how many sectors are free. It takes a long time to find out that small amount of info by loading and running a disk manager program like DM1000, especially if there are very many files on it. For example, try it with a disk with 60 or so CSGD files. So I wrote a simple program excerpted and expanded from the sample Catalog Program in the TI

Disk Memory System Manual, Page 41. See the enclosed disk for a listing with CHECKSUM numbers on the program lines

This runs from Basic or Ext. Basic and occupies 3 sectors. The line numbers from 110 to 200 are taken from the original program. I keep this program on my Ramdisk where I can call it up in a jiffy. You can change DSK to WDS if you have a hard disk and want to find out the sector count but it is seldom needed. It would have been nice to get a count of the files from sector 1 but I couldn't see how to do that without defeating the purpose of the program.

A caveat: I have not been able to make it give the right answer on my 256K Horizon RAMdisk. The total sector count is correct but "K" is wrong. DM1000 and DISKU give the correct value but Hardmaster, MDM5, TI-BASE, Funnelweb (both Disk Review and Text Editor) and Archiver also give the same bad value (but Archiver apparently adds up the file sector

(See Page 29)

User Notes

(Continued from Page 28)

count and gives the right value from that at the bottom of the catalog). I don't know how the program reads "K" but if it used the bitmap it should get the correct value.

```
80 REM by P.C.Van Nordstrand
  JSC U.G. May 1992 !092
 90 REM Listing on screen omi
 ts all file information. !13
 100 REM SAVE DSK3.SHORTCAT !
 180
 110 CALL CLEAR !209
 120 INPUT "MASTER DISK[1-3]?
 ":A !255
 130 PRINT !156
 140 A=INT(A):124
150 IF A<1 THEN 120 !111
160 IF A>3 THEN 120 !114
170 OPEN #1:"DSK"&STR$(A)&".
", INPUT , RELATIVE, INTERNAL !
122
180 INPUT #1:A$,J,J,K !155
190 DISPLAY "DSK";STR$(A);"
-DISKNAME=";A$;"AVAILABLE=";
K; "USED=";J-K !059
200 CLOSE #1 !151
210 PRINT !156
220 DISPLAY "RUN AGAIN? (Y o
r y)" !148
```

Full screen editing for BASIC, XBASIC

230 CALL KEY(3, KEY, S):092

250 IF KEY=89 THEN 120 ELSE

240 IF S=0 THEN 230 !237

END !099

This item appeared in Newsletter Nine-T-Nine of the User's Group of Toronto. It appeared elsewhere as well and was written by Frederick Hawkins.

John Hamilton, writing a column called 99 Tips in the Central Iowa 99/4A UG newsletter, is up to tip 81. We don't know about the first 80, but the last is a real humdinger.

John's crucial insight into TI's MERGE (XBASIC) command makes this program tick.. What he noticed, and TI didn't document, was that the MERGE command doesn't check for syntax on the way in from the disk drive.

In other words, if you disk file is Dis-

play, Variable 163, each record starts with a line number (followed by a space). The last record is hex FFFF (CHR\$(255) twice. This is a MERGE format file.

Notice that the file does not require any BASIC syntax. You could create a Display 163 file that consists of a grocery list and it will be MERGEable!

Why is the ability to create a MERGE file so earth-shaking? Because now you can use TI-Writer or the Editor/Assembler to write your BASIC programs. You can have all of the features of their editors, such as Find String, Move, Copy, Include File, etc., and still be able to run the program. You can also run a LISTed program (obviously it has to be on a storage device, not a printer). Other uses include being able to run screen drumps from the Terminal Emulator II environment.

Fibonacci Numbers

This item appeared in the Milwaukee Hocus newsletter. It was written by Earl Raguse.

Fibonacci Numbers were invented by an Italian mathematician, Leonardo Fibonacci, who lived between II80 and I250. They have been used to solve some pretty exotic scientific problems, but I personally have never found anything of a practical nature I could do with them. That doesn't cool my interest in them even a little bit.

Fibonacci Numbers make a number series in which every number is the sum of the two previous numbers. The first two are an exception, of course. The first is one and the one before that was, of course, zero. Thus, the second is also one. The following program will generate a Fibonacci series of any length desired.

I once tried to become famous by inventing Raguse Numbers. Each number was the sum of the three previous numbers. Nobody ever found a use for them, so I didn't become famous.

Newt Armstrong used Fibonacci Numbers to solve a puzzle challenge that he had put in the Jan. 1988 ROM newsletter. Either Fibonacci Numbers were just made for solving Newt's puzzle or, just possibly. Newt designed the puzzle just to show off Fibonacci Numbers.

```
100 ! SAVE "DSK1.FIBONACCI1"
  110 DISPLAY AT(4,6) ERASE ALL
  : "FIBONACCI NUMBERS"
  115 DISPLAY AT(6,1): "A Fibon
  acci number is equal to the
  sum of its two prede-cessors
  120 DISPLAY AT(18,1):"
   PRESS SPACE BAR TO
   PAUSE OR CONTINUE,
  Q TO QUIT"
 130 INPUT "
                Enter a LIMIT
 ? ":LIMIT
 135 CALL CLEAR :: PRINT "
   COUNT";"
                 FIBONACCI";"
      VALUE": :
 140 A=0 :: B=1 :: C=1 :: PRI
 NT TAB(6);1;TAB(14);C
 150 FOR X=2 TO LIMIT
 170 C=A+B :: IF C>LIMIT THEN
  270
 180 A=B
 190 B=C
 200 PRINT TAB(6);X;TAB(14);C
 210 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S<1
  THEN 260
 250 IF K=ASC("Q")THEN 320 EL
 SE GOSUB 280
 260 NEXT X
270 PRINT : : :: CALL AGAI
N :: GOTO 110
280 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S<1
 THEN 280
290 IF K<>32 THEN 280 :: RET
URN
320 RUN "DSK1.DIR"
330 !
430 ! SUBPROGRAM AREA
440 !
5500 SUB AGAIN :: DISPLAY AT
(24,1): "Again? Press A, Else
 Any Key"
5510 CALL KEY(3,K,S):: IF S<
1 THEN 5510 ELSE IF K<>ASC("
A")THEN RUN "DSK1.DIR"
5520 SUBEND
```

If you don't have a program named DIR, then replace RUN "DSKI.DIR" in line 5510 with STOP.

Of some interest may be the way that I executed the pause in line 120. Notice that line 210 is:

210 CALL KEY(3,K,S) :: IF S < 1 THEN (See Page 30)

User Notes

(Continued from Page 29)

260

Meaning, if no key press go to line 260.

But, if there had been a key pressed on line 120, we would examine it on line 230 to see if it was a "Q," in which case we should go to 320 and return to DIR. Buf, if the key was not "Q" then we should GOSUB 280, where another CALL KEY awaits. Here, if any key is pressed, which is not a space character (32), it will be ignored by returning to

280. Buf if a space character (32) is pressed, we RETURN to 260. Which is first after the calling line 250. The sequence then resumes until the next pause or limit is reached.

(See Page 31)

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User Notes

Assembly program turns cassette port on and off

The following item appeared in the newsletter of the Long Island TI99er User Group.

Here is an assembly program for the TI written by Jonathan D. Guidry that turns the cassette port on and off and the audio port on the cassette port on and off.

	DEF	MTRON, MTROFF
	DEF	AUDON, AUDOFF
STATUS	EQU	>837C
GPLWS	EQU	>83E0
MTRON	CLR	R12
	SBO	22
	JMP	QUIT
MTROFF	CLR	R12
	SBZ	22
	JMP	QUITAUDON
	CLR	R12
	SBZ	24
	JMP	QUIT
AUDOFF	CLR	R12
	SBO	24
	JMP	QUIT
TIUQ	CLR	R0
	MOVB	R0,@STATUS
	LWPI	GPLWS
	В	@>0070
	END	

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