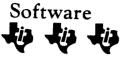
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Geneve 9640

XDIR, an extended utility for MDOS that puts some pizzaz into your

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Another TI fair in Europe, and products from both user groups and

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CoComp Tool Shed demo, character code output and converting disk

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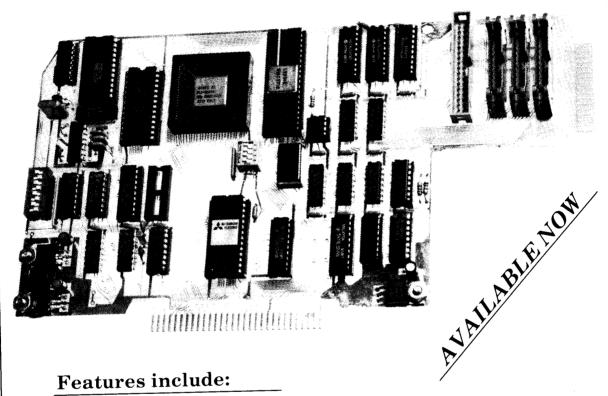
Programming conventions

Here are some tips to help you when entering programs from MICROpendium:

I. All BASIC and Extended BASIC programs are run through Checksum, the numbers that follow exclamation at the end of each program line. Do not enter these numbers or exclamation points. Checksum was published in the October 1987 edition.

2. Long XBASIC lines are entered by inputting until the screen stops accepting characters, pressing Enter, pressing FCTN REDO, cursoring to the end of the line and continuing input.

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Comments

Programs are getting longer

We are beginning to publish listings of large programs, an example of which is John Johnson's XDIR for the Geneve. Next month we expect to publish a nifty character generator by Wayne Stith that not only allows you to modify character sets but save them as CHARA1 files. This assembly language program will run 7-8 pages in MICROpendium (and it runs with the 4A and the Geneve).

Why are we devoting so much space to so few programs? Because the best programming that is going on in the TI community involves large programs. Either the programs are one long listing, or consist of many modules that are loaded when needed by the computer. In either case, it's not uncommon to see programs that take up several hundred sectors on a disk.

Why are programs getting longer? Because we as users are asking more of the programs and programmers. The trend is toward programs that routinely integrate disk management functions with their application's duties. It used to be that we expected a word processor to be able to catalog a disk or erase a file, but we didn't expect it of a home budget program or a single-purpose utility. Now we expect our home budget program not only to help us track our expenses, but we want to be able to use it to run a directory of a disk and perhaps read a text file while rummaging through our check registers.

Where is this leading? To bigger and, in many cases, more useful programs. And we're seeing more in the way of programming "environments," which act like "shells" within which other programs may be run. Funnelweb is a good example of the evolution of programs for the 4A. It started out as a TI-Writer clone and menu program that evolved into a multi-purpose operating system. The recently released cSHELL99 by Joseph Ross is an example of a shell environment that is used to load and run other programs while providing a "desktop" from which to operate.

Desktop. Environment. Shell. These are terms from the PC and Macintosh communities. And yet they are now being adopted by TI users and programmers as they reach out for new ways of using their systems. In my discussions with programmers, it seems, users keep asking them to create The All-Purpose Program, which is analogous to The Great American Novel among the literati. Barry Boone started out with a relatively simple program to compress and uncompress programs so that they would take up less space on a disk. Since then, Archiver has incorporated numerous disk management functions, including the ability to read text files. Now he's working on making it compatible with a hard disk, and who knows what other bells and whistles he'll come up with.

Wouldn't it be nice if we could turn on our computers, load an all-purpose menuing-desktop-windowing-environment and from there load in our combination word processor-spreadsheet-terminal-graphics-disk management-archiving program and never have to leave it except perhaps to once in a while drop out of it for an occasional game of TI-Chess?

Naaaa.

PORTABLE, BATTERY-BACKED T199/4A

Jan Janowski, of Skokie, Illinois, has produced a portable 4A console that includes an expansion memory, 512K RAMdisk, parallel printer port, battery backup and a SuperCart with 8 individual 8K memories. Barry Boone modified ROS 7.3 (RAMdisk Operating System) so that the RAMdisk works without the need of a disk controller. The portable was recently demonstrated at a meeting of the Chicago TI User Group.

The portable TI functions normally on battery power and can be plugged into a PEB like any other console. Users can then download RAMdisk contents to a disk or hard disk, or upload files into the RAMdisk from a floppy or hard disk. When the system is turned off, the contents of the RAMdisk remain intact.

Janowski and Don Jones of the Chicago group are compiling a series of articles about the project which we expect to publish.

ABOUT OUR TI FAIR LISTINGS

Just so you know, our listing of TI fairs includes fairs that have already been held. A reader asked why we don't eliminate these form the list. The answer is simple — so readers can plan for it for the coming year. Fair dates remain fairly constant from year to year.

We're Moving

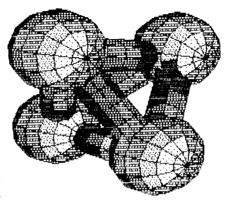
McCann Software is moving to MDOS on the Geneve 9640 from Myarc. Our product "The Geometer's Apprentice" was released as a product for the Geveve which runs from the

99/4A--GPL mode. We thought it would be a lot more fun and faster to just type TGA right from the A) prompt of MDOS. Just one thing stood in the way, we had no implementation of TI-Forth for MDOS (all McCann Software is in Forth). So we wrote our own. As soon as we get the upgrade of TGA completed we will be offering the upgrade free to all registered owners by mail. Now those of you contemplating purchase can get started with V1.00 of TGA without worry about upgrade fee. In

the mean time we want to offer our MDOS port of TI-Forth to all Forth users who have a Geneve. We made up a diskette which has TI-Forth for MDOS, its assembler source code, and brief documentation of the new system calls for MDOS, all for \$15. The \$15 includes shipping, handling, diskette and mailer. We worked hard to keep all the dictionary words

the same as in TI-Forth for the 99/4A | | (minus some known bugs). You will like bringing Forth up with 44K of dictionary space. You will also like the ability to use Forth blocks in either file mode or sector mode due to the clever BREAD and BWRITE system calls in MDOS. Finally, you have the source code to the entire Forth and McCann Software's loader with detailed instructions on how to create your own version should you choose. Those who wish to start using Forth should obtain the

original TI-Forth diskette and Manual from MICROpendium, your user group or dealer in addition to our diskette.

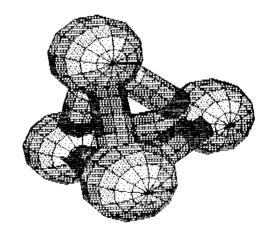


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The Printer's Apprentice, TPA Toolbox and Business Graphs 99 requires: TI-99/4A with 32K memory, Disk System, and TI-Extended BASIC or Editor Assembler. The Geometer's Apprentice for TI-99/4A requires the same items as above. The Geometer's Apprentice for Geneve 9640 by Myarc requires at least version 1.01 MDOS, V.99 GPL and EA. All products print on TI-99/4A printer, Gemini 10% and other 100% Epson compatible graphics printers including Panasonic 1091, Star NX and IBM Graphics Printer.



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Feedback

Myarc defenders speak up for company

Feedback has received an unprecedented number of letters on a single topic and has therefore for this month departed from its practice of printing only one or two letters per topic. — Ed.

I would like to comment on Mr. Alan C. Fox's letter (March 1989).

I recently updated my old TI99/4A with the Myarc 9640 due to my TI99/4A locking up in the middle of TI Extended BA-SIC programs. I purchased a hard drive from Mr. Jack Riley of Myarac's Alabama office and was having trouble in getting the hard drive to operate, even after being formatted and loaded down with various Myarc programs by Jack Riley. Jack called me several times to see how I was doing. The last time, through his assistance, it was determined that my problem was because of one of the CRU bus dip switches being partly in the off position.

I can't speak for the New Jersey office as all my dealings have been with Jack, but I strongly recommend contacting Mr. Riley on any problems dealing with the Myarc 9640 and associated hardware as he seems to want to do everything possibel to have a satisfied customer.

Charles C. Briery Sun City West, Arizona

Please, if you can, title this "Myarc support felt to be great, great, great!" as this is the way I feel.

I bought the first two Geneves that were made, I was told, and am still using the Geneve today and it is as good today as it was when I first bought the unit.

I have put thousands of hours on my unit and am very pleased with the reliability of the unit and can't think of many hours I have not used my system.

I agree with one thing Mr. Fox said and that is the Geneve is all Myarc said it was and more. I have used the TI and had one unit go bad and it's sitting right now on the table. Although I liked the TI, to say it will work on and on is just a little wrong, although he could have said it worked for him. The Geneve has given me wonderful reliability and performance in speed and power. I will never go back to the TI.

He said he had called the New Jersey office and he could not get through. I don't know, maybe it is because he is in the Canadian prairies, but when I called the New Jersey office about changing my 512K RAM card to use on the Geneve, the person who answered the phone was none other than Lou Phillips. I don't know of any better service than the man who designed the system. I know that he has to be busy, but he did not care, he just wanted to help me with my problem and he did so. Thanks Myarc for the fine machine and the great support that you give all the Geneve owners world wide.

Ron Spruell Hueytown, Alabama

I feel that I must respond to Alan C. Fox way out there in the prairies of Saskatchewan. He wrote of his disappointment in gaining quick service for his 9640 which ceased to compute after 54 weeks of life. I got one of the first 9640s. I am glad that it still works fine just like the 99/4A that I used starting in 1982. However, with chips and wires, as with the human body and mind, none of us can really be assured of the next bit or breath. Don't think about that. Breathe and compute as if all things last forever. Then when problems come, deal with your frustration, but take appropriate action.

I want to tell you about my experience with Myarc and Jack Riley, and, to some extent, Lou Phillips. First, almost from the begining I started calling the number for Myarc listed in the manual that came with the 9640. In those days I often got Lou Phillips who would guide me through some problem. I would ask him all sorts of questions and he was always willing to help even when I got fiesty about the coming of a usable version of MDOS. Then came the listing of the number in Alabama and things got even better. Jack Riley did not just listen, guide and respond. Jack sent me a disk. Another time Jack, at my request, traded a keyboard and let me keep the old one until the new one arrived so I could keep on computing. Then there was a chip that needed replacing and Jack sent it over.

In all this talking to Jack we have gotten on a first-name basis. That has not provided all the promised final versions of software yet, but it has kept me going. In the meantime I write in MY-Word, figure in Multiplan, keep records in a couple of data bases, dabble in "c" and assembler, play with three versions of BASIC (TI XB, Myarc XB and Beta test Myarc Advanced BASIC), create artwork for publications in my work with my mouse and MY-Art as well as TI-Artist (I used the assembler program in a recent MICROpendium to create a mouse DSR for Artist) and keep my credit card terminally ill with long sessions on GEnie, Delphi and another service I use in my work.

When you're down and out in the prairies of Saskatchewan or the canyons of a metropolis it's easy to wail that we've had a lot of promises from Myarc that have not come through. It is true that final versions of MDOS, Advanced BASIC and runtime PASCAL have not yet come. Still, look what has come! I loved my 99/4A, but I don't want to go back to its little keyboard, small memory and narrow screen. Everything I had with the 99/4A I've still got, but now I've got it so much better and faster! And no longer do I have to struggle to get the XB cartridge to work!

If nothing else ever arrived for the 9640 I would still have a much more satisfactory computer than the 99/4A. Myarc is not the operation of a large, well-funded company (my guess). I can have a lot more patience than I exhibit in some of the conversations I have with Jack Riley, but Jack listens, and Jack helps. Give Jack a call.

J. Richard Stanford Stone Mountain, Georgia

I have been using the Myarc 9640 Geneve computer for more than a year and a half and the Myarc HFDCC for more than a year on both the 9640 and the TI99/4A. I have experienced the frustration of software bugs and unfinished software as Alan Fox has, but to a greater degree. I knew I was in for this when I ordered my equipment since Myarc warned me when they took my orders. Even so they (Jack Riley in particular) have spent many hours on the phone with me and sent me many updates to software and modified the hardware as necessary to help me as much as possible. I volunteered to help with beta testing and

(See Page 9)

Feedback

(Continued from Page 8)

and so have many hours experience and have put many hours on the equipment.

All this is to say that the equipment has held up pretty well. I had to send a friend's HFDCC card back and Jack gave me the return authorization and Lou Phillips worked on the card himself the day they received it. He spent several hours testing it and replaced a resistor and sent it back with the latest Eprom and the latest disk manager that same day. I sent my friend's and my cards back for slight modification (not repair) once more. This was not because they wouldn't work, but because they could work better. What other company takes its product back to upgrade it without charge? I have had one additional breakdown which I chose not to send for repair. The LED burned out on my card and I replaced it myself.

I admit that Myarc has been slow as Peachtree and Microsoft in getting their software done. All in all, there are few suppliers for TI that give more support than Myarc. If you have a problem with any Myarc product please call Jack Riley in Alabama at (205) 854-5843 and I assure you he will take care of you. If you have trouble getting through it is because he is not there all hours, but he usually stays till about 7 p.m. so you can call after work and even save some money on the call.

Don Alexander Macon, Georgia

I was surprised to read Alan C. Fox's complaint about Myarc's lack of attention and service.

I have found them actually the opposite with remarkable prompt support and correction of my problems as they occur. I have had J. Riley on the phone on each occasion and he has spent even up to one hour with me in setting up my hard disk, besides other numerous phone calls and correction of problems immediately. No other PC computer manufacturer has such a service. Such a complaint, therefore, is unfair, but the problem may be that the writer did not call the right place or the right person or did not have the patience to repeat his call when it was busy.

Gerald F. Perry, M.D. Muttontown, New York

I have had a 99/4A since 1982. One reason I continue to use it is the support I receive from people like Myarc. I have the CorComp disk controller and the 512K memory card installed in my system. When the hard drive system became available from Myarc, I purchased one. I had problems with the unit and was referred to the factory in New Jersey for a fix.

I have met or corresponded with many people in the 99/4A community and have never been denied help. Myarc (Lou Phillips) is no exception. When I had problems getting the hard card up and running, I was invited to the factory on a Sunday where Lou Phillips personally set up my hard drive.

I have since moved to California and the Myarc support has not stopped. I have had some major problems with my hard drive and Myarc was there to help, even when the problem was not with the Myarc product. When I had problems running Multiplan, not a Myarc product, Lou Phillips took the time to send me a known good copy of Multiplan at his expense.

I have ordered the 9640 Geneve from Myarc. The major reason for this purchase was the outstanding support I received from Myarc with the hard drive system. I wanted to know the delivery date for the Geneve. I called the New Jersey office, phone number listed in MICROpendium, and within two hours Ms. Coffee called back with an answer.

In summary: To you, Mr. Fox; if you find help no place else, call or write me via MICROpendium, who can give you my address and phone number. If you need something to put your system back on line just ask. I spent four years in the Philippines and know about being removed from the mainstream of the TI community. People like Paul Johnson, the STATCO Fan man, and Tony McGovern of Funnelweb Farm, gave me help where there was none. To those two men I owe a debt I will never be able to repay. That's what the TI community is all about: helping each other. Since my return and the purchase of the hard drive system, Lou Phillips - Myarc - has offered me nothing but support and then some.

> James M. Postle San Bernardino, California

TI helps with Spanish

This past year my wife and I have been in Costa Rica studying Spanish. I took along my TI, and boy, am I glad I did.

Both my wife and I have found it invaluable in writing all our papers (I have even made a TI-Writer Spanish character set to see the changed characters on the screen).

During this time MICROpendium helped me when I decided to purchase a Horizon RAMdisk. I should also note that through your magazine last year I got to know Jim Lesher who regularly advertises in your magazine. He helped me upgrade my machine and when things didn't work like they should have he was only a phone call away. I believe it's because of people like Jim who are helpful and go beyond being just another seller of computers, programs and parts that the TI community has continued so long.

Rev. Mark Searing Oyster Bay, New York

Review clarification

Bob Carmany's review of *Home Publishing on the 99/4A* was fair and thorough, but I think just a tad misguided. Bob seemed to think the manual had something to do with the software that went with it. The fact is that the software was an afterthought. The manual and its supplements are intended to show what can be done with *existing* TI graphics. That subject is so expansive we couldn't begin to cover it completely. With new graphic programs coming out every day, the two 20-page supplements (the final one will be done in June) won't even finish the job.

The problem is that some people think we have produced a new desktop publisher, which couldn't be further from the truth. The software contains printing programs that can be used for "camera-ready" artwork — finished pages not possible with normal printout methods of most commercial graphic products — created by Robert Coffey of the Western New York 99ers so we could turn out the best possible newsletters. We added them to the package and put the docs on disk. The manual is the primary, the software is just along for the ride.

Harry T. Brashear Newfane, New York

BASIC

Multiple choice test

By REGENA

This month I have a program for high school students. This program is a basic multiple choice test which mixes up the questions and then mixes up the five possible answers. The student works at the computer. A question (or statement to be completed) appears on the screen. Five possible answers are given. The student presses the letter of the best answer. The computer will print whether the answer is correct or incorrect, and if the answer is incorrect the correct answer is shown.

You may use any subject for the multiple choice questions. The questions and answers are typed in DATA statements starting with Line 770. The first data item is the question. Then the five answers are the next five data items, then the correct answer of those five (such as 4 for the fourth answer) is the last data item. You may use any number of questions. I have DIMensioned this program for 30 questions (Line 200). With questions the length in this example, about 25 questions could be used within standard memory.

As you are typing the questions and answers, use extra spaces so words are not split improperly on the screen. If the question or answer contains commas or leading spaces or trailing spaces, quotation marks can be used. To help you in typing the data, all the questions are in quotation marks and in separate DATA statements, with the answers in the following one or two DATA statements.

The questions included in this program test the student's knowledge of general concepts in science and are from the ARCO GED Study Guide for the High School Equivalency Diploma Test. There are three sample science tests. The first listing has the basic program with 20 science questions. The second listing replaces the DATA statements with 20 more science questions, and the third listing contains 20 more science questions. You can save them on three different cassettes or as three different titles (such as SCIENCE1, SCIENCE2, SCIENCE3) on a diskette.

You may wish to type in the program up to Line 760, plus Lines 3000 and 4000. SAVE this program as your basic multiple choice test program. Now add Lines 770 to the end and SAVE this program with a different title (such as SCIENCEI). To make the second program, load the first program and type the second set of data statements. SAVE the program with a different title (such as SCIENCE2). To make the third program, load the first program and type the third set of DATA statements. SAVE the program with a different title (such as SCIENCE3). Use this process to add your own test questions.

I have written programs to enter questions from within the program, then save data files for different tests, but I have found that on the TI99/4A it is easier to change the DATA statements and SAVE separate programs under different titles.

By the way, Lines 580-620 show how to use the CALL KEY statement to detect either lowercase or uppercase alphabetic characters A through E. In general, I do not use CALL KEY(3...) because I still use my "old" TI99/4 which does not have the Keyboard 3 option.

If you wish to save typing effort, you may have a copy of this month's programs by sending \$4 to REGENA, P.O. Box 1502, Cedar City, UT 84720. Be sure to specify that you need the TI version of SCIENCE1, SCIENCE2, and SCIENCE3 and whether you want cassette or diskette.

3

MULTIPLE CHOICE

100 REM MULTIPLE CHOICE TEST :241
110 REM HIGH SCHOOL SCIENCE
! 252
120 CALL CLEAR !209
130 PRINT "**********
************ ! 193
140 PRINT "* MULTIPLE CHOIC
E TEST *" !232
15Ø PRINT "**********
********** ! 193
16Ø PRINT : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
170 PRINT : "PRESS LETTER O
F CORRECT" !Ø72
180 PRINT : "ANSWER FOR EACH
QUESTION." !255
19Ø OPTION BASE 1 !137
200 DIM T\$(30),A\$(30,5),B(30
),S\$(3Ø),AA\$(5)!Ø22
210 J=1 !002
220 PRINT : "LOADING QUE
THE THIRD THE GOE

```
STIONS..." !225
230 READ T$(J),A$(J,1),A$(J,
2),A$(J,3),A$(J,4),A$(J,5),B
 (J)!232
240 IF T$(J)="ZZZ" THEN 280
!219
25Ø S$(J)="A" !245
26Ø J=J+1 !Ø13
27Ø GOTO 23Ø !Ø53
28Ø J=J-1 !Ø14
290 PRINT : "TEST OF"; J; "QU
ESTIONS" !Ø22
300 PRINT : : "PRESS (ENTER)
TO START." !Ø4Ø
310 CALL KEY(0,K,S)!187
320 IF K<>13 THEN 310 !044
330 FOR P=1 TO J !143
340 RANDOMIZE !149
350 X=INT(J*RND)+1 !241
36Ø IF S$(X)="" THEN 35Ø !Ø2
```

```
370 CALL CLEAR !209
38Ø PRINT T$(X): :!Ø67
 39Ø S$(X)="" !193
400 FOR K=1 TO 5 !062
41Ø C(K)=1 !179
42Ø NEXT K !225
43Ø D=INT(5*RND)+1 !145
440 AA$(D)=A$(X,B(X))!249
45Ø C(B(X))=Ø !11Ø
46Ø FOR K=1 TO 5 !Ø62
470 IF K=D THEN 520 !084
48Ø E=INT(5*RND)+1 !146
490 IF C(E)=0 THEN 480 !138
500 AA$(K)=A$(X,E)!062
51Ø C(E)=Ø !172
52Ø NEXT K !225
530 FOR K=1 TO 5 !062
540 PRINT CHR$(64+K);". ";AA
$(K)!252
55Ø NEXT K !225
         (See Page 11)
```

BASIC—

(Continued from Page 10) 560 PRINT : : : 006 57Ø CALL SOUND(1ØØ,1497,2)!1 90 580 CALL KEY(0.K.S)! 187 59Ø IF (K<65)+(K>1Ø1)+((K>69)+(K<97)=-2)THEN 58Ø !Ø81 600 IF K<70 THEN 620 !166 610 K=K-32 !Ø69 620 CALL HCHAR(23,3,K)!025 63Ø PRINT !156 640 IF K=64+D THEN 670 !223 650 PRINT "NO, THE ANSWER IS ";CHR\$(64+D);"." !229 660 GOTO 690 !003 67Ø PRINT "CORRECT" ! 124 68Ø SC=SC+1 !165 69Ø PRINT :"PRESS (ENTER)." 1249 700 CALL KEY(0,K,S)! 187 710 IF K<>13 THEN 700 !179 720 NEXT P !230 73Ø CALL CLEAR !2Ø9 740 PRINT "OUT OF"; J; "QUEST! ONS," !144 750 PRINT "YOUR SCORE IS ";S C: : : : !Ø86 76Ø GOTO 4ØØØ !254 770 DATA "A DECREASE IN THE NUMBER OF RED BLOOD CORPUSCL SERIOUSLY IMPAIR T ES WILL HE BODY'S ABILITY TO" !124 780 DATA TRANSPORT OXYGEN, CL OT BLOOD, RETAIN WATER, ELIMIN ATE WASTE, RETARD SUNBURN, 1 ! 113 790 DATA "KNEE JERK RESPONSE SHARP BLOW IS AN E TO A XAMPLE OF" !113 800 DATA HABIT, PHOTOTROPISM, LEARNED RESPONSE, INSTINCT, RE FLEX,5 !003 810 DATA "AFTER BIRTH, THE B MOST LIMITED IN FO ODY IS RMING NEW" !177 820 DATA NERVE CELLS, BLOOD C ELLS, SKIN CELLS, STOMACH CELL S,SPERM CELLS,1 !198 830 DATA "IF THERE ARE 48 CH ROMOSOMES IN BODY CELLS, THE NUMBER OF CHROMOSO NORMAL SPERM CELLS IS" !2 MES IN 22 840 DATA 15,20,24,48,96,3 !0 **Ø**9 850 DATA "A CONCENTRATION OF DIOXIDE IN THE BLO CARBON

STIMULATES THE BRE OD CENTER IN THE" !22 ATHING 860 DATA LUNGS, MEDULLA OBLON GATA, THROAT, MENINGES, CEREBRU M.2 !226 870 DATA "THE BEST SUBSTITUT LEMONS FOR THE TRE F FOR ATMENT OF SOURVY IS" !212 880 DATA COD-LIVER OIL, VITAM IN A TABLETS, ORANGE JUICE, MI LK.BREAD.3 1049 890 DATA "A COMPOUND THAT IS ABSORBED THROUGH T QUICKLY HE WALLS OF THE STOMACH IS" !224 900 DATA ALCOHOL, SUGAR, FAT, P ROTEIN, KELP, 1 ! 186 910 DATA "OF THE FOLLOWING O WHICH IS SPECIFICA RGANS. LLY A PARTOF THE EXCRETORY S YSTEM?" !229 920 DATA HEART, SALIVARY GLAN DS, CEREBRUM, KIDNEY, STOMACH, 4 1000 930 DATA "THE USE OF IODINE BODY IS MOST CLOSE IN THE LY RELATEDTO THE FUNCTION OF 1223 940 DATA THE CAROTID ARTERY. THE THYROID GLAND, THE CORNEA ,PANCREATIC FLUID,BILE,2 103 3 950 DATA "RESEARCH INDICATES CIGARETTE SMOKING THAT RESULTS INONE OF THE FOLLOW! CONDITIONS: " !Ø33 960 DATA MEASLES, CARDIOVASCU LAR STRESS, HEPATITIS, DANDRUF F, WHOOPING COUGH, 2 1071 970 DATA "LIFE PROCESSES WHI PLACE IN MOST ANIM CH TAKE INCLUDE ALL THE FO ALS EXCEPT" !Ø95 LLOWING 980 DATA " USING ENERGY FO METABOLISM"," ELIMINATION OF WATER AND WASTE" !209 990 DATA REPRODUCTION, GIVING OFF OXYGEN," INGESTION AN OF FOOD",4 ! D ABSORPTION **Ø**27 1000 DATA "IRON IS ESSENTIAL STRUCTURE OF HUMA IN THE N" ! 155 1010 DATA CARTILAGE, MUSCLES,

S,4 !Ø86 1020 DATA "WHICH OF THE FOLL OWING LACK A BACKBONE?" !171 1030 DATA TIGER, JELLYFISH, EA GLE, ALLIGATOR, BABY PANDA, 2 ! 1040 DATA "WHICH OF THE FOLL DETERMINES THE SE OWING HUMAN?" !193 X OF A 1050 DATA EGG CELL, SPERM CEL L, CHROMOSOME, FIBRINOGEN, VACU OLE,2 !234 1060 DATA "WHEN A CHILD HAS APPENDICITIS, ITS BLOOD WILLLIKELY SHOW AN IN CREASE IN" !219 1070 DATA RED CORPUSCLES, WHI TE CORPUSCLES, CYTOPLASM, PLAT ELETS, HEMOGLOBIN, 2 1031 1080 DATA "THE PART OF THE B SUFFERING MOST FR ODY CALCIUM DEFICIENC OM A Y WOULD BE" !205 1090 DATA THE SKIN, THE EYES, THE SKELETON, THE DIGESTIVE S YSTEM, THE STOMACH, 3 ! 190 1100 DATA "THE CONDITION WHI CH IS MOST LIKELY TO BE GENE RELATED IS" !229 TICALLY-1110 DATA SYPHILIS, TUBERCULO SIS, ANEMIA, EXCESS TEETH, COLI TIS,4 !100 1120 DATA "AN ALLOY IS A COM BINATION OFMETALS WHICH ARE TOGETHER BY MELTI BLENDED EXAMPLE IS" !126 AN NG. 1130 DATA TIN, COPPER, PEWTER, ANTIMONY, ZINC, 3 1063 1140 DATA "PASTEURIZATION, A DEVELOPED BY LOUI **PROCESS** S PASTEUR, IS MOST FREQUENTL Y USED IN PURIFICATION OF" ! 114 1150 DATA COFFEE, WATER, MEAT, MALT, MILK, 5 ! 188 1160 DATA "CHLOROPHYLL IS TH MATERIAL IN PLANT E GREEN WHICH ENABLES THE **CELLS** PLANT TO MANUFACTURE" ! Ø26 1170 DATA WATER, OXYGEN, SUGAR .CARBON MONOXIDE, COLOR, 3 ! 17 3000 DATA ZZZ,Z,Z,Z,Z,Z,Ø 10 4000 END !139 KIDNEYS, RED BLOOD CELLS, BONE

EXTENDED BASIC

Program works with TI-Writer to create simple database files

By JERRY STERN ©J.L. Stern

Now that we finally have real data base programs available to us for our 99/4A and Geneve computers, we are faced with a decision that until recently had no significance. When should we NOT invest the time and energy in a new data file, but instead simplify our activities? Is it really worthwhile to define structures, field lengths, and data types for just 60 records? Eighty? Where does one draw the line?

For small data base applications, it would not be worthwhile to define a new data file if we had an ideal "small file data processor." Perhaps a wish list would help define what this could include: **WANTED:**

- 1. Easy data input, with a full screen editor.
- 2. Search capability.
- 3. Search and replace capability.
- 4. Excellent report generation.
- 5. The ability to merge data files.
- 6. Sort capability, by any field.
- 7. Selective record retrieval.

I'm a great believer in not taking the time and trouble to re-invent the wheel every time I go for a drive. Wishes one through five are available as a very versatile data handling tool known as TI-Writer. This includes an excellent editor, FS or Find String commands, RS or Replace String, lots of formatting options, and has the additional advantage that we are already familiar with its operation; it won't be another program to learn.

If we could just type our data into a chart format in TI-Writer, with Word Wrap turned OFF, we would have our data arranged in columns in a nice neat format. That chart would provide every function on the wish list except sorting and partial or selective record retrieval. For those functions we would need a way to sort TI-Writer files into alphabetical order by ANY column in the chart.

A utility program to do this would complete the wish list; but that utility program would not be worthwhile if for every file, the user would have to explain how many columns of data there are, and how big each one is.

If a utility program could determine that information for itself, the idea of a word processor based small file data base would then be practical. This is possible if we restrict the format of the TI-Writer file only slightly. First, there must be no column headings in the file, only data. Any headings must be in a separate file, which could then use the .IF command to "include" the data file. Second, all the columns of data must be marked in the Tab line. This is something that would be helpful to do even if there were no additional reason for it. Finally, leave the left margin setting at the default of zero; that is, start the first data column at the left edge of the screen. I don't consider any of these restrictions as particularly inconvenient, especially if they will allow an automatic sort to be done.

A utility program to sort a file by the first character of each 80-column line would be easy to write. But we need two additional features in this utility. The program must sort by the data in any column, and IT MUST KNOW WHERE THOSE COLUMNS ARE.

Sort routines can be modified to sort by any position in a string. I have already done this in the subprogram QUICK3. This is an adaptation of the fastest sort routine I have found, which I have modified to sort strings instead of numbers, and to sort by any character in the string. Since the sort routine is in a subprogram, it could easily be changed to a slower routine if that were wanted, simply be changing subprograms. Why would you want a slower sort? Well, QUICK3 uses an extra numeric array as an index for the file data, so it eats a lot of memory. For sorting an extremely large file, a slower routine might have to be tolerated if memory is a problem. This is not likely, because the utility program for sorting will only be large enough to contain sort functions, and will not use much memory on its own.

But how will our new utility program, which we'll call CHART-BASE, know where the data columns are located? That information is in the TI-Writer file, in the tab line. That's the little line stuck at the end of every text file saved with the SF, or Save File, command. The format of that information has not been published. Until now, anyway. By reading that line into a program with the LINPUT statement, and playing with the tab options, I have been able to decipher the meaning of each character in the tab line. Since that line contains the position of each column as a tab setting, the program will be able to decode the tab line, converting it into a list of column positions.

The tab line itself is fairly simple. It is always 22 characters long. The first, third, and twenty-first position are always ASCII character 128. The left margin setting of a file is stored in the second position as 134 plus the setting of the margin. So, if the left margin is 5, the second character of the tab line will be 139. The right margin is stored the same way, but as the fourth character of the line. The fifth character is the first tab position, which TI-Writer sets as equal to the left margin. The last character of the line is the number of characters to indent each paragraph, again stored as 134 plus the number.

The rest of the tab line, characters six through twenty, are the positions of the tab stops. There are sixteen tabs available. When less than 16 of these are needed, the extras are set at 79, or equal to the maximum right margin. So all CHARTBASE must do is load in the data file including the tab line, read and decode the tab settings starting at the sixth position of the tab line, display a sample line to serve as an example, sort by the column requested, and resave the text file and the tab line. This becomes easy because the tab line information is now available, and the sort routine is in a subprogram where it can be called as needed. The rest of the

(See Page 13)

EXTENDED BASIC—

(Continued from Page 12)

functions needed are just data handling and display, fairly routine.

There is one problem; the program is intended to save time for processing chart files. If the user of the program uses a bad file name to attempt to save the sorted file, the program could crash, resulting in crushed psyches and torn nerves. We'll add some error trapping routines to prevent this.

The program starts with dimensions. The numeric array P() will be used for storing the 16 tab values. The string array R\$() will hold the data lines. The subprograms TITLE2 and PAUSE get some basic introductions out of the way without adding to the complexity of the program.

Lines 190 and 200 ask for and get the file name of the starting or Source file as S\$, and check the name to be sure it is possible. There is no way to be certain that the file name is right, however, without checking the disk for the actual file. If the file is not there, or is not a Display/Variable 80 file, the program will normally crash. To prevent this, line 210 changes Extended BASIC's error command from "Stop on error" to "Go to line 180 on error." That will just back up the program to ask for the file name again. We'll leave the error instruction set that way until the data file has been read in, so that if there is an error anywhere in the process, the program will just back up one step.

After the data file has been read into memory, the error in-

struction is returned back to its normal condition. The ON ER-ROR statements are potentially very messy. If error commands are changed in a program and then an error occurs that was not foreseen, the program will branch into an area of statements that can not handle that particular type of error. Sometimes an infinite loop can be formed. If the program also uses ON BREAK NEXT to ignore function CLEAR commands from the keyboard, the only way out of a program may be to turn off the computer. When writing a program with advanced error trapping, save the program before EVERY trial run, and leave the ON BREAK statements out until the very last stages of testing.

Line 250 rearranges the file slightly. If our test data file has ten

sets of data, the file will contain eleven lines. The last line is the tab line. The variable L was used as a counter for those lines, so R\$(11) will contain the tab line. An easier way to handle the array will be to set L=L-1, or the number of actual data sets, and use R\$(0) to hold the tab line, or R\$(0)=R\$(L+1).

Now comes the fun part. The program must decode the tab line into a useful form. First, deduce the number of columns of data

in the chart: N=POS(R\$(0),C HR\$(213),5)-5::IF N=0 THE N N=16

Starting at the fifth character of the tab line, these statements search for the number 213, or tab 79 less 134. If the first 213 is in the tenth position, than the tabs are located at positions five through nine. That's five tabs, or five columns of data. If there is no 213 in the string. POS will return N as zero. That means all sixteen tabs were used in the chart file, so there are 16 columns of data. The rest of the program will refer to the tab positions frequently, so line 280 will convert them to a list of column positions stored in the array P().

The first line of the chart is used as an example for the screen display in lines 290 to 300. Each column is displayed on a separate line, with a tab column number on the left and the column number on the right. Any columns longer than 20 characters are truncated in the display. On the same screen, the choice of field to sort by is requested by line 310. Enter the column number here, not the tab column! To be sure

that the column entered is sensible, more error trapping takes place here. Only a one or two digit number can get past the VALIDATE(DIGIT) in the ACCEPT statement, and the sort field number T is checked to be certain that it is not larger than the number of columns, or equal to zero. Again, if the program finds an impossible number, it just branches back to ask for the input again.

I don't like programs that make sorting look difficult. Some clear the screen, print a message like, "Sorting, Please Wait Two Years," and then go off someplace to contemplate their memory locations. We know that the program is not using screen memory or display

TI-WRITER TAB LINE AND DEFAULTS

N
•

Each column value is expressed as a number from zero to 79. The string is always 22 characters long, with all unused tabs stored as position 79. There are sixteen tab values available.

(See Page 18)

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underground cavern. Great!!
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upgrade of one of the best!
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Zargon. Loads from exbasic. CHECKERS & BACKGARMOF (33) A collection of the best. SOLITAIRE & SCRABBLE (34)

A classic game collection!

WHEBL OF FORTUME, BLACKJACK a

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the best we have seen. So
good you will expect Vana
to appear!

to appear!
STRIP POKER (13) When you win
she loses everything!
ASTROBLITZ/MAZOG (63) Two

professional quality action games you are sure to like! MAJOR TOW/SPACE STATION PHETA (64) Two great space games! PERFECT PUSH (65) One of the finest games ever written. Fantastic action and top notch graphics. Space game!

SUPER TRIVIA 99 (46) The best trivia games we have seen. Complete with questions! R RATED GAME DEMO (26) The

R RATED GAME DEMO (26) The classic Space Invaders with "unusual" guns & targets. For Adults Only! TI-99 OLOPY' (12) How you can

TI-99 OLOPY' (12) Now you can play the famous board game right on your 99/4A. Do not pass GO!!!

EDUCATION

KIDS LEARNING VOL 1. (27) A 2-disk side collection of educational programs. Math, geography, reading and more. MORSE CODE TRAINER (31) A

professional program to learn and practice code. ASTROMONY (54) Plots the

heavens and teaches you about the solar system.

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MUSIC

THE SINGING TI-99/4A (1) A
2 sided collection of songs
where the computer actually
sings. By Ken Gilliland.
Requires speech syn.

Requires speech syn.

TI MUSIC/GRAPHICS DEMO (5A)

A great collection of music
à matching graphics.

EXBASIC MUSIC DEMO (6) A 2-

EXBASIC NUSIC DEMO (6) A 2sided collection of great music with graphics. Hours of enjoyment!

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the ecreen plays your selections or write your own
with instructions incl.
Also a program to learn
keyboard chord formation

Arsu a program to wear, keyboard chord formation.

EXBASIC XNAS NUSIC (32) A

2-disk wide collection of christmas and holiday music Completely menu selectable!

SPREADSHEETS

SPREADSHEET DEND (56) A complete spreadsheet program for learning and many applications. Easy to learn and use!

ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (20) A complete AR program with documentation. Won lst prize in T1 programming contest.

STRICTLY BUSINESS (36) A 2disk side collection of programs for evaluating loans, interest, stocks etc

DATABASE PROGRAMS

DATA BASE DEMO (21) A fully set up data base program designed for filing and finding magazine articles. Basy to use or modify for other applications. Sample data included!

cata included:
PR BASE (58) This is a full
feature DB freeware program
that is rated as one of if
not the best. Documentation
included:

GRAPHICS

ABINATION 99' (52) This is the one by Ray Kazmer that was featured in the July 88 Micropendium. See fantastic animation and also learn how it was done. This one is destined to be a classic.

ANTIMATED XMAS CARD (11) This is the original animation by Ray Kazmer that made him an overnight superstar in the TI community. This classic is also referred to as "Woodstock" among TI'ers

PRINTART DEMO (4) This 2-disk side collection prints well known comic and TV personalities out on your printer.

FIGURE STUDY (14) This is a collection of programs that print Playboy type centerfolds out on your printer-

print risput type centerfolds out on your printer. MOBA LISA PRIBIDUI (9) This program prints a near photo quality picture of Mona Lisa on your printer. You won't believe the quality!

won't believe the quality!
SPACE SHUTTLE DEMO (7) An
outstanding music/graphics
program that salutes the
U.S. space program. Its
almost like watching a film.

STAR/BPSOW DEMO (15) A 2-Disk eide collection of programs to show you what your printer can really do. Also a great graphics tutorial with examples! GOTHIC PRINT DISK (10) This program lets you type a message and then prints it out in Old English style. Looks like hand lettered calligraphy. Great for invitations, announcoments. SIDEWAYS PRINTOUT (16) Lets your printer print sideways. Great for spreadsheets and banners. Includes two

enhancements.

VIDBO GRAPHS (41) This disk
is sold as a backup to
owners of the discontined
II Video Graphs module.

We can only legally provide
it to module owners.

versions and new Multiplan

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

TELCO (57) This program has been rated as one of the best telecommunications programs for the TI-99/4A. A user supported program that contains everything you need to upload and download data with your moden. Supporte all baud rates and protocalls.

APPLICATIONS

WILL WRITER (23) Enter your answers to a group of questions and this program writes out a complete will. MEDICAL ALERT (25) Contains

many menu accessable files on what to do until the doctor or paramedics come. Could easily save a life!

ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS (24) A 2-disk side collection dozens of engineering and technical formulas. Does calculations, conversions, and even designs electrical circuits. Even contains medical and communications data and formulas.

LABBL MAKER (29) A pair of programs that let you make quick and easy labels for all purposes. Mail, dieks, files etc. Uses standard tractor labels and even makes a graphic picture with the label text.

INFOCOM RAPID LOADER (47) A must for owners of infocom 99/4A games. Loads games in seconds instead of minutes. Basy to use!

GENEALOGY (67) Now you can enter and arrange your family tree and print out copies for your relations. Also can be used if you breed animals such as dogs, cats or horses.

GRAPH MAKER (59) A collection of the best programs we have seen that produce graphs and charte from your data. Printer required!

ROUSEHOLD BUDGET PRINTOUT (30)
This program lets you
printout the data from the
TI Household Budget module,
an important feature that
TI forgot.

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SPREADSHEETS

LITEL ITIES GRAPHICS

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DATABASE

APPLICATIONS

BASIC

APPLICATIONS

(continued)

HEBREW TYPEWRITER (66) Thie program converts your 99/4A from english to hebrew. A great tool for religious studies. Can be combined with a screen dump program to print out the text from the screen. A great way to learn how to do the same with other languages. To get you in the mood, we also included a music/ graphics program of "Fiddler" on this disk!

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (40) This disk includes the famous computer progam "Eliza" where the computer responds to your problems and questions in a manner that is almost human. Save a bundle on what you would pay a shrink for the same services. Also includes one of the better biorhythm programs so you can really take control of your emotional problems at one sitting.

LOTTO SELECTOR (8) This program selects numbers for use in the various state lotto games and even runs a simulated lotto game Unprotected so it is easily modified for additional

ASTROLOGY (22) This program is as good as the coin operated machines. Tell it your birthday and see a great color display on your zodiac sign and see historical data on what took place in history on your birthday. Great for parties or even a charity event. Many famous people rely on this information!



TI PROGRAMS FROM AROUND THE WORLD

LAPD COOKBOOK! (37) A complete computer collection of great receipes compiled by great receipes compiled by an LA cop who is also a gourmet chef. Whenever he went to a top eating place he would hit the chef up for a receipe. 2 disk sides completely menu selectable.

ORIGINAL TI SALES DEMO (5) This disk given to Ti TI back in 1986. dealers by TI back in includes demonstration programs with graphics speech, PRK, TB-I, and even includes the famous game TI-TREK which we reprogrammed to run on the TE-II module instead of the discontinued Speech Editor.

UTILITIES

HACKER CRACKER (53) A collection of the top disk copy programs including the est of the track copiers One or more of these programs will copy almost all protected disks. Both II & CorComp compatible programs are included. 2 disk drives are required on most of these programs.
SCREEN DUMP (55) This program allows you to printout you see on the screen while running a disk, cassette or module program. Instructions included. Requires a Star or Epson compatible printer.

DUMPIT (3) This disk lets you copy a number of TI modules to disk. Editor Assembler module and Vidget (cartridge expander) recommended for best results Some programming knowledge will be helpful!

TI DIAGNOSTICS (19) This program released by TI loads into the TI Wini Memory module and then lets you test your system. Better than diagnostics on a disk since if your disk system was not working properly, you would not be able to use it. Complete with all Mocumentation on a second disk side.

DISK KAHAGER II (62) This is the TI Disk Manager II module on disk. How if your module goes, you are protected. Sold as a backup to owners of the module. Loads with exbasic. LOADERS & CATALOGERS (28) A

collection of the best catalog and menu/loader catalog and menuricater programs we have seen. Ready to be put on your own program disks. PROGRAMMIEG AIDS & UTILITIES

(35) This disk contains a collection of handy files including a group of title displays and a super cross reference program. Also included is a great disk management utility that you will use over and over!

TI WRITER/MULTIPLAN UPGRADE (19) This disk released TI adds real lower case to your TI writer and more. Also speeds up Multiplan. TI FORTH DENO (17) This disk

released by TI demonstrates the power of the programming language Forth for music and graphics. Requires 32K and Editor Assembler Module.

FUERELVEB FARK UTILITY (42)
This program from down under puts many of the most often used application and utility programs at your fingertips. Complete with documentation on two disk sides.

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DISK OF THE MONTH: BITMAC Graphics Program

BITMAC IS BACK AT A NEW LOW SHAREWARE PRICE OF \$4.95. WE SOLD 100s OF THIS FANTASTIC GRAPHICS PROGRAM AT ITS WE SOLD 100s OF THIS FANTASTIC GRAPHICS PROGRAM AT ITS
ORIGINAL PRICE OF \$19.95. WE HAVE JUST BOUGHT OUT THE
ENTIRE INVENTORY OF THIS PROGRAM FROM A MAJOR DISTRIBUTOR
AND HAVE INCLUDED IT IN OUR COLLECTION OF \$4.95 FAIRWARE &
SHAREWARE DISKS COMPLETE WITH ALL ORIGINAL DOCUMENTATION AND
SHAREWARE DISKS COMPLETE WITH ALL ORIGINAL DOCUMENTATION AND
HITMAC is a comprehensive graphic program for the T109-4A computer which allows you to easily place "does" on the screen in and in a choice of 16 colors. You can print text ANYWHERE, even on top of existing text You can print text sideways, upside down, in
mirror image, in 16 colors and a multitude of other ways. But BITMAC text is only a small part the unique program. Other features of INI
MAC will allow you to do things like SIGN your name, make perfect circles ANYWHERE, draw lines from any point of the screen to any
other point, make perfect rectangles in EXACTLY the position you want them and much proce?

BITMAC has provisions for trackfolds, posterics and even a second computer upput if you have a second computer such as an IBM PC an An



DISK #120

BITMAC has provisions for trackfalls, joysticks and even a second computer input. If you have a second computer such as an IBM 12, an Apple Maintissh even an IBM 370 main frame there are provisions for your second computer to create graphics with BITMAC.

BITMAC can make "slide presentations" for group meetings (and print the graphics!), give hours of "just doodling" pleasure, create charts for a stock holder report, print camera reads art for business ads, make still carroon sequences (and print them in one of two sizes), create mechanical drawings, draft floorplans and many other uses?

BITMAC, with a second computer, can plot satellite data, statistical data, computer generated art plots, analog sampled data and not about anything your second computer can throw at BITMAC.

BITMAC offers BOOLEAN disk input (just like NASA enhances photos!) and a wealth of computer enhancement techniques that lend raw ower to your ability to manipulate bitmapped graphics Fully compatible with both TI and CorComp Disk Controller Cards. NOTE: Compatible only with Epson, Star or other fully Epson

BITMAC offers from Input that allows you to point at the functions you want. Nothing was spared in making BITMAC easy and simple to use VISA and MASTERCARD HOLDERS CALL DIRECT

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Make labels for holidays and special events. You compose the text and select the resident graphics for the occasion.

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show with great screen displays. ‡75. DISK CATALOGER

Now you can organaize your disk files with this great utility. Files, sorts, and prints your records. Easy to use. \$76. PROGRAMMING AIDS AND UTILITIES II A collection of very useful material. Includes a program to convert basic to exbasic so your old basic programs will load & run in exbasic, even with graphics. Also includes two on sreen diagnostic programs to test your keyboard and processor.
A great merge utility is also on this disk. #77. MICROdex 99

A database program by Bill Gaskill which files and retrieves data such as magazine articles. A sample database is included.

SERIES VII

#78. ARTCON+ BY RAY KAZMER ATTENTION GRAPHX AND TI ARTIST USERS!!! This program lets you convert Exbasic graphics to TI Artist and Graphx pictures. Also contains a new MAX-RLE (2) for converting from Artist to Graphx.

₹79. DM1000 V3.5 One of the most popular disk managers for the TI-99/4A. Originally based on for the firsty, originally based on the CorComp manager, it has been improved and refined by talented users all over the world. This version is deemed the most reliable to date and is far advanced over the Tiple Manager I far advanced over the TI Disk Manager II.

Distributed by permission from CorComp. #80. BIRDWELL DISK UTILITY A must if you are into programming and software development. Besides being a great disk manager, it has provirion for copying sectors, comparing files and is menu driven. Complete with documentation.

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This utility which can be installed on a disk loads and run or displays most files. Now you can have a disk with exbasic programs, Editor Assembler Programs and TI Writer files and run or display them all from exbasic.

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#86. COLUMNIZER III

A very useful utility for printing TI Writer and 99 Writer II files in separate spaced columns. Saves hours in producing a nesletters. Complete with documentation.

#87. ARCHIVER III

This utility allows you to "pack" or combine several files into one for space utiliztion. A number of boards are sending files packed to save transmission costs. This utility will let you pack and/or unpack these files.

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A collection of games from our friends down under. Includes a great card game and board game. Hours of fun and entertainment. Includes Matchmaker & TILO.

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Written by 99/4 programming great
Charles Ehninger, this prize winner
origrinall sold for \$59.95. Keeps
track of household, business or personal items by catagory and provides
automatic updating for inflation etc.
A must for tax and insurance records! #93 THE 1989 KBGB GIRLIE CALENDAR This latest offering from programming master Ken Gilliiland. Prints out a master Ken Gilliiland. Prints out a jumbo 12 mo-th calendar with a knock-out centerfuld pinup for each month. If you like our #14 Figure Study disk, you will flip over this one. For Adults Onlyll. Exhasic & d/m printer. #94 GREAT 99/44 GAMES VOL. III
If you have seen vols 1 & 2 of this series up leaving only provide the

series you know we only provide the very best. This latest volume is also filled with a collection of great ones! **#95 WEATHER FORECASTER** The weather predictions are amazingly reliable and accurate!. A great game "Lawnmower" and a mini database are

also included to make this disk a fantastic value. #96 STATISTICS & SORTING

Two great assembly utilities by John Clulow. STAT is a set of statistic routines for use in exbasic. SORT allows sorting by two separate fields and a choice of two types of sorts. #97 MEMORY MANIPULATOR This powerful utility lets you explore the entire memory in your 99/4A system and take apart what

you find. User friendly! #98 DAYS OF EDEN & DOORS OF EDEN Two bible games (non-fiction) that work with the TI Adventure Module.

#99 CREAT 99/4A GAMES VOL. IV This disk features the works of J. Peter Hoddie. All of these games are of commercial quality and well worth the donation requested!.

#100 ASSULT THE CITY (T. of DOOM) An exciting game for use with the Tunnels of Doom module. Several Exbasic bonus games are included.

#101 ENHANCED DISPLAY PACKAGE This screen enhancement utility lets you do 40 columns, windowing, reverse scrolling, clock/alarm, and a whole host of othe great tric's in Fully documented #102 COLOSSAL CAVES ADVENTURE

This classic adventure now available for the 99/4A is what led to the Zork series. Hours of text adventuring.

#103 SORCAN, THE 99/4A ORGAN
This program which is currenly
selling for big bucks on module
turns your 99/4A into a electronic organ. Sound effects, different instruments and voices,

erent instruments and voices, chord forms, color graphics with complete control of all. (E/A) #104 C99 COMPLILER AND LIBRARY This two sided (flippy) disk gets you into C programming with your 00//A Campa with a series called 99/4A. Comes with a great collect-ion of utilities such as text & graphics. (E/A) #105 KING'S CASTLE +

A great arcade style assembly game formerly offered on module. Also includes an XB "Trek" game and a collection of sprite & graphics from Tigercub's Jim Peterson. from Tigercub's Jim Peterson #106 QUEST (Dungeons & Dragons) One of the best D&D games around! You must destroy the Dark Lord to free your homeland!. Complete with

documentation on disk.
#107 STAR TREK MUSIC ALBUM
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three motion pictures (Exbasic) #108 FUNLPLUS BY JACK SUCHRUE Fantastic disk packed with Funnelweb (#42) templates, utilities and prog. Unbeliveable collection of fantastic aids to make the best even better!

#109 TI-WRITER MINI MANUAL This disk prints out a five page TI Writer manual with everything you need to know to use TT Writer or the many clones such as 99Writer II. Additional aids for using this powerful word processor are included. #110 DISK + AID

A powereful disk sector editor formerly sold for \$20. Menu Driven and easy to use.

#111 POP MUSIC & GRAPHICS

This exciting disk from Germany features music/graphics written in 100% assembly and what comes from the TI sound chip is sure to astound you! (E/A)

#112 INVOICE PACK

#112 INVOICE PACK
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This powerful utility written in Forth allows disassembly of programs off disk in any format, in memory, and even off of P-Box cards. Very complete with some very unique features. (E/A)

#118 FAST TERM

One of the most popular and recommended of the 99/4A terminal emulator programs. Supports TE-II, ASCII, and X-Modem transfers, print spooling and more Loads from Exbasic or E/A

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EXTENDED BASIC-

(Continued from Page 13)

chips to sort the data, so there is no need to clear the screen and make a big deal out of the procedure. I prefer to give the user something to look at while the sorting process is going on. In this case, CHARTBASE displays the first ten records in the file, and starts sorting while you're distracted with studying your data. When the sort is done, the new first ten records are displayed below the original order. This allows easy comparison of the sorted file with the original.

The next chunk of CHARTBASE provides a menu, for sorting again, saving the new file, loading a new file, or giving up and calling it a day. The sorting and loading options are just branches back to earlier parts of the program. Quitting is verified before shutting down; its not nice to press a wrong key and lose all your work. Saving the new file is the remaining option, and some more error checking is required here to prevent crashes.

Several different things could go wrong here. The user could use a bad file name, something like DSK7.2RALPH. Or there might not be a disk in the drive. Maybe there is no room on the disk, or the file name is a duplicate of a protected file. These errors all would cause a crash at the same point, the OPEN statement. So the ON ERROR 400 statement is placed just before the OPEN statement, and branches back to the request in 400 for the

file name if an error is detected. As soon as the file is closed, the ON ERROR STOP statement is used to restore the error treatment to normal.

Saving the file is easy. The array R\$() is just saved back to the disk, from record one to one more than the number of data lines (L+1). Record zero is a duplicate of record L+1, so it isn't saved. The last line of the file resaves the tab line just as it was originally.

The save routine branches back to the menu, so the file can be sorted again, saved again, whatever it takes to keep your data hap py. This small data base is certainly less work than the big ones. Maybe it would also help to rearrange the columns of a report file created on disk by a relational data base program. Certainly these new big programs have one weak area, report generation. If you try using CHARTBASE for this, be sure to load the data file into TI Writer first and setting the tabs.

CHARTBASE is only a "small file data processor." The utility of a program is in choosing the right data base program for the right purpose. I've used CHARTBASE to maintain lists of information several pages long, but a true relational data base would, with more work, allow more manipulation of the data. Two years ago there were no acceptable data base programs for the TI. At least now there is a choice.

CHARTBASE

```
1 THEN 3Ø835 !Ø49 !Ø81
 30840 SUBEND !168 !202
 31565 SUB TITLE2 :035 :062
 31575 DISPLAY AT(7,10)ERASE
 ALL: "DATASORT" :: CALL CHAR(
 95,"ØØFF"):: CALL HCHAR(8,12
 ,95,8)!245 !Ø19
 31580 DISPLAY AT(12,5):"SORT
 S A CHART FILE" :057 :088
 31595 SUBEND !168 !202
 32070 SUB QUICK3(N,X$(),D)!1
 Ø9 !138
 32075 !(NUMBER OF VALUES,STR
 ING ARRAY TO BE SORTED, DIGIT
 TO SORT BY) MIDSTRING SORT
VERSION : Ø65 : Ø95
32Ø85 K, I=Ø :: E=133-D :: DI
M S(200)!020 !041
32090 S(I+1)=1 :: S(I+2)=N !
207 !235
32Ø95 K=K+1 !Ø15 !Ø4Ø
32100 IF K=0 THEN SUBEXIT !2
21 ! 245
321Ø5 K=K-1 :: I=K+K !24Ø !Ø
Ø9
3211Ø A=S(I+1):: B=S(I+2)!Ø1
Ø :Ø3Ø
32115 Z$=X$(A):: U=A :: L=B+
1 ! 197 ! 233
3212Ø L=L-1 !Ø18 !Ø46
```

```
32125 IF L=U THEN 3215Ø !111
  ! 133
 3213Ø IF SEG$(Z$,D,E)<=SEG$(
 X$(L),D,E)THEN 32120 ELSE X$
 (U)=X$(L)!Ø6Ø !Ø85
 32135 U=U+1 !Ø35 !Ø62
 32140 IF L=U THEN 32150 !111
  !133
 32145 IF SEG$(Z$,D,E)>=SEG$(
 X$(U),D,E)THEN 32135 ELSE X$
 (L)=X$(U):: GOTO 3212Ø !Ø27
 !Ø55
 3215Ø X$(U)=Z$ !122 !146
 32155 IF B-U>=2 THEN I=K+K :
 : S(I+1)=U+1 :: S(I+2)=B ::
K=K+1 !Ø8Ø !1Ø7
32160 IF L-A>=2 THEN I=K+K :
: S(I+1)=A :: S(I+2)=L-1 ::
K=K+1 !Ø61 !Ø87
32165 GOTO 32100 !048 !079
3217Ø SUBEND !168 !202
32575 SUB QUN !Ø86 !119
32580 ! GUN SOUND EFFECT SIN
GLE SHOT JLS- 12/85 !152 !17
32585 CALL SOUND (100, 110, 0, 1
3Ø,5,34ØØØ,3Ø,-8,Ø):: FOR L=
Ø TO 3Ø STEP 15 :: CALL SOUN
D(-100,110,30,110,30,3400,30
,-8,L):: NEXT L :: SUBEND !1
```

```
42 ! 168
 100 ! CHARTBASE !048 !079
 110 ! V 4.0 JLS 5/89 !169 !2
 04
 120 ! SORTS DATA RECORDS BY
 ITEM, DETERMINED BY TAB POSI
 TION LISTING ON LAST LINE !!
 87 !222
 130 ! OF DATA FILE: IN FORMA
 T NN NN NN NN, WHERE NN IS T
HE CHARACTER POSITION OF EAC
H FIELD, UP TO 16. 1209 1239
140 ! THE DATA MUST BE STRIN
GS OF CONCATENATED INFORMAT!
ON IN DISPLAY/VARIABLE 80 FO
RMAT !143 !170
15Ø ON WARNING NEXT !215 !24
16Ø DIM P(16),R$(3ØØ)!1Ø8 !1
36
170 CALL TITLE2 :: CALL PAUS
E !137 !167
18Ø CALL CLEAR !2Ø9 !239
190 DISPLAY AT(2,1): "NAME OF
 FILE TO LOAD?": "DSK1." !Ø82
 ! 111
200 ACCEPT AT(3,4)VALIDATE(U
ALPHA,DIGIT,"._")SIZE(-12):S
$ :: IF S$="1." THEN STOP EL
         (See Page 19)
```

EXTENDED BASIC—

(Continued from Page 18) SE S\$="DSK"&S\$!Ø86 !119 210 ON ERROR 180 !189 !226 220 OPEN #1:S\$, DISPLAY , VARI ABLE 80, INPUT :: L=0 !185 !2 230 IF EOF(1)THEN 250 !040 ! Ø63 240 L=L+1 :: LINPUT #1:R\$(L) :: IF LEN(R\$(L))<3 THEN L=L-1 :: GOTO 23Ø ELSE 23Ø !243 1015 250 CLOSE #1 :: ON ERROR STO $P :: L=L-1 :: R$(\emptyset)=R$(L+1)!$ L LEFT WITH VALUE OF NUMBER OF FILE LINES !236 !Ø1Ø 260 ! DATA LINE BREAKDOWN !1 94 ! 227 270 N = (POS(R\$(0), CHR\$(213), 5))-5):: IF N=Ø THEN N=16 ! N: NUMBER OF DATA ITEMS PER REC ORD !198 !235 280 FOR T=1 TO N :: P(T)=ASC $(SEG\$(R\$(\emptyset),T+4,1))-133 :: N$ EXT T :: P(T)=80 !215 !242 29Ø CALL CLEAR :: DISPLAY AT (1,1):L;" RECORD FIELDS STAR T AT:" !224 !251 300 FOR T=1 TO N :: DISPLAY AT(T+1.1):P(T);TAB(5);SEG\$(R(1),P(T),MIN(20,P(T+1)-P(T)));TAB(27);T :: NEXT T !145 ! 174 31Ø DISPLAY AT(23,1): "ENTER CHOICE OF FIELD TO SOR T BY: (Ø TO STOP)" :: ACCEPT AT(24,27)VALIDATE(DIGIT)SIZE (2):T !222 !247 320 IF TON THEN 310 ELSE IF T=Ø THEN 37Ø !146 !176 330 DISPLAY AT(1,1)ERASE ALL :"PRE-SORT" :: FOR U=1 TO M! N(10.L):: DISPLAY AT(U+1,1):SEG\$(R\$(U),1,28):: NEXT U !Ø 21 !043 340 DISPLAY AT(13,1):"SORTIN G...":: CALL QUICK3(L,R\$(), P(T))!192 !223 35Ø DISPLAY AT(13,1): "POST-S ORT" :: FOR T=1 TO MIN(10,L) :: DISPLAY AT(T+13,1):SEG\$(R \$(T),1,28):: NEXT T !254 !Ø2 36Ø CALL PAUSE !232 !ØØ2 37Ø DISPLAY AT(2,1)ERASE ALL :"CHOOSE:": :" 1 :SORT AGAIN

":" 2 :SAVE FILE":" 3 :LOAD A NEW FILE": " 4 :QUIT" !210 1232 38Ø CALL KEY(Ø,K,S):: IF S<1 THEN 380 ELSE IF K>52 OR K< 49 THEN 380 ELSE T=K-48 !203 1227 39Ø ON T GOTO 29Ø,4ØØ,18Ø,45 Ø !221 !245 400 DISPLAY AT(2,1)ERASE ALL :"NAME OF FILE TO SAVE?":S\$!166 !198 41Ø ACCEPT AT(3,4)VALIDATE(U ALPHA, DIGIT, "._") SIZE(-12):S \$:: S\$="DSK"&S\$!172 !201 42Ø ON ERROR 4ØØ !154 !183 430 OPEN #2:S\$, DISPLAY , VARI ABLE 80, OUTPUT ! 154 ! 183 44Ø FOR T=1 TO L+1 :: PRINT #2:R\$(T):: NEXT T :: CLOSE # 2 :: ON ERROR STOP :: GOTO 3 70 !118 !147 450 CALL GUN :: DISPLAY AT(5 ,1)ERASE ALL: "QUIT???": :"TY PE Y TO CONFIRM ... " :: ACCEP T AT(7,22)SIZE(1):Z\$!Ø64 !Ø 93 460 IF Z\$="Y" THEN STOP ELSE 370 !230 !254 30820 SUB PAUSE !236 !010 30825 FOR D=1 TO 100 :: NEXT D !241 !011 30830 DISPLAY AT(24,2):"PRES S ANY KEY TO CONTINUE" !088 ! 123 30835 CALL KEY(0,K,S):: IF S <1 THEN 3Ø835 !Ø49 !Ø81 30840 SUBEND !168 !202 31565 SUB TITLE2 !035 !062 31575 DISPLAY AT(7,10)ERASE ALL: "DATASORT" :: CALL CHAR(95,"ØØFF"):: CALL HCHAR(8,12 ,95,8)!245 !Ø19 3158Ø DISPLAY AT(12,5):"SORT S A CHART FILE" !057 !088 31595 SUBEND !168 !2Ø2 32070 SUB QUICK3(N,X\$(),D)!1 Ø9 !138 32075 !(NUMBER OF VALUES, STR ING ARRAY TO BE SORTED, DIGIT TO SORT BY) MIDSTRING SORT VERSION !Ø65 !Ø95 32085 K | =0 : E=133-D :: DI M \$(200)!020 :041 32090 S(1+1)=1 :: S(1+2)=N !207 !235

32095 K=K+1 !015 !040 32100 IF K=0 THEN SUBEXIT !2 21 ! 245 32105 K=K-1 :: I=K+K !240 !0 Ø9 32110 A=S(I+1):: B=S(I+2)!01 Ø !Ø3Ø 32115 Z\$=X\$(A):: U=A :: L=B+ 1 ! 197 ! 233 32120 L=L-1 !Ø18 !Ø46 32125 IF L=U THEN 32150 !111 ! 133 32130 IF SEG\$(Z\$.D.E)<=SEG\$(X\$(L),D.E)THEN 32120 ELSE X\$ (U)=x\$(L)!Ø6Ø!Ø8532135 U=U+1 !Ø35 !Ø62 32140 IF L=U THEN 32150 !111 ! 133 32145 IF SEG\$(Z\$,D,E)>=SEG\$(X\$(U),D,E)THEN 32135 ELSE X\$ (L)=x\$(U):: GOTO 32120 !0271055 3215Ø X\$(U)=Z\$!122 !146 32155 IF B-U>=2 THEN I=K+K: : S(I+1)=U+1 :: S(I+2)=B :: K=K+1 !Ø8Ø !1Ø7 32160 IF L-A>=2 THEN I=K+K : : S(I+1)=A :: S(I+2)=L-1 :: K=K+1 !Ø61 !Ø87 32165 GOTO 32100 !048 !079 32170 SUBEND !168 !202 32575 SUB GUN !Ø86 !119 32580 ! GUN SOUND EFFECT SIN QLE SHOT JLS- 12/85 !152 !17 32585 CALL SOUND(100,110,0,1 30.5.34000.30.-8.0):: FOR L= Ø TO 3Ø STEP 15 :: CALL SOUN D(-100,110,30,110,30,3400,30),-8,L):: NEXT L :: SUBEND !1 42 ! 168

User group update

The following are additions and updates to our user group listings, begun in May 1987.

Michigan

Great Lakes Computer Group, c/o Jack Jeup, Chairman of the Board, P.O. Box 7151, Roseville, M1 48305 (312) 776-2247; June C. Smith, president, and Leonard Smith, newsletter editor, 236 Wendy Lane, Bloomfield Hills, M1 48013, (312) 338-0072. Meets last Monday of month.

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LOADERS, MODULAR PROGRAMMING, LINKAGES & OVERLAYS

Dynamic modular programming using Extended BASIC

By MERLE VOGT

This is the third of a five-part series on loaders, linkages and overlays.—Ed.

In this installment I want to discuss dynamic modular program runs using Extended BASIC. The preliminary steps are similar to those already discussed. We start by using the Editor/Assembler editor to create the source code for a module. Then we use the assembler to make an object module, and save that to disk. However, the source code is somewhat different in order to make it compatible with the Extended BASIC environment.

The new, dynamic element is important in that the loading of object modules into RAM becomes a function of the run phase

ØØ28

ØØ29

ØØ3Ø

Fig. 1

BUFFER

MYWS

BSS

BSS

END

32

32

of the Extended BASIC program, which has its own loader. See program below: 100 REM X-BASIC DYNAMIC SUBR OUTINE EXECUTION 110 DISPLAY "THIS PROGRAM WI LL INPUT A STRING, THEN ADD Ø1 TO EACH CHARACTER, THEN D ISPLAY RESULTS.": :: 500 CALL INIT 510 CALL LOAD("DSK1.XB/PT3/O **BJ"**) 600 INPUT "TYPE IN A STRING. NOT OVER 31 CHARACTERS ":! 610 IF SEG\$(IN\$,1,3)="ZZZ" T HEN 1000 89Ø RFM

900 CALL LINK("SUBRT1", IN\$,0 UT\$)
910 REM COMES BACK TO HERE
920 DISPLAY IN\$: :OUT\$: :"TY
PE ZZZ TO HALT": : :
930 GOTO 600
940 REM
1000 DISPLAY "END OF JOB ***
******"
1010 FOR QQ=1 TO 1000
1020 NEXT QQ
1030 STOP
1040 END

The CALL INIT is needed, first, to load the utility routines, and then to make the (See Page 22)

SUBRT1 (Extended BASIC) 0001 DEF SUBRT 1 0002 STRASG EQU >2010 0003 STRREF EQU >2014 PROGRAM COMMENTS 0004 **XBWS** EQU >83FØ Line # Explanation 0005 XBRETN EQU >0070 Defines the routine name, SUBRTI ØØØ6 STAT **EQU** 2-6 >837C Give the address equates needed ØØØ7 SUBRT1 LWPI MYWS 7 Provides workspace for this module 0008 LI R4.>1FØØ 8-9 Set up the length code in first buffer byte, here 0009 MOVR R4,@BUFFER it is 31 bytes ØØ 1Ø CLR RØ 10-13 Pull the string from XBASIC into buffer ØØ11 LI R1.1 14-15 Picks up actual buffer length received from XB 0012 LI R2, BUFFER and puts it into R4 0013 **BLWP @STRREF** 16 Put pointer to first character of the string into ØØ14 MOVB @BUFFER.R4 R5 ØØ15 **SWPB** 17-19 Adds 01 to each character of the string 0016 LI R5.BUFFER+1 20-23 Move string back to XB to data filed "OUT\$" ØØ 17 ADD AB @PLUS1,*R5+ 24-26 Return control to XB 0018 DEC R4 27-29 Set up data and work spaces ØØ19 JNE ADD 0020 CLR RØ 0021 LI R1,2 (The line numbers in the program are for reference only. Do 0022 LI R2, BUFFER enter them when typing in the program.-Ed.) 0023 BLWP **@STRASG** ØØ24 LWP I **XBWS** ØØ25 **CLR @STAT** 0026 В @XBRETN ØØ27 PLUS₁ DATA >Ø1Ø1

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LOADERS, MODULAR PROGRAMMNG, LINKAGES & OVERLAYS

(Continued from Page 20)

loader function correctly. The CALL LOAD will haul in the SUBRTI module and place it into RAM, and place the symbol name SUBRTI into a REF/DEF table. Then, in line 900, we use CALL LINK to enter SUBRTI and execute it. Note also that two data names (parameters) are passed to SUBRTI. More clarification on this in the example code for SUBRTI. See Fig. I and study it closely.

Now look at the entire Extended BASIC program in Fig. 2.

I have tried to demonstrate how to approach a dynamic program operation. Only one subroutine was used. You can have more, but there is a major obstacle when Extended BASIC is used: It eats up all of the high RAM, > A000 through > FFFF. The utilities occupy low RAM space > 2000 through > 24F3. Thus, you are left only the area of > 24F4 through > 3FXX, which is not enough space to do large projects. Also, the Extended BASIC loader

puts your DEFs into a low RAM REF/DEF, starting at >3FF8 and downwards. The only DEFs in this table are those from your modules. Extended BASIC does not have any of its own. That is why you must code all those EQUates to get access to the Extended BASIC utilities.

MODULAR PROGRAMMING WITH MINI-MEMORY

You can also do dynamic runs with facilities provided by the Mini-Memory cartridge. The control program must be in regular TI-BASIC. The CALL INIT, CALL LOAD and CALL LINK commands work as already detailed. You can use all these utilities in ROM >6000 from the assembly modules. As before, you use the editor to create *source* modules and the assembler to make *object* modules. Be careful to conform to the slight differences of the Mini-Memory loader.

The assembly code looks rather different from that in Fig. 1. See Fig. 3.

Here is the corresponding BASIC program.

100 REM MINI-MEM DYNAMIC SUB ROUTINE RUN

110 DISPLAY "THIS PROGRAM WI LL INPUT A NUMBER, THEN USE ASSEMBLY TO ADD IT TO ITSELF

120 REM

500 CALL INIT

510 CALL LOAD("DSK1.SUBRT108 JT")

600 INPUT "TYPE A NUMBER ": KEYPUT

610 IF KEYPUT=0 THEN 1000

62Ø REM

89Ø IN=KEYPUT

900 CALL LINK("SUBRT1", IN, OUT)

910 REM

92Ø DISPLAY "IN= ":;IN:"IN+ IN= ";OUT:"TYPE Ø TO HALT "::::

(See Page 23)

			SUBRT1 (Mini-M	1emory)	
ØØØ 1		DEF	SUBRT1		PROGRAM COMMENTS
0002		REF	NUMASG, NUMREF, XMLLNK	Line #	Explanation
0003	FAC	EQU	>834A	1	Defines module name
0004	ARG	EQU	>835C	2	Specifies REFs used in this module '
ØØØ5	STAT	EQU	>837C	3-6	Set up needed equates
ØØØ6	IN	EQU	FAC	7-11	Make the setup to start the module
ØØØ7	MYWS	BSS	32		executing
ØØØ8	SUBRT1	BLWP	@SB4	12-14	Get data field "IN" (floating point
ØØØ9		В	*R11	1	number)
ØØ 1Ø	SB4	DATA	MYWS	15-19	Place a copy of "FAC" into a work
ØØ11		DATA	SUBGO		area named "ARG"
ØØ12	SUBGO	CLR	RØ	21-22	Execute a floating point add routine
ØØ13		LI ·	R1,1	1	which is in the XMLLNK routines.
ØØ 14		BLWP	@NUMREF		"ARG" is added to "FAC", so FAC
ØØ 15		LI	R4,4	1	becomes IN+IN.
ØØ16		LI	R5,IN	23-25	Move FAC to data field "OUT" in
ØØ17		LI	R6,ARG		BASIC
ØØ18	MOVE4	MOV	*R5+,*R6+	26	Clears status to avoid a false error flag
ØØ19		DEC	R4	1	
ØØ2Ø		JNE	MOVE4		
0021		BLWP	@XMLLNK	(The line	numbers in this program are for reference
ØØ22		DATA	>0600	Do not en	iter them when typing this program.—Ed)
0023		CLR	RØ	1	yrg and program.—ru
ØØ24		LI	R1,2		
ØØ25		BLWP	@NUMASG		
ØØ26		CLR	@STAT		
ØØ27		RTWP			
ØØ28		END			

TRIALS OF A c99 BEGINNER

Complex functions using pointers

By CHARLES E. KIRKWOOD JR.

Arrays were used with the functions in the article on Complex Arithmetic. This month the three functions **fsepcx()**, **fcbncx()**, and **strcat()** (renamed **catstr()**) will be rewritten with pointers. But first I would like to correct a typing error and an error in the function **fsepcx()**. In the listings of the complex functions, **fsepxn(s,w)** should be **fsepcx(s,w)**. In the function **fsepcx(s,w)**, change:

```
i=0; to i=1;
j=0; to j=1;
and add next r[0]=s[0];
```

Before writing the functions, here are three short programs to mull over. The first two use the function **strcpy()** from Tom Wible's string function library:

```
strcpy(t,s)
char *s,*t;
{
  while(*t++=*s++)
   ;
  return;
}

/*program 1*/
main()
{
  int a;
  char buff[81];
  char *b;
  a=gets(buff);
  strcpy(b,a);
  puts(b);
}

/*program 2*/
```

```
main()
  int a:
  char buff[81];
  char *b:
  b="ABCDEFGISHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ":
  a=gets(a);
  strcpy(b,a);
  puts(b);
/*program 3*/
main()
  int a:
  char buff[81];
  char *b:
  a=gets(buff);
  b=a:
  puts(b);
```

Input a character string for each. What result do you get for each?

- 1. same as input
- 2. same as input provided length of string was equal to or less than the string "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ"
 - 3. nothing
 - 4. garbage

Two different versions of **fsepcx** will be given. The first version was a little tricky for me. So I am going to discuss what I did, and why. I hope my reasoning is correct.

The two pointers *r and *im do not initially point to anything, so the two statements r = "100000000"; and im = "100000000";

(See Page 24)

VOGT-

I have tried to demonstrate how to use Mini-Memory to do dynamic routine runs. In this context, note that there is one large advantage in using the Mini-Memory: Since it does not eat up high or low RAM, you have >A000 through >FFE0 and

low RAM >2000 through >3FFF. You get nearly 32K of space for programs. So you can shoot for bigger things in this environment.

Note, too, that you do not have to run programs dynamically with Mini-Memory. It is an option. I will go into more detail on dynamic programs in Part 4 of this series. It will focus on *overlays*.

You may do regular "static" programs, as in the Editor/Assembler. You would create and assemble modules with the E/A then transfer to Mini-Memory and select *load and run* or *run* for the execution phase of the job.



(Continued from Page 23)

were put in to give initial locations for the pointers. Enough characters were used between the quotation marks to provide enough space for a floating-point number. When I tried too few characters, my answers included garbage. A counter i was included in the loops because it is necessary to reset the pointers to the first characters before $\bf r$ and $\bf im$ can be used as arguments in the function $\bf stof()$. If the pointers weren't reset, they would point to the next locations and not the beginnings.

```
/*Separate a+bi into two variables, a and b*/
/*First Version*/
fsepcx(s,x)
char *s;
float x[][8];
{
   int i;
   char *r,*im;
   r="100000000";
   im="100000000";
   *r++=*s++;
   i=1;   /*real component*/
   while((*s!='+')&(*s!='-'))
   {
     *r++=*s++;
     ++i;
   }
```

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```
*r='\0'; /*terminate with NULL '\0' or 0*/
  while(i)) /*reset pointer to 1st character*/
    *r--:
    --i:
  i=0; /*imaginary component less 'i'*/
  while(*s!='i')
    * im++=*s++:
    #+i;
  *im='\0':
                /*terminate with NULL*/
  while(i>#) /*reset pointer*/
    *im--;
    -- i :
  stof(r,&x[0][0]); /*convert to floating point*/
  stof(im,&x[1][0]):/*convert to floating point*/
  return:
}
/*Combine a and b to form a+bi*/
fcbncx(x.s)
float x[][8];
char *s:
  char t[15];
  ftos(&x[\emptyset][\emptyset],s,\emptyset,\emptyset,\emptyset);
  ftos(&x[1][\emptyset],t,\emptyset,\emptyset,\emptyset);
  datstr(s,t);
  *s++;
  while(*s++!='\0')
    if(*s==' ')
      *s='+':
  *s--:
  *s++='j';
  *s='\0';
  return;
}
/*Concatinate two strings*/
catstr(s,t)
char *s,*t;
  while(*s++!='\0')
  *s--;
  while((*s++=*t++)!='\0')
                   (See Page 26)
```

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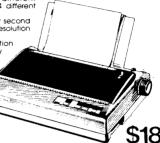
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all orders. Credit card. Company check or Mo quider for immediate shipment. Personal Checks require up to 4 weeks to clear. California orders add 61% is sales tax. im="100000000":

```
(Continued from Page 24) return;
```

The part of the while statements !=0 or !=0 may be omitted; for example, while (*s++) or while (*s++).

In the second version of the function **fsepcx()**, the pointers *r and *im remain pointing to the first characters and an offset is used (see Warren Agee's article in the December issue). This simplifies the function somewhat since it is not necessary to reset the pointers.

```
/*Separate a+bi into two variables, a and b*/
/*Second Version*/
fsepcx(s,x)
char *s;
float x[][8];
{
  int i;
  char *r,*im;
  r="100000000";
```

I wish to thank Warren Agee and others for correcting some of my errors and making suggestions for improvements. The Scramble with Dictionary program (May 1988) can be shortened and improved by one of Warren's methods for dynamically constructing the filename (November and December 1988). He did what I wanted to do, but could not get to work.

GENEVE

XDIR utility for MDOS users

This is the second part of John Johnson's XDIR extended MDOS utility for the Geneve. A description of what it does and how to use it appeared in last month's MICROpendium. The assembly language program listing appearing below picks up where the listing left off last month. After entering the additional code below,

assemble the program in the normal fashion. If you get a message during the assembly processing that there isn't enough memory, delete some of the text from the comments included with the program. At most, this should involve only several hundred characters.

XDIR (Part 2)

```
ONED IR BL
             BCHKTYF
                              go see if the if no match
                                see if the filetype is a match
        JNE
             NOTYPE
        Ri
             OCHKEII
                                see if filename is a match
        JNE
            NOTYPE
  let's do up the screen's DIR info and HEADER
  and printer output the DIR info and HEADER line
       ABS @HITDIR
        JNE
            FRMDIR
       SETO OHITDIR
       BLWP @PUTDIR
        JMP
NOTYPE B
             @READIT
                          else go show the match
NODIR
            OCHKTYF
                          check for a type match
        JNE
            NOTYPE
                           if none
            OCHKFIL
                          check for a filename match
            NOTYPE
                          if no match
  we have a printable record
  go do the printer, screen headers and directory info
            BHITDIR
                          if it's hi, it's already been printed
            HITDON
       JNE
       SETO OHITDIR
                          else show it as hit and printed
       BLWP
                          go put the dir and header info up
HITDON C
            @ATTR1, @ATTR2 are they the same after the ABS?
       JEQ NOPROT
            R9.PRO
       MOVB @LILY, *R9
```

```
* get the sectors used
NOPROT BL
             @GETFPT
R1,@NUMBER
       MOV
        BLWP BBTOA
                            convert the number to ascii
       LI
             R9.AU
        BL
             @MÓVRES
  now the record length or bytes
       BL @GETFPT
MOV R1,@NUMBER
BLWP @BTOA
             R9 RECS
             @MÓVRES
  now get the creation time
                            twelve elements to post
       SETO @DORT
                            to keep leading zero's
             R6, DNTTBL
             *R6+,R9
PUTDNT MOV
                            creation time start location
             @PUT2D
       DEC
             Ř7
       JNE PUTDNT
       LI
             R9, CLNTBL
       LI
                               write the colons first
             @DOCNS
       SWPB RB
                               then the slash
                         (See Page 27)
```

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XDIR-

```
(Continued from Page 26)
                                                                                  MOVB @STRING(R1).@NEWSTR(R4)
          Bl
               ODOCNS
                                                                                  INC
                                                                                  INC
                                                                                        R4
         1.1
               R1.CRLFNU
                                                                                  DEC
  FRMDIR LI
          LI RØ, CLFNUL
MOVB *RØ+, *R1+
                                                                                  JNE
                                                                                       FNDAST
                                                                                  JMP
                                                                                       GOTAS2
          MOVB *RØ+, *R1+
          MOVB *RØ+, *R1+
                                                                          GOTAS1 MOV
                                                                                                            get original filename length end
              @PAUSE
                              go check for more.
                                                                          MOV R9,R11 get original string length end
               ETTYOUT
         BI
                             write the record to the screen
         DATA LINE, Ø
                                                                                  DEC RID
                                                                                                           we done with filename length?
         ABS @PRINT
                                                                                  JEQ
                                                                                      GOTAS3
          JEQ.
               JUSTSC
                                                                                  DEC
                                                                                       R11
         BL
               @DOPRN
                             and to the printer
                                                                                  JEQ
                                                                                      GOTAS3
         DEC
               OPLINES
                                                                                 DEC
                                                                                      R2
                                                                                                           how many more bytes remaining?
          JNE
               JUSTSC
                                                                                  JNE GOTAS4
         BL
               @PRNFF
                                                                         GOTAS3 MOVB @QMARK,@NEWSTR(R10)
MOV @PTHNAM,R9 s
               OPRNCR
  JUSTSC B
                                                                                                                            patch over original '*'
               PREADIT
                                                                                                           set length of string to same as filenam
    write tty routine
                                                                         GOTAS2 MOV
                                                                                      R9,R2
@PTHNAM.R4
                                                                                                           search length
                                                                                 MOV
                                                                                                           filename length are they the same length?
 TTYOUT MOV
               *R11+,R8
                             get data address
                                                                                 C
                                                                                       R2,R4
              *R11+,R9
         MOV
                             get length of data to write
                                                                                  JNE
                                                                                       NOCAR2
                                                                                                           if not, no match - exit
              R9,R2
R10,WORK
 TTY
         MOV
                             save length in r2 for the ttyout routine for the move to hi memory
                                                                                        CHKMCH CB
                                                                                                      @NEWSTR-1(R2),@QMARK
         MOV
              R10,R1
                             save for the ttyout routine
         MOVB *R8+, *R10+
 TTY1
                                                                                                JEQ
                                                                                                     GOTOM
                             move em to hi memory
                                                                                                CB
                                                                                                     @NEWSTR-1(R2),@NAME-1(R2)
         JEQ
DEC
              TTY2
                             if we hit a null
                                                                                                JNE
                                                                                                     NOCAR2
              R9
                             till r3 is zero
              TTY1
                                                                                        GOTOM DEC
                                                                                                     ₽2
         JNE
              RØ,>ØØ27
                                                                                                     CHKMCH
 TTY2
                             do the actual throut routine xop @6.5
                                                                                                INF
        CALL QVIDEO
                                                                                        NOCAR2 LWP1
                                                                                                     WS:
                                                                                                JMP
                                                                                                     NOCARE
                                                                                        GETKEY LI
                                                                                                     RØ.5
   get a floating point number
                                                                                                                    keymode 5
                                                                                               CALL EKÉY
                                                                                                                   go get a key from user
else strip the hi bit
and see if it's a c
                                                                                               ANDI R1,>7FØØ
CB R1,@CTRLC
 GETFPT MOVB *R1#+.R8
                             see if it's an 8
        CI
              R8,>Ø8ØØ
                                                                                               JNE NOÁBRT
                                                                                                                    if it is, exit
              GOTDIR
                             if it ain't a floating point number, we're done
              R8,8
R12.FPTBUF
 OKFPT
        SRL
                             make r8 a word
                                                                                                     @CLOS!T
                                                                                        NOABRT RT
 MOVFPT MOVB *R10+.*R12+
                            and move the floater
                                                                                       * ----- Binary to ASCI! ----- *
        DEC R8
         JNE MOVEPT
                                                                                       BTOA
                                                                                               DATA UTILWS,$+2
        LI
              RØ,14
R2,FPTBUF
                            convert float to integer
                                                                                                    R8, TENTHO
R9, 10000
R9, *R8
R9, 5
                            pointer to float source
do the MDOS float to integer conversion
                                                                                               LI
        CALL @MATH
 GOTDIR RT
                                                                                               MOV
                            with integer returned in R1
* check for a filetype match
                                                                                                     R10. RESULT
                                                                                               MOV
                                                                                                    enumber, R5
CHKTYP MOVB @TYPES,@TYPES
                                                                                       BTOA1
                                                                                               CLR
                                  anything there?
if a null, any filetype will do
        JEQ NOCARE
                                                                                                    *R8.R4
                                                                                               DIV
                                                                                                    R4,48
        CB
             @TYPE,@TYPES
                                                                                               ΑI
                                  same as we are looking for?
                                                                                               SWPB R4
NOCARE RT
                                                                                               MOVB R4, *R1#+
* check for a filename match
                                                                                               CLR
* this was a real somebich (and it's SLOPPY but it works)
                                                                                               MOV
                                                                                                    *R8.R7
                                                                                                    QTEN.R6
                                                                                               DIV
                                                                                                    R6, *R8
CHKFIL LWP1 UTILWS
                                                                                               MOV
        MOV @STLEN,R2
                                                                                               DEC
                                                                                                    R9
        JEQ
                                                                                               INF
                                                                                                    BTOA1
             NOCAR2
                                  if no filename match is required, it's =, exit
        MOV
             @PTHNAM,R3
                                                                                               CLR
                                                                                                    R9
                                                                                       BTOA2
                                                                                               ABS
                                                                                                    ODORT
STOAT
                                  search string cannot be greater than filename
        ĴΗ
             NOCAR2
                                                                                               JNE
                                                                                               CB
                                                                                                    @RESULT(R9),@ZERO
             RØ, '??'
        11
                                                                                               INF
                                                                                                    BTOA7
                                  fill new string with wildcards
             R1, NEWSTR
                                  new string goes here
                                                                                              MOVB @H32, @RESULT(R9)
        ŁI
        1.1
                                                                                              INC R9
                                  10 bytes
CLRNEW MOV RØ,*R1+
                                                                                                    R9.5
                                                                                              CI
                                                                                              JNE BTOA2
       DEC
             ₽2
        JNE CLRNEW
                                                                                      BTOA7
                                                                                              RTWP
  look for an '*' in the search string
                                                                                      DOCNS
                                                                                      DOCNS L! R6,4
WRTDEL MOV *R9+,R1
                                                                                              MOVB R8,*#1
             R12,10
                                  10 possible bytes in filename
                                 pointer to string location pointer to new string location
        CLR
             R1
                                                                                              DEC
                                                                                                   R6
       CLR
                                                                                              JNE
                                                                                                   WRTDEL
        MOV
             @PTHNAM, R5
                                                                                              RT
                                 get filename length
        MOV
             estlen, #2
                                 and string length
        MOV R2.R9
                                                                                      MOVLS2 LI
                                                                                                   R1.RESULT+3
                                 save string length for later
FNDAST CB
             @STRING(R1),@AST compare byte in string to a '*
                                                                                              ĹΪ
                                                                                                   R12,2
        JEQ GOTAS1
                                                                                                        (See Page 28)
```

XDIR-

PLEN

MOVB *R#+,R1

```
(Continued from Page 28)
        IMD
              MOVR 1
              R1, RESULT
MOVRES LI
             R12,5
       MOVB *R1+, *R9+
MOVR 1
       DEC R12
        JNE MOVR1
PUT2D
       MOV R11,@PUTR11
BL @GETFPT
              R1. ONUMBER
        MOV
        BLWP @BTOA
             @MOVLS2
$+2
R11,0
PUTR11 EQU
        LI
        В
              *R11
*
 put the dir info and header to the screen and printer
PUTDIR DATA UTILWS.$+2
        MOV QLEN, QFLEN
BL QPAUSE
              eTTYOUT
        BL
        DATA NOMEM, 2
                             a crif
              @PAUSÉ
@TTYOUT
        Bi
                             print pathname to screen
for LEN bytes
then a crifif
        DATA FNAME
FLEN
       DATA #
        RI
              PTTYOUT
        DATA NOMEM-1,3
              OPAUSE
        BI
              PAUSE
ATTYOUT
                             again, we print 2 lines for the header
        BI
        RI
        DATA HOR, HORLEN
                             and put a header up on the first printing
                             we printing?
             @PRINT
PUTBYE
        ABS
        JEQ
              @PLINES, @VIDEO
                                   do we have 10 lines left on the printer?
                             if we do
        JHE
              NUFL IN
              BPRNFF
                             else form feed to printer
NUFLIN BL
              PRNCR
                             then a cr
                             go print the dir header then a crlf
              PRNDIR
        BL
        BL
              OPRNCR
              APRNCR
                             then another crlf
        BL
        81
              BPRNHOR
                             now the header
                             patch the PLINES count
        MOV
              @PLINES,RO
                             to show lines used
              RØ, OPLINES
        MOV
                             then put it back
PUTBYE RTWP
* print a form feed to the printer
       MOVB @FF,@WORK
MOVB @NULL,@WORK+1
LI RØ,68
PRNFF
        MOV
             RØ, @PLINES
        JMP
              DOPRN
PRNCR
       MOVB @NOMEM, @WORK
        MOVB @NOMEM+1.@WORK+1
        MOVB @NULL,@WORK+2
        JMP DOPRN
  print the dir-name to the printer
       L! RØ,FNAME
MOV RØ,@PBUF
MOV @LEN,@PCOUNT
PRNDIR LI
        JMP DOPRNI
  print the header to the printer
PRNHOR LI
              RØ,HDR
        MOV
              RØ, @PBUF
             RØ, HDRLEN
RØ, @PCOUNT
DOPRN 1
        MOV
DOPRN
             RØ,WORK
RØ,@PBUF
        MOV
```

```
DOPRNO
        JFQ
       INC
             R3
        JMP
             PLEN
             R3,@PCOUNT
DOPRNØ MCV
DOPRN1 LI
        MOVB OWRITE, *RO
       CALL 010
                            do the printer write
             RØ, WORK
        LI
             RØ, @PBUF
        MOV
PAUSE MOV
             R11,@MORERT
                            save r11 for return
                            we pausing?
if equal
        ABS
              @MORE
        JEQ
             MORBYE
        DEC
              @MORE
                            dec a line
        JNE
             MORBYE
                            done yet?
              eTTYOUT
        DATA MORMSG.7
                            more..(cr)
PAUSE2 BL
              OGETKEY
                            pause for a key
        CB
        CB R1,0H7F
JEQ PAUSE2
                            was a key pressed?
             R1,@CTRLX
YEAMOR
        CB
                            cancel this routine?
        JNE
        CLR
             QLCOUNT
QTTYOUT
                            if so, clear line counter
YEAMOR BL
                            put 7 spaces
        DATA MORSP.7
              PTTYOUT
        RI
        DATA NOMEM, 1
                            then a carrage return
LCOUNT EQU $+2
LI R11,21
MOV R11,0MORE
MORERT EQU $+2
                            patch MORE for another 22 lines
              Ř11,0
MORBYE LI
                            and return
        ŘŤ
* end of code, data follows
                          (See Page 30)
```

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XDIR—

```
(Continued from Page 29)
                                                                                    SLHTBL DATA UPYEAR-1, UPDAY-1
                                                                                                                          four slashes to write
                                                                                            DATA CRYEAR-1, CRDAY-1
  PLINES DATA Ø
                                                                                    DATTBL DATA CRSEC, CRMIN, CRHRS, CRDAY, CRMON, CRYEAR
  DIRLOC DATA DIRTBL
                                                                                            DATA UPSEC, UPMIN, UPHRS, UPDAY, UPMON, UPYEAR
  NXTDIR DATA DIRTBL
  KFY
          DATA 5
                                kscan xop
                                                                                    * printer pab
  VIDEO
         DATA 6
                                video xop
  MEM
          DATA 7
                                                                                    PRN
                                                                                            DATA > ## 12.#
  10
          DATA 8
                                i/a xon
                                                                                    PBUF DATA WORK, 8, 8, 8
PCOUNT DATA 8, 6
PNAME TEXT PIO.CR
  TAB
          EQU $+1
                               point to the >#9
  UTII
          DATA 9
                                utility xop
  MATH
  TEN
          DATA 10
                               math library and a ten for the multiply
                                                                                    * pab used to load directory file
  PRINT DATA Ø
  NUMBER DATA Ø
                                                                                                                 start the pab on an even word boundry
>00 is OPEN
mode flag IF 0000 1100
  DORT
          DATA Ø
                                                                                            BYTE #
  DIR
          DATA Ø
                                                                                            BYTE >#C
  TENTHO DATA 10809
                                                                          ERBYTE BYTE
                                                                                                 2
                                                                                                        the errors are returned here after the 1/0
                                                                                   BYTE &
                                                                                                        not used
  SLASH
         BYTE
                                                                                   DATA RECBUF 4.5
                                                                                                        buffer address
  LILP
          BYTE
                                                                                  BYTE #
  LILS
          BYTE
                                                                                  BYTE #
          BYTE
                                                                                  BYTE
                                                                                                R
                                                                                                                not used
  CTRLS
         BYTE 19
                                                                                  BYTE #
                                                                                                9
  CTRLC
          BYTE
                                                                                                10
  CTRLQ
          BYTE 17
                                                                                  BYTE
                                                                                                11
  CTRLX
          BYTE 24
                                                                          COUNT
                                                                                  BYTE
                                                                                                12
                                                                                                        after the i/o, bytes read in is returned here
         BYTE >#1
  CLOSE
                                                                                  BYTE Ø
                                                                                                13
  READ
         BYTE > 12
                                                                          LEN
                                                                                                14
  WRITE BYTE >63
                                                                                                       length of the text of name - let the parser do it filename will go here - let the parser do it
                                                                                  BYTE >28
                                                                                               15
 CLFNUL BYTE LF, CR, #
                                                                          FNAME
                                                                                  EQU $
         BYTE CR,LF
TEXT insufficient memor
  NOMEM
                                                                          MAP
                                                                                  EQU
                                                                                        FNAME+50
                                                                                                       map info from MDOS will go here
                                                                          SINGLE EQU
         TEXT Insu
TEXT 'y'
BYTE CR,LF
                                                                                        MAP+19
 LILY
                                                                          CONFRM EQU
                                                                                        SINGLE+2
                                                                          ATTR1 EQU
                                                                                        CONFRM+2
 NULL
         BYTE #
                                                                          ATTR2
                                                                                 EQU
                                                                                        ATTR1+2
                                                                          HITDIR EQU
                                                                                        ATTR2+2
         BYTE CR,LF,9
TEXT 'XDIR II, John A. Johnson, Feb 29, 1989'
BYTE CR,LF,LF,9,9
TEXT 'Usage: XDIR [path][afn]['type][/pmsc?]'
 HELP
                                                                          MORE
                                                                                  EQU
                                                                                        HITDIR+2
                                                                          RESULT EQU
                                                                                        MORE+2
                                                                                                       ascii conversions from binary to ascii routine
                                                                                                      string length
string to search for
new string to search for
floating point buffer
i/o on the pab will put the record here
                                                                          STLEN
                                                                                 EQU
                                                                                        RESULT+6
                                                                          STRING EQU
                                                                                        STLEN+2
         BYTE CR.LF.
                                                                          NEWSTR EQU
                                                                                        STRING+1
 LILM
                                                                          FPTBUF EQU
                                                                                        NEWSTR+18
 MORMSG TEXT 'more...
                                                                          RECBUF EQU
                                                                                        FPTBUF+20
         BYTE CR
TEXT 'M
                                                                         LINE
                                                                                       RECBUF+256
                                                                                                       build the screen print line here
         TEXT
 H7F
         BYTE >7F
                                                                                        LINE+4
                                                                                                       filename goes here decimal place
         BYTE 12
                                                                         DECPLC EQU
                                                                                        NAME+10
         TEXT
BYTE 39, s
 HDR
                     Filename
                                   Type
                                               AU'
                                                                         RECS
                                                                                 EQU
                                                                                       NAME+13
                                                                                                       record or byte length
                                                                          Αij
                                                                                  EQU
                                                                                        RECS+8
                                                                                                       sectors
 H32
                              Created'
                                                                         PRO
                                                                                  EQU
         ŢĒXŤ '
                                                                                       AU+8
                                                                                                       protect flag
 MORSP
                                  Updated'
         BYTE CR,LF
                                                                         CRTIME EQU
                                                                                       AU+12
                                                                                                       create time
         TEXT
                                                                                 EQU
                                                                                       CRTIME
                                                                         CRHRS
         TEXT '
                                                                                                             hours
                   - ------------
                                                                                 EQU
                                                                                       CRTIME+3
                                                                         CRMIN
         TEXT '----
                                                                                                             minutes
                             ------
                                                                         CRSEC
                                                                                 FOIL
                                                                                       CRTIME+6
                                                                                                             seconds
         BYTE CR, LF
HORLEN EQU_
        EQU $-HDR
BYTE Ø
                                                                                   CRDATE EQU
                                                                                                 CRTIME+10
                                                                                                                 create date
TYPE
                                                                                   CRMON EQU
CRDAY EQU
                                                                                                 CRDATE
                                                                                                                       month
TYPES
        BYTE Ø
                                    will hold the filetype we search for
                                                                                                 CRDATE+3
        BYTE 'D'
                                                                                                                       day
                                    display fixed
display variable
internal fixed
                                                                                   CRYEAR EQU
                                                                                                 CRDATE+6
                                                                                                                       vear
         BYTE
                                                                                   UPTIME EQU
                                                                                                 CRDATE+12
                                                                                                                 update time
        BYTE
                                    internal variable
        BYTE 'P'
TEXT '(directory)'
                                                                                   UPHRS EQU
                                                                                                 UPTIME
                                                                                                                       hours
                                    program
                                                                                   UPMIN
                                                                                           EQU
                                                                                                 UPTIME+3
ANGLE
                                                                                                                       minutes
                                    subdirectory is type 6
                                                                                   UPSEC
                                                                                                 UPTIME+6
                                                                                                                       seconds
ZERO
        BYTE 48
AST
        BYTE
                                                                                   UPDATE EQU
                                                                                                 UPTIME+18
                                                                                                                 undate date
DECMAL BYTE
                                                                                   UPMON EQU
UPDAY EQU
                                                                                                 UPDATE
                                                                                                                      month
QMARK
        BYTE
                                                                                                 UPDATE+3
                                                                                                                       day
TICK
        BYTE
        BYTE
BYTE 'Y', CR, LF
BYTE 'N', CR, LF
BYTE 'A', CR, LF
TEXT '(Y/N/A)
                                                                                   UPYEAR EQU
                                                                                                 UPDATE+6
                                                                                                                       vear
N
                                                                                   CRLFNU EQU
                                                                                                 UPYEAR+2
                                                                                                                put a CR, LF, and NULL here
                                                                                   DIRTBL EQU
       BYTE C'
                                                                                                 LINE+8
                                                                                                                put directory name tables here
YNA
                (Y/N/A)?
                                                                                           FND
LILC
        BYTE CR.LF
TEXT 'View the directory on
CMSG1
                                                                                                          TAKE A BREAK
        BYTE #
                                                                                            ATTEND A TI FAIR THIS YEAR
CLNTBL DATA UPSEC-1.UPMIN-1
```

four colons to write

DATA CRSEC-1, CRMIN-1

MICROdex

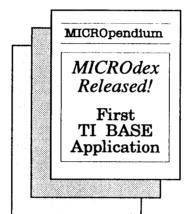
Your Window to Information

MICROdex is a fast, easy to use, publication indexing system that places an enormous amount of information at your fingertips. Frantically searching through all your magazines for a particular article, program, or review, is a thing of the past. MICROdex can even help you better understand the powers of TI Base.

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- Mini Mag 99
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Calendar maker

Print a month, from any year from 1593 to 9999

The following program is the first of a pair of programs that output calendars to Epson-compatible printers. This installment will output to a 8½ x 11 page a single month for the year specified by the user. At the bottom of the calendar page, it also prints small calendars for the preceding and subsequent months.

The program comes from Dale A. Kloes of Gibsonia, Pennsylvania. It runs in Extended BASIC. Included with the program that prints the calendar is a menu that allows the user to load two other calendar programs — one outputs a calendar for an entire year on a single sheet of paper (this will be published next month) while a third displays a calendar on the screen (because of its length, this may not be published).

CALENDAR2

```
10 REM CALENDAR2 - PRINT MON
TH ON PRINTER ! 199
15 REM (C) 1983-88 BY DALE A
. KLOES
          PUBLIC DOMAIN !245
20 CALL CLEAR !209
3Ø DEF INVERT(A)=A-INT(A)!Ø7
40 DIM DOTW$(5,6),TM$(5,6),L
M$(5,6).NM$(5,6)!186
5Ø GOSUB 127Ø !Ø74
60 MONMSG1$="
               1 - JAN
FEB 3 - MAR" :: MONMSG2$="
 4 - APR 5 - MAY
                  6 - JUN''
:: MONMSG3$="
               7 - JUL
AUG 9 - SEP" !Ø56
70 MONMSG4$=" 10 - OCT 11 -
NOV 12 - DEC" :: MONMSG5$="E
NTER MONTH NUMBER" :: MONMSG
6$="INVALID MONTH! TRY AGAIN
!" ! 100
80 YRMSG1$="ENTER THE YEAR"
:: PFLG$="Y" !248
90 YRMSG2$="YEAR MUST BE 158
3 THRU 9999" !Ø33
100 YRMSG3$="NO. OF COPIES"
!222
102 DISPLAY AT(1,1):"
PRINT MONTH" ! 104
104 DISPLAY AT(2,1):"(C) 198
3-88 BY DALE A. KLOES" !131
106 DISPLAY AT(3,1):"
PUBLIC DOMAIN" !175
```

```
107 IF PFLG$="N" THEN 110 !1
40
108 PFLG$="N" :: DISPLAY AT(
4.1): "ENTER PRINTER:" !210
109 ACCEPT AT(5,1)BEEP:PRNTR
$ 1009
110 DISPLAY AT(6,1):YRMSG1$
:: ACCEPT AT(6,23)VALIDATE('
1234567890")BEEP SIZE(4):YR$
120 IF VAL(YR$)>=1583 THEN D
ISPLAY AT(24,1):" " :: GOTO
13Ø DISPLAY AT(24,1):YRMSG2$
 :: GOTO 110 !184
140 DISPLAY AT(8,1):MONMSG1$
150 DISPLAY AT(10,1):MONMSG2
$ ! 179
160 DISPLAY AT(12,1):MONMSG3
$!182
17Ø DISPLAY AT(14,1):MONMSG4
$ !185
180 DISPLAY AT(16,1):MONMSG5
$ !188
19Ø ACCEPT AT(16,23)VALIDATE
(DIGIT)BEEP SIZE(2):MONTH !2
28
200 IF MONTH>=1 AND MONTH<=1
2 THEN DISPLAY AT(24.1):" "
:: GOTO 22Ø !Ø67
210 DISPLAY AT(24,1):MONMSG6
$ :: GOTO 190 !075
220 DISPLAY AT(18,1):YRMSG3$
 :: ACCEPT AT(18,23)VALIDATE
 ("123456789Ø")BEEP SIZE(2):C
OPYNO !Ø44
230 IF MONTH=12 THEN NMON=1
:: NYR$=STR$(VAL(YR$)+1)ELSE
 NMON=MONTH+1 :: NYR$=YR$ !2
240 IF MONTH=1 THEN LMON=12
:: LYR$=STR$(VAL(YR$)-1)ELSE
LMON=MONTH-1 :: LYR$=YR$ !2
33
250 FOR QP=1 TO 3 !146
260 IF QP=1 THEN TYR$=YR$ ::
GOTO 29Ø !Ø49
270 IF QP=2 THEN MONTH=LMON
:: YR$=LYR$ :: GOTO 29Ø !Ø38
280 YR$=NYR$ :: MONTH=NMON !
168
29Ø IF YR$="1ØØØØ" THEN CN=1
```

```
ØØ :: YR=Ø :: GOTO 32Ø !Ø31
300 CN=VAL(SEG$(YR$,1,2))!00
31Ø YR=VAL(SEG$(YR$,3,2))!Ø3
320 ON MONTH GOTO 330,380,47
0,510,550,590,630,670,710,75
Ø,79Ø,83Ø !ØØ4
330 MN=11 !133
340 YR=YR-1 !208
350 MN$="JAN" !032
36Ø MX=31 !145
37Ø GOTO 86Ø !174
380 MN=12 !134
39Ø IF INVERT(YR/4)<>Ø THEN
430 !213
400 MX=29 !152
410 IF YR<>0 THEN 440 !217
420 IF INVERT(CN/4)=0 THEN 4
40 !004
43Ø MX=28 !151
44Ø YR=YR-1 !2Ø8
450 MN$="FEB" !020
46Ø GOTO 86Ø !174
470 MN=1 !083
48Ø MN$="MAR" !Ø39
490 MX=31 !145
500 GOTO 860 !174
510 MN=2 !084
520 MN$="APR" !042
53Ø MX=3Ø !144
540 GOTO 860 ! 174
55Ø MN=3 !Ø85
        (See Page 33)
  SUPER EXTENDED BASIC OWNERS!
```

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Also ask about TI RS232 and Disk Controller upgrade kits.

(Super Extended BASIC is a trademark of Triton Products Company)

CALENDAR2—

1220 IF INVERT(CN/4)=0 THEN 1040 IF QP=1 THEN TMN\$=MN\$: (Continued from Page 32) 1260 !059 : GOTO 1070 !032 560 MN\$="MAY" !046 1230 IF MN\$="JAN" THEN 1250 1050 IF QP=2 THEN LMN\$=MN\$: 570 MX=31 !145 1003 : GOTO 1070 !025 580 GOTO 860 !174 1240 IF MN\$<>"FEB" THEN 1260 1060 NMN\$=MN\$!138 590 MN=4 !086 ! 194 1070 NEXT QP 1055 600 MN\$="JUN" !052 1250 D=D+1 !001 1080 FOR I=1 TO COPYNO :: GO 610 MX=30 !144 1260 RETURN ! 136 SUB 1440 :: NEXT | !238 62Ø GOTO 86Ø !174 1270 REM SUBR. LOAD PRINTING 1090 DISPLAY AT(24,1): "PRESS 63Ø MN=5 !Ø87 CONSTANTS !204 ANY KEY TO GO ON!" ! 100 640 MN\$="JUL" !050 "!192 128Ø SP2\$=" 1091 CALL SOUND(200,1397,5)! 65Ø MX=31 !145 "!226 129Ø SP3\$=" 193 66Ø GOTO 86Ø !174 1300 SP4\$=SP2\$&SP2\$!099 1092 CALL KEY(0,K19,S19)!143 670 MN=6 !088 131Ø SP5\$=SP2\$&SP3\$!1Ø1 1093 IF S19=0 THEN 1092 !185 680 MN\$="AUG" !036 1320 SP9\$=SP4\$&SP5\$!109 1094 CALL CLEAR !209 69Ø MX=31 !145 133Ø SP11\$=SP9\$&SP2\$!152 1100 DISPLAY AT(2,1): "PRESS 700 GOTO 860 !174 134Ø SP8\$=SP4\$&SP4\$!1Ø7 1 - SHOW MONTH" ! 105 710 MN=7 !089 135Ø SP1Ø\$=SP8\$&SP2\$!15Ø 1102 DISPLAY AT(4,1):" 720 MN\$="SEP" !047 136Ø SP15\$=SP11\$&SP4\$!199 2 - PRINT MONTH" !2Ø4 730 MX=30 !144 137Ø SP14\$=SP11\$&SP3\$!197 1103 DISPLAY AT(6,1):" 74Ø GOTO 86Ø !174 138Ø SP35\$=SP11\$&SP11\$&SP11\$ 3 - CHANGE PRINTER" !137 75Ø MN=8 !Ø9Ø &SP2\$!137 1104 DISPLAY AT(8,1):" 760 MN\$="OCT" !045 1390 HEAD\$="S M T W TH F 4 - PRINT YEAR" !124 77Ø MX=31 !145 s" !174 1106 DISPLAY AT(10,1):" 78Ø GOTO 86Ø !174 1400 GOSUB 420 ! CLR TBLS ! 5 - EXIT PROGRAM" !Ø61 790 MN=9 !091 1108 CALL SOUND(200,1397,5)! 800 MN\$="NOV" !058 141Ø RETURN !136 193 810 MX=30 !144 1420 FOR K=0 TO 5 :: FOR I=0 1110 CALL KEY(0,K19,S19)!143 820 GOTO 860 !174 TO 6 :: TM\$(K,I),LM\$(K,I),N1112 IF S19=Ø THEN 111Ø !2Ø3 83Ø MN=1Ø !132 M\$(K,I),DOTW\$(K,I)=SP3\$:: N1113 IF K19<49 OR K19>53 THE 840 MN\$="DEC" !019 EXT | :: NEXT K !133 N 11Ø8 !Ø97 85Ø MX=31 !145 143Ø RETURN !136 1114 CALL CLEAR !209 860 REM START W/ 1ST DAY OF 1440 REM PRINT CAL 1055 1115 ON K19-48 GOTO 1122,112 1450 OPEN #1:PRNTR\$!005 MON ! 163 Ø,1116,1124,114Ø !145 1460 GOSUB 1720 :: GOSUB 172 87Ø DY=1 !Ø85 1116 PFLG\$="Y" !Ø44 880 GOSUB 1150 ! FIND DOTW\$ Ø !158 1120 GOSUB 1420 ! CLR TBLS ! 1470 PRINT #1:CHR\$(14);TYR\$; 186 89Ø FOR K=Ø TO 5 !Ø61 SP14\$;TMN\$;SP14\$;TYR\$;CHR\$(2 1121 GOTO 1Ø2 !181 900 FOR I=D TO 6 !135 Ø)!Ø18 1122 RUN "DSK1.CALENDAR1" !Ø 910 IF DY=0 THEN 1010 1070 1480 GOSUB 1720 1014 920 IF DY>MX THEN 1000 !234 1490 PRINT #1:CHR\$(14);"SUN" 1124 RUN "DSK1.CALENDAR3" !Ø 93Ø DOTW\$(K,I)=STR\$(DY)!185 ;SP3\$;"MON";SP3\$;"TUE";SP3\$; 940 IF DY<10 THEN DOTW\$(K, 1) "WED";SP3\$;"THU";SP3\$;"FR!"; 1140 STOP :: CALL CLEAR :: G =" "&DOTW\$(K,I)!Ø69 SP3\$;"SAT";CHR\$(20)!203 OTO 114Ø !Ø52 95Ø DOTW\$(K,I)=" "&DOTW\$(K,I 1500 GOSUB 1720 :: GOSUB 172 1150 REM SUBR TO FIND DAY OF)!138 Ø !158 WEEK (D) !174 960 IF QP=1 THEN TM\$(K,1)=DO 1510 FOR J=0 TO 5 !060 116Ø D=1+INT(2.6*MN-.2)+INT(TW\$(K,I):: GOTO 990 !140 1520 LINE\$=TM\$(J,0)&SP3\$&TM\$ YR/4+YR)+(INT(CN/4)-2*CN)!Ø7 970 IF QP=2 THEN LM\$(K,1)=DO (J,1)&SP3\$&TM\$(J,2)&SP3\$&TM\$ TW\$(K,I):: GOTO 990 !133 (J,3)&SP3\$&TM\$(J,4)&SP3\$&TM\$ 1170 IF D>=0 THEN 1200 !108 980 NM\$(K,I)=DOTW\$(K,I)!071 (J,5)&SP3\$&TM\$(J,6)!179 118Ø D=D+7 !ØØ7 99Ø DY=DY+1 :: GOTO 1Ø1Ø !12 1530 PRINT #1:CHR\$(14);LINE\$ 119Ø GOTO 117Ø !229 ;CHR\$(20)!2211200 D=INT(7*INVERT(D/7)+.5) 1540 GOSUB 1710 1004 1000 DY=0 !084 !Ø6Ø 1010 NEXT I !223 155Ø NEXT J !224 1210 IF YR+1<>0 THEN 1260 !2 1020 D=0 !251 (See Page 34) **Ø**3 1Ø3Ø NEXT K !225

Jiffyflyer

What you see is what you get

By RAY KAZMER

In case you've never heard the term, "WYSIWYG" (pronounced WIZ-EE-WIG) it's a word, meaning: "What You See Is What You Get." WYSIWYG comes to the TI, with Jiffyflyer, one of the slickest programs I've seen in a long time.

Have you ever typed or hand-printed a sign or card, perhaps to have a garage sale? Maybe you lost your dog and you put signs up on telephone poles all over your neighborhood, hoping your dog will see them, and come home. Have you ever advertised on a local supermarket's bulletin board to find new members for your TI-99/4A User Group?

If you answered "yes" to any of these then Jiffyflyer may be for you.

Jiffyflyer creates a vertical, $8\frac{1}{2}x$ ll-inch flyer with built-in border artwork, fonts and larger graphics (CSGD 2-sector, small graphic "/GR" pictures) within the body of the flyer. The program's use of graphics and fonts (both in two sizes) makes an attractive, attention-grabbing combination.

But flyer's are not the only use for Jiffyflyer. You can also use it for vertical award certificates to honor one of your user group stars or announce a special event. It's easy, once you learn how.

Before running Jiffyflyer for the first time, print the docs. (The documentation is on disk as a D/V80 file.)

Jiffyflyer auto-loads from Extended BASIC in about a minute, because assembly routines (including a 30-column, double-density screen dump by Robby

Review

Report Card

Performance	. A+
Ease of Use	.A+
Documentation	
Value	
Final Grade	

Cost: \$10 plus \$1. S&H

Manufacturer: Rodger Merritt, 1949 Evergreen Ave., Fullerton, CA. 92635 (Dist. by Comprodine same address) Requirements: Console, Extended BASIC, memory expansion, disk system, Epson-compatible printer (helpful: TI-Writer or equivalent, and any CSGD (Character Sets & Graphics Design) small graphics)

Robinson), two big fonts and the border art (much of that by John Taylor and his wife) and seven small fonts (by the enormously talented, Jim Peterson, of Tigercub Software) load first.

As Jiffyflyer makes its grand entrance you'll see the top half of a flyer, already in memory. This can be a template for your creations. Simply change the graphics and fonts to whatever you prefer, then type over the text on the screen.

It would be a good idea to print a hard-copy test of this flyer, or any of the other flyers on the disk, to get an idea of how a flyer should look, on paper, before mak-

ing one of your own. But don't just punch the print button. Your paper must first be "aligned," and I'll tell you why, in just a moment.

There is no "menu," rather, pressing Enter "cycles" you through eight options, which appear one at a time, at the bottom of the screen. This option line is "invisible" to Jiffyflyer. It is (and should be) overwritten with your text. When the cursor moves up or down off the option line area, the option line re-appears, seemingly over your input. But, when you print a flyer, you get what you input, not the option line. A clever bit of programming.

Rather than get into a "push-this-key-to-do-this" description, I'll merely include a list of the options:

- 1. CHANGE PAGE FORMAT (offers 2 formats)
- 2. TYPE BIG MESSAGE (like a title line, near the top of the flyer, 2 fonts)
- 3. CHANGE BORDERS (Press "SB", the space bar, and the borders are redrawn, right before your very eyes.)
- 4. LOAD CSGD "/GR" GRAPHIC (A filename is asked for. If you know what you want, type it in, if not, see option 7.) 5. TYPE SMALL TEXT (You can't accidently overwrite areas set aside for the big text or graphics, but a flyer can be "customized" by erasing those areas with TI-Writer and then writing over them, while still in TI-Writer.)
- 6. CHANGE SMALL TEXT FONT (press "SB" and 7 Tigercub fonts are re-(See Page 36)

CALENDAR2—

(Continued from Page 33)

156Ø PRINT #1:SP1Ø\$;LMN\$;SP5 \$;LYR\$;SP15\$;"NOTES";SP15\$;S P8\$;NMN\$;SP5\$;NYR\$!11Ø 157Ø GOSUB 172Ø !Ø14 158Ø PRINT #1:SP3\$;HEAD\$;SP3 5\$;" ";HEAD\$!149 1585 GOSUB 172Ø !Ø14 159Ø FOR J=Ø TO 5 !Ø6Ø 16ØØ LINE\$=""!242 1610 FOR Z1=0 TO 6 :: LINE\$= LINE\$&LM\$(J,Z1):: NEXT Z1 !0 99 1620 LINE\$=LINE\$&SP35\$!061 1630 LINE\$=LINE\$&SEG\$(NM\$(J, 0),2,2)!209 1640 FOR Z1=1 TO 6 :: LINE\$= LINE\$&NM\$(J,Z1):: NEXT Z1 !1 02 1660 PRINT #1:LINE\$!148

167Ø NEXT J !224 168Ø PRINT #1:CHR\$(12)!184 169Ø CLOSE #1 !151 17ØØ RETURN !136 171Ø FOR Z=1 TO 6 :: PRINT # 1:" " :: NEXT Z :: RETURN !1 24 172Ø PRINT #1:" " :: RETURN

1058

173Ø END !139

MICRO-reviews

The good stuff keeps coming

Ratings for the software reviewed in this column are based on a star system as follows:

- ★ Leave it alone, back to the drawing board.
 - ★★ Needs improvements, but workable.
 - ★★★ A good program, worth trying.
 - ★★★★ Send your money and buy it.

SECTOR ONE, SECTOR EDITOR

There are no stars on this one folks, because I'm not qualified to judge it. Put another way, I don't have the equipment to judge it, but I think you should be aware of it.

Sector One is a sector editor made with hard drives in mind. I was able to look at all the functions with the use of a floppy and they seemed to work OK, but hard drives are the primary concern. For instance, when you boot the program up, it looks for the HDs you have hooked up, (up to three) so it will know the sector/allocation units. (It didn't reject me for not having one.)

It has all the same stuff in it that any sector editor should have, such as reading, writing, mapping, moving, printer dump and string search. It's user friendly and keeps all the possible commands in a box at the bottom of the screen at all times.

It seems like a very nice program. The only problem I had with it was the docs. (The author admits to being a programmer, not a documentation writer.) It's not that they don't tell you what you need to know, but I think four pages of documentation is a little lean for a hard drive "anything."

As I said, I can't judge it, just let you know it's here.

Send \$10 to: Randall W. Moore, 3931 Navaho Dr., N. Highlands, CA 95660.

*** USER GROUP LISTINGS

Now, "what's going on here?", you may ask? That's a strange thing to put into a review column! You're right, it is, but, I will give you two reasons for getting this item. (The most important to me is last.)

REASON No. 1: It is THE most com-

prehensive list of TI user groups from around the world that I have seen. It has been compiled by Andi Wise of the Eugene 99/4A user group, and it must have taken a year—it has more than 500 entries. I can't vouch for too many of them, but I looked up my own group (Western New York 99ers) and found three entries for it. Two of the addresses were solid, and one was a little iffy, but still usable. I found that many of the groups had multiple entries when confusion reigned supreme. There's nothing wrong with this, because that way, you are bound to get to somebody that is still friendly to the group in question. There are fields for addresses, names, and status (active, newsletter offered, etc.). Foreign groups are included too, so if you are the pen pal type of TI'er you won't be at a loss for "hands across the waters" relationships.

Every user group should have a copy of this listing.

REASON No. 2: When Andi finished the listing, Bill Gaskill took it in hand and converted it to TI-Base.

If you are like me, a picture really is worth a thousand words. You know those mind boggling command files that are supposed to do your bidding in TI-Base? There are NINE of them to look at in the TIB package. Bill made menus with inputs, command files to browse any field and I don't know what all. Anyway, the point is that this thing is one heck of a lesson in TI-Base usage.

When you get the file de-arced, run up TI-Base and type in DO MENU on the first open prompt, (not the date input) and just let'er rip. I knew TI-Base was good, and this is the best proof I've seen yet.

The program sells for \$5, and the money goes to support the users group. To find out where the other user groups are, send your money to the Eugene 99/4A Users Group, P.O. Box 11313, Eugene, OR 97440.

**** CRYPTO

Holy hangman! If you're into word

games, this one is will keep you occupied for at least the next six months. My understanding that TI'ers in Michigan and Ohio have been keeping this game a secret for at least a year. Shame on you!

Crypto is kind of a cross between Wheel of Fortune and I-Spy. A cryptogram, loosely defined, is a message written in code. For instance, all of the "A"s might be "E"s in disguise. When you play the game, the message is placed on the screen in it's mixed up condition with little boxes under the letters. It might look like this:

RE ZVRS DO BVQQE OO OOOO OO OOOOO

Pretend the upper case "O"s are boxes. What you do is enter the old character, (let's say "Q") and then the new character, maybe an "R." The new letter is placed in the boxes and you continue from there. It soon becomes obvious weather you are getting somewhere or not. If not, you just keep guessing. The end result of the above would be:

RE ZVRS DO BVQQE MY NAME IS HARRY

If you like, you can get a random hint letter, but that costs you "try points." It also has a "Give Up" key press, but that gets you a random insult at the bottom of the screen.(It does show you the answer though.)

There are 300 quotes and sayings in the file to play with, which are selected randomly. I doubt if you will run out of play material for a long, long time to come. It took me anywhere from 20 minutes to three hours to do the more complicated ones. (I got sucked in pretty quick!)

The graphics are super, easy on the eyes, and the program seems to be absolutely crash proof. It's fast enough for the pickiest people too, because there are some assembly routines built in for the letter comparisons. All in all, a real pro looking piece of work.

The author, Paul Scheidemantle, has done quite a few other games, and particularly, graphic packages over the years. Ask for info on them when you send your money for this one. I recommend it.

(See Page 36)

JIFFYFLYER_

(Continued from Page 34)

drawn, on-screen. When you see the one you want, merely select your next option. The font you see is what you'll print.)

7. S(ave) L(oad) C(atalog). (The "star" here is "C." As only "/GR" filenames scroll across the bottom of the screen, hit Enter when the one you want is in a "blackbox cursor" and it auto-loads your small graphics choice.)

8. PRINT YOUR FLYER (Requires your paper to be rolled down, so the top of the page is almost even with the top of the print head. Jiffyflyer literally fills your paper, top to bottom.)

Printers can vary, but on my NX-1000, I have two little "windows" in my paper guide, on each side of the print head. If I roll the paper down, so I can just barely see the top edge of the paper in these windows, I get a perfectly centered (top/bottom) flyer. Don't expect to hit it perfect the first time. Once you find your "start point," make a note of how your paper was aligned and stick it into the sleeve with your Jiffyflyer disk. If you don't use it often, having that information handy will save paper.

Jiffyflyer is flexible. It creates a DV/80 file which can also be loaded into TI-Writer. If you don't want some of the preplanned graphics in your flyer, they can be erased and text substituted. Then, if you like to experiment and are clever with TI-Writer, you can even "rearrange" the whole thing. (Tampering with border graphics is not recommended for novices.)

Say what? You're a plumber and you want to put a toilet on your flyer, but there's no TOILET/GR on the Jiffyflyer disk? Well, I really don't know if CSGD offers a TOILET/GR or not, but if it does, Jiffyflyer will load it. The best way to find out about other CSGD small graphics is to send a letter of inquiry to the author of CSGD, but remember to enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope. Write: Dave Rose, 2781 Resor Rd., Fairfield, OH 45014-5053.

The use of color can give spectacular results. Jiffyflyer will work with the NX-1000 Rainbow printer, according to the docs. Although I don't have that model, I feel that buying a few color ribbons for use with Jiffyflyer, would be justified.

Can you make multi-color flyers with a

regular printer? How about mixing more than one small font or even graphics, on the same sheet of paper? Sure. With some practice, you can do practically anything with Jiffyflyer. (The trick is done with multiple printing, not mirrors.)

After creating a complete flyer, just recopy it several times, with different filenames, such as BORDER, BIGTEXT, GRAPH1, GRAPH2, TEXT1, TEXT2 and so on. Load each into TI-Writer and erase everything that doesn't match the filename of the file you've loaded.

Suppose you want a border of red hearts, with nothing else colored red on your flyer. You'd load BORDER into TI-Writer, then erase everything except the border. Resave it with the same filename, and your first "overlay" would be ready to print via Jiffyflyer.

A word of caution when editing with TI-Writer: never erase the column of numbers which you will see below the bottom border of your flyer. To erase text or graphics, use only the space bar, to "blank out" unwanted characters. Do not delete (FCTN-3) a line.

Printing overlay files can be a bit tricky, so you should make several "base" copies. As an example, when you print the "red hearts" BORDER file, make several copies, carefully aligning each one. If you mess one up later, when adding text, a replacement is ready without having to start the whole procedure over again.

Using two or more small fonts is even easier than changing colors. After making a partial file for each font change, load each back into Jiffyflyer, select CHANGE SMALL TEXT FONT, press the space bar and pick out what you want. You can have a nice "computer" font for some text and perhaps a very fancy "script" to emphasize a line or two. Just remember to resave each overlay file while in Jiffyflyer, to replace invisible control-codes, which can accidently be erased while you're using TI-Writer.

Jiffyflyer will do just about anything you can imagine. Multi-colors, multi-fonts, multi-graphics. You can knock out a nice flyer in 30 minutes, or you can spend a bit longer and create a work of art. One thing is certain: Jiffyflyer will turn your creative juices on. At a mere \$10 (plus \$1 S&H) it

is one of the best buys you'll ever see for your 99/4A. (Unless of course, I decide to write another Woodstock!)

MICRO-REVIEWS-

(Continued from Page 35)

Send \$5 plus \$1.50 for postage and disk to: Paul Scheidemantle, 2762 Lovington, Troy MI, 48083.

**** GIANT ART POSTERS

So how great can a program with four inputs be? If it comes from the graphics genius of Comprodine, it can one heck of a program.

It's been a long time since we have had the ability to print out giant art works. The last I remember was a companion disk to BitMac that never got off the ground... and it wasn't all that great.

Anyway, dig out all the artist pictures you like and convert them to a full screen instance. This is done via the TI-Artist Enhancement section. Keep in mind that it MUST be a full screen, 24 by 32 characters in height and width.

Load up GAP, and three inputs later you can have a poster up to 64 inches high by 200 inches long. That's 24 times the size of two Artist screens. Two, because you can load two screens side by side if you like.

If you need something a little more practically sized, you can select from nine possibilities. A 4X is 10 by 14 inches, and takes eight minutes to print. That information came from a chart at the back of the docs that tells all the statistics you need like that.

There's a place in the program for you to line up your paper with a printing test before you take off. This can be done before or after the instance is loaded. Then, once the program starts printing, it's FAST!

A picture grid is included to help you line things up when creating an Artist screen too. They thought of everything. Did I mention also that there are two densities of print? Hey, I can't help being distracted by something like this, I'm having fun!

Comprodine gets my vote this year for (See Page 37)

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Dutch event set

The Fourth European Tref is scheduled to start at 10 a.m. Oct. 7 at the Kopinghuis in Nijmegen, The Netherlands, opposite the central railway station.

Stephen Shaw of the TI99/4A User Group (U.K.) says his group has been invited to the event, which previously has been attended by users from The Netherlands, Denmark, Germany, Belgium and France.

For further information, contact Berry Harmsen, 13, Oosterparkstr 14le, 1091 GZ, Amsterdam, Holland. Telephone is + 31 20 941047. Call before 9 p.m. Dutch time.

Prices are higher

The Checkbook Manager III program has a new price, according to Harry Brashear, who reviewed the program in the April 1989 MICROpendium.

The program is now \$12. The \$2 increase represents a significant upgrade, according to Brashear.

Checkbook Manager III is available from W. Irving Crowley, Lost Canyon Rd., Pine Level, AL 36065.

Also, the Macflix program from Genial Computerware, P.O. Box 183, Grafton MA 01519 is \$15 plus \$1 shipping, not \$10 plus shipping as stated in our November review.

Hardware manual available from group

The Chicago TI99/4A Users Group is offering its hardware manual for sale.

Don Jones, president of the group, says the group compiled articles about hardware projects from newsletters from various users groups.

MICRO-REVIEWS-

(Continued from Page 35)

the "bright idea guys."

 Send \$15 and \$1.50 for postage to: Comprodine, 1949 Evergreen Ave., Fullerton, CA 92635.

Anyone who would like software considered for review in this column may send it to the following address. Include an SASE if you would like it returned: Harry T. Brashear, 2753 Main St., Newfane, NY 14108.

The manual costs \$6 plus \$4 for postage and handling. It is available from the Chicago TI99/4A Users' Group Inc., P.O. Box 578341, Chicago, IL 60657.

Data base of groups available for \$5

A data base of users groups from around the world has been compiled by Andi Wise, newsletter editor for the Eugene, Oregon, TI99/4A Users Group.

It is compiled in Mark Beck's Creative Filing System data manager and is available for a \$5 fee that goes to support the club, from the Eugene TI99/4A Users Group, Box 11313, Eugene, OR 97440.

Asgard introduces Page Pro 99, and Music Pro

Asgard Software recently introduced three new products to the TI marketplace. They are Page Pro 99, a page-making program; Page Pro Pics, a series of companion disks for Page Pro 99; and Music Pro, a music-composing program.

Page Pro 99, by Ed Johnson, was developed over a 2-year period, according to Asgard. Compatible with the 4A and the Geneve, the program is designed to create letterheads, signs, charts, maps, graphs, business forms, short documents and newsletters.

The program operates in a WYSIWIG (what-you-see-is-what-you-get) mode. The printed page will look exactly like what is on the screen.

Written assembly language, Page Pro 99 allows the user to create an 8½x11-inch page — 66 lines — at once. Users may place up to 28 pictures of any size anywhere on the page. Page Pro 99 permits the use of two fonts at once — a small 8x12 pixel font for regular text and a large 16x24 font for titles. The program also permits the drawing of lines in any of two styles.

Page Pro 99 includes text editing features for inserting and deleting characters and lines. It also permits the importation of D/V80 text files. The standard TI-Writer windowing keys are also supported. Page

Pro 99 also allows typing in any direction (up, down, left or right) for easily making vertical titles. Pictures, fonts and line styles can be loaded at any time. Documents created with Page Pro 99 can be saved to disk and output to a printer in three dot-densities on Epson-compatible printers. Utilities to convert TI-Artist fonts and instances, and to convert text files into two-column format are also provided.

A disk of fonts and pictures is also included. The manual includes a tutorial and information for programmers to write utilities for use with Page Pro 99.

Page Pro 99 includes a version optimized for the Geneve 9640 and one for the 99/4A (an 80-column version of each and a version compatible with a Prowriter printer are planned).

Page Pro 99 requires either a TI-99/4A with memory expansion, disk system and Extended BASIC or Editor/Assembler, or a Myarc Geneve 9640 with a single disk drive. Multiple disk drives, all RAM-disks and the Myarc Hard & Floppy Disk Controller are supported.

The price of the program is \$24.95.

Music Pro is a project of David Caron, Lucie Dorais, and the Ottawa TI-99/4A Users Group. The program is described as "a word-processor for music (or, a MUSICal PROcessor)." Music Pro has a full-featured editor that allows the user to create music by typing notes on a staff. The cursor is used to delete or insert notes and phrases and transform blocks of music to different durations or frequencies.

Music Pro automatically takes care of different voices with different durations playing simultaneously.

After entering the music, the score is compiled into assembly language data for rapid playing. Scores may be saved or loaded for editing at any time.

Music Pro is the only music program for the 99/4A that will print out scores in sheet music form (one voice at a time), using Epson-compatible printers.

Music Pro includes a detailed manual by Dorais, and includes sample songs, a keyboard overlay strip and keyboard note map in TI-Writer format. It requires a TI-99/4A with 32K, disk and Extended BASIC. (The program is incompatible with

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(Continued from Page 37) the Geneve.)

The price is \$17.55. The program is copyrighted by the Ottawa TI99/4A User Group. Distribution in Canada is through LaFlamme & Wrigley Wholesale.

Page Pro Pics is a set of five companion packages to Page Pro 99. It includes hundreds of large and detailed pictures for use with Page Pro 99.

The five volumes and their contents are: Volume 1 (Animals); Volume 2 (Holidays); Volume 3 (Computer); Volume 4 (Home/Misc.); Volume 5 (People).

Each volume carries a suggested retail price of \$6.95. All require Page Pro 99.

For more information or to order, write to Asgard Software; P.O. Box 10306; Rockville, MD 20850. Payment by check or money order, credit card (Mastercard/Visa) and COD orders accepted. Add 75 cents for shipping and handling within the U.S., and \$3 for airmail elsewhere. Credit card orders add \$1.25 bank processing fee.

cSHELL99 provides window-oriented environment for 4A

A window-oriented program similar to GEOS on the Commodore 64 has recently been released for the TI99/4A. Written by Joe Ross, the program uses icons and a series of windows to perform a variety of functions, ranging from disk management operations to loading and running programs.

Called cSHELL99, it is written in Clint Pulley's c99 and assembly. All assembly language routines are placed within a "c" structure, and some of the routines include source code so that users may take advantage of and expand the basic system.

One of the program's apparent strengths is that users may use the program's loaders to execute "c" and assembly language programs and return to the DOS-like shell environment when finished.

The program requires an expansion memory and disk system. A joystick, used to control cursor movement, and a printer are optional. It runs out of Extended BASIC, Editor/Assembler or TI-Writer, Included with the program is a comprehensive manual that describe's the program's features as well as the use of loaders, "c" stack, REF/DEF table, system functions and globals available to the user. The author says that "interfacing with the cSHELL99 shell is a rather easy process for both experienced and being "c" programmers...."

Also included with the package is a c99 sound library, similar to the BASIC CALL SOUND command, the source code to a c99 graphics library, a c99 speech library and a variety of modules that demonstrate the ability of c99 to move between text, graphics and bitmap mode.

It is not necessary to have a copy of c99 to run cSHELL99. (c99 is available from Clint Pulley, 38 Townsend Ave., Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7T 1Y6. Write him for pricing and include a SASE.)

cSHELL99 is copyrighted and is not pro-

tected. All rights are reserved by the author. It is priced at \$30. It is available from Joe Ross at 119 Knollwood Terrace, Clifton, New Jersey 07012.

McCann slates Forth for Geneve

McCann Software, P.O. Box 34160, Omaha, NE 68134, is offering a version of TI-Forth for Geneve users for \$15. Included is a diskette with TI-Forth for MDOS, source code and documentation of the new system calls for MDOS.

The MDOS version of TI-Forth allows 44K of dictionary space. Users may also use Forth blocks in either file or sector mode.

Send items for *Newsbytes* to: MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

READER TO READER

Ray Russell of P.O. Box 211, Weatherford, TX 76085, writes:

Well, I finally got my double-sided disk drives and I am happy about it, but I tried to copy my old single-sided disk to double-sided and I found a problem. The problem is that when I use disk copy the new disk is initialized back to single-sided and the only way that I can get files onto the double-sided disk is use file copy, and that takes a long time. Is there any way (by the way, I have TI disk manager) of putting the single-sided disk onto double-sided disk any faster than file copy? I would appreciate any help on this matter.

Another problem I have is using the Funnelweb to implement the MOVE command. I will just go back to editor without making the move. I have v3.4 direct from the writers. Can someone help me by telling me what I am doing wrong or what steps to take to correct this problem?

Also, I have Dumpit disk and have put Tax/Investment Record on disk but I want to change the printer code from RS232 to PIO and need help in doing it. When I finally got the money to get the Gramkracker it went out of production. I believe it had instructions on how to make the change. If someone would write me with this in-

formation I would greatly appreciate it.

Somehow I got the book on the Disk Fixer by Navarone without the cartridge and cannot find anywhere to get the cartridge from software catalogs. Any suggestions where I can get the cartridge? I think it came with the Dumpit Disk from Tex-Comp, but am not sure.

From Russ Ralston, 1408 Forest Lakes Blvd., Naples, FL 33492, comes this:

I have upgraded my Horizon RAMdisk from a double to triple-sided RAM disk with my 9640 computer. I am unable to initialize it to the new capacity. I received the Johnson menu v7.3 but it locked up when loading it so I sent it back to Bud Mills Services with a letter describing the problem. Can anyone suggest a way to utilize the additional capacity? I have DM II and DM1000 v3.7.

Reader to Reader is a column to put TI99/4A and Geneve 9640 users in contact with other users. Anyone with a specific problem or question that may be answered by other readers is encouraged to submit an item. Be sure to address it to Reader to Reader, c/o MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

DATABASE TUTORIAL

Getting more out of TI-Base

By WILLIAM GASKILL © 1989 W. Gaskill

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You probably heard about it, then read about it and ultimately perhaps even saw a demonstration of it at one of your user group meetings. Everybody seemed to like it. The reviewers all gave it high marks for power, flexibility and innovation. It was said to be like no other program ever written for the 99/4A. The price was reasonable so eventually you took the plunge and bought a copy.

Now you've got it and you've had a chance to look it over and you're wondering if you want to invest the time and energy required to learn the program. It seems so complex and intimidating.

Does this sound familiar? I'll bet it does to some. It's exactly what I was thinking when I bought my first copy of..., no, not TI-Base, but Multiplan. But the same can be said of other programs such as TELCO or even TI-Writer. These everyday tools, that we now take for granted, all had an awesome air of complexity to them when we first put them to work. TI-Base is no different. It is a powerful, flexible and innovative piece of software. And yes, it does have a degree of complexity to it.

However, unlike many other 99/4A applications (except perhaps TELCO), TI-Base has some of the best support behind it from the author, the distributor and the TI community that you will find anywhere. This entire series of articles on TI-Base is being presented with the support of Inscebot Inc., Texaments and of course MICROpendium. Texaments even provides a 24-hour BBS number (516-475-6463) that you can call with questions on TI-Base use. TI community support in the form of tutorials is also available. Some of the most intelligent and useful TI-Base information that you will find comes from Martin Smoley in the NorthCoast 99ers newsletter. You can join that group just for the newsletter by sending \$15 to them at 6149 Bryson Dr., Mentor, Ohio 44060.

The point I wish to make is that TI-Base enjoys more support than virtually any other piece of 99/4A software I have ever seen. Its acceptance by the TI community only attests to its power and potential as a workhorse for the 4A user. So if you stay with it, seek out some of the support available and read on, you may find that the help you were looking for is just around the corner.

This series is aimed at users of TI-Base V2.0 or higher, but owners of earlier versions can also benefit from many of the routines and tips that will be covered.

VERSION 2.0

This series is aimed at users of TI-Base V2.0 or higher, but owners of earlier versions can also benefit from many of the routines and tips that will be covered. If you own an earlier version and have not upgraded yet I strongly suggest that you do so. Releases prior to V2.0, which came out Dec. 15, 1988, lack many of the features that will be discussed in this and subsequent TI-Base articles. Since file compatibility between the two versions has been retained there is no hassle over data conversions and with the cost of the upgrade only \$7.95, the process is virtually painless. It is really worth the added investment to have all the additional features that you get in V2.0. You will honestly enjoy the ride much more if you are driving a Cadillac rather than a Volkswagen. There is that much difference.

Versions of TI-Base prior to V2.0 came with the TI-Base program disk, a Tutor disk, a 38-page user's manual and a keyboard overlay. Version 2.0 comes with the TI-Base program disk, the Tutor II disk, a 73-page user's manual and a quick reference card in place of the keyboard overlay. Version 2.0 is also distinguished by a timeout bar displayed on the title screen

during the loading process. Earlier versions did not have this feature.

GETTING HELP

While the documentation for V2.0 is not flawless, it is leagues above the manual that came with the first versions. It is logically organized. Five sections or chapters cover: introductory information, getting started, operating the program, using the directives in a command language environment and useful information about TI-Base. An appendix lists technical data and shows you the names of the files that should be on your TI-Base program disk.

READ THE MANUAL

When reading through the manual, which you WILL need to do, you may come across some terminology you don't understand. If so, read pages 1-2 and 1-3 for an explanation of terms (manual pages are number with the chapter number followed by the page number).

When you have covered the manual at least once, load the TI-Base program and press Fctn 7 (AID) from the dot prompt. This displays a menu for help with creating data files, inputting data, accessing data, displaying data and listing supported directives. To display any choice on the menu simply press the number key listed to the left of the option to be displayed. While you are working through the help screens have the manual handy to locate the directives in the book that are discussed in the help screens. You will find this useful in understanding more of what is being covered.

When you are done with the help screens press Fctn 9, which is the Escape key in TI-Base, and the dot prompt will return. Next, insert the TUTOR II disk into the DATDISK drive, which is the drive where data files are stored, type in DO TUTOR, and then work through the 21 different options that are covered. If you don't know which drive is the DATDISK drive, type in SET DATDISK=DSK1. at the dot prompt before inserting the TUTOR II disk. This will set DSK1 as the drive to be

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DATABASE TUTORIAL

(Continued from Page 39)

used for reading the tutorials. Now insert the TUTOR II into DSK1 and type in DO TUTOR. While going through the topics on the TUTOR II disk you may press Fctn 9 to abort at any point. The dot prompt will be returned, effectively breaking you out of the tutorial mode. Optionally, you may press the space bar during the display of any of the tutorial files to halt the process and then press Fctn 9. This will abort the current tutorial and return the menu of topics rather than breaking out of the entire session.

Other help is also available within the TI-Base program. As I mentioned earlier, pressing Fctn 7 (AID) from the dot prompt displays a menu for help with some of the most common program operations. Fctn 7 also displays keypress command help in the Append, Edit and Modify modes of TI-Base. On screen overlays are displayed that list the available function key commands pertinent to the operational mode that you are in. For example, the Append/Edit overlay tells you that:

- Fl will delete a character.
- F2 will toggle insert on/off.

- F3 will delete a line (but it doesn't).
- F4 will insert a line (but it doesn't).
- F7 will display the overlay.
- F8 will save and end the session.
- F9 will abort the session.

In the Append mode, F1 deletes a character and F2 toggles the insert mode on and off. F3-F6 don't do anything. F8 writes the current record to disk without you having to press the Enter key through all fields in the record, and F9 ends the Append session.

In the Edit mode, F1 deletes characters and F2 toggles the insert mode on and off. F3-F4 don't do anything. F5 advances the file forward one record while F6 forces a backward trek through the file. F7 displays the keypress overlay, F8 does the same thing as F5 and F9 aborts the session.

In the command file editor you may press Fctn 7 to display a similar overlay. It tells you that:

- F1 will delete a character (it does).
- F2 will toggle the insert mode on/off
- F3 will delete a line (it does).
- F4 will insert a blank line (it does).
- F5 will page forward one screen.

- F6 will page backwards one screen.
- F7 will display the keypress overlay.
- F8 will save the command file and exit the editor
- F9 will abort the session without saving the work.

All command file overlay keypresses are accurate and functional.

TI-BASE FILES

Okay. Now that you have taken the nickel tour of TI-Base help, let's get down to business. First a little about the program disk.

TI-Base contains more than 20 files on the program disk. Fig. 1 contains a brief explanation of each one and the part that the file plays in TI-Base operation.

HARDWARE

From my own experience I can attest that TI-Base will run from a mechanical floppy and the Horizon RAMdisk. It can also be used on a hard disk with the Myarc HFDC and data files can be created and stored on the hard disk too. But certain input/output access routines don't seem to work. For example, I can't get TI-Base to find a command file when it is on the hard disk, nor can I get it to find files that I want to convert using the CONVERT feature. TI-Base author Dennis Faherty says that he is working on this problem, but that it is a difficult one to solve since the hard drive I/O access routines differ from floppy drive ones. The problem is that you can't have it both ways, yet. Dennis is searching for the programming space to support both types of devices without having to have one version of the program for floppies and RAM disks and another for hard disks. I assume.

I use TI-Base from a Horizon RAMdisk running John Johnson's Menu program with ROS 7.35. It loads faster than it does from a floppy by about 54 seconds. That's pretty fast considering a floppy load, using the XB loader, takes about 60 seconds. The program also runs flawlessly in every mode of operation and it speeds up the slower operations such as sorts if I put data on the RAMdisk.

Although I haven't tested them myself, the that the CorComp and Myarc floppy disk controllers are supported as well as the Myarc RAMdisk, according to the TI-Base

TI-BASE FILES

- -AIDØ6/H Database Creation help file.
- -AIDØ7A/H Appending Data help file.
- -AIDØ7B/H Editing Data help file.
- -AIDØ7C/H Replacing Data help file.
- -AIDØ7D/H Math Expressions help file.
- -AIDØ7X/H The Help Menu.
- -AIDØ8/H Data Access help file.
- -AIDØ9/H Display of Data help file.
- -AID1Ø/H - Directive List.
- -LOAD - The Extended Basic loader.
- -LOADTI - Loader for the main program.
- -MAIN - The main TI-Base program.
- -MSGS - Error message file.
- -OVRLAY/P The external program segments.
- -PRINTER Printer drivers data base.
- -PROBLEMS An historical list of "bugs".
- -README - Author's "new info" file.
- -SCRN - The TI-BASE screen file.
- -SETUP/C - The system parameters file.
- -TEST - A test file used by the author.
- E/A option 3 loader. ~TIBASE
- -TIBASEB - Call Load loader for XB.
- -TIBASEP - E/A option 5 loader.

Fig. 1

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DATABASE TUTORIAL

(Continued from Page 40) manual.

LOADERS

TI-Base loads from almost any loader available for the 99/4A, including:

- Barry Boone's E/A option 5 simulator for Extended BASIC.
 - Editor/Assembler options 3 and 5.
 - · Extended BASIC.
 - FunnelWeb options 3 and 4.
- John Johnson's BOOT and Horizon RAM Disk MENU loaders.
 - and Mini-Memory.

TI-Writer's option 3 loader (UTIL1) is not supported.

LOADING SEQUENCE

All TI-Base loaders access the LOADTI file. It is the traffic manager of the loading process. When LOADTI is first accessed it executes the SCRN file that displays the Inscebot Inc. startup screen with the timeout bar and the large TI-BASE name on it. Next, the MSGS file is executed, which places all the error messages supported by the TI-Base program into VDP RAM. Once the error messages are in place the MAIN file is executed. This is the main portion of TI-Base that you and I use to accomplish our data management needs.

LOADING THE PROGRAM

Barry Boone loader — Type in DSKI.TIBASEP in quotes in the program statement that reads CALL LINK("OPT5,"DSKI.TIBASEP")

Editor/Assembler — From option 3 type in DSK1.TIBASE. For option 5 type in DSK1.TIBASEP.

Extended BASIC — Insert the program disk into DSK1 and select the 4A's XB menu option.

FunnelWeb loaders — For option 3 type in DSK1.TIBASEB. For option 4 type in DSK1.TIBASEP.

Horizon RAMdisk — At option 3 from the John Johnson Menu, type in DSK1.TIBASEP. You may also put the same command on the menu as a menu option.

Mini-Memory — Select the "Re-Initialize" option and then press Fctn 6 (PROC'D). Type in DSK1.TIBASE and then press ENTER.

PRINTER DRIVERS

Printer drivers are software switches that

can be used to control your printer. Because printers are intelligent peripherals, which means that they have a chip in them with a set of instructions, computer programs can access those instructions via messages sent from within a computer program.[

TI-Base provides a PRINTER file on the system disk that contains switches to access the following printer instructions:

Name of your printer

NAME

(FF)	Form feed
(LF)	Line feed
(CR)	Carriage return
(DS)	Double strike
(UL)	Underline
(EX)	Expanded print
(CM)	Compressed print
(IT)	Italics
(B)	Bold or double strike
(SPS)	Superscript

(SBS) Subscript
(HT) Tab horizontally
(ST) Set horizontal tabs
(NM) Normal printing mode
(BLANK) User defined option

Any of the available fields in the PRINTER file may be edited to fit your printer, or you may APPEND a new record to the file if one of the existing drivers does not match the printer you are using.

It is possible to restructure the PRINTER file if needed, but you must be certain that:

- the NAME field remains the first field in the file and that it is 10 characters long.
- the next three fields in the file are FF, LF and CR and that each are exactly two characters long per field.
- the PRINTER file is sorted by NAME. If you discover that the Diablo, Epson, MX-80, NEC, Okidata, Proprinter or TI-850 drivers already in the PRINTER file do not fit your printer, then you will want to add a new record to the PRINTER file. To do so, boot your TI-Base program and then load the file with a

USE DSK#.PRINTER

statement, where the pound sign (#) is the drive number where your TI-Base program disk resides. Type in APPEND when the file is active and then TYPE in a NAME for your printer. Consult the User's Reference manual that came with your printer for the HEX codes that fit each of the available variables in the file.

After you have appended the new record

onto the PRINTER file make sure that you type in

SORT ON NAME

so that the file remains sorted by the NAME field's contents. If you do not sort the file after appending the new record you will find that the drivers are not properly accessed.

After sorting the file, CLOSE it and call up the SETUP file into the command file editor. After the word PRINTER, type in the name for your printer that was entered into the NAME field in the record that you just added. Press Fctn 8 and you are done. Now, type in DO SETUP to re-run the SETUP file and it will pick up the driver for your printer. Pretty simple.

SETUP FILE

The SETUP file is the first file automatically activated and then executed each time TI-Base is loaded. It is accessed immediately after the "enter date MM/DD/YY:" prompt. SETUP contains the default parameters for system variables and any other operators or commands that you wish to put in the file. SETUP is edited just as any command file created with TI-Base would be edited. The only difference is that SETUP exists as a D/V40 file, rather than in D/V80 format as other command files do. This is a carryover of sorts from previous versions when all command files written in TI-Base were saved as D/V40 files. In future articles you will see why the change to D/V80 format is very important to command file creation.

The default contents of the SETUP file may be altered through the command file editor. Because SETUP resides on the system disk rather than a data disk as most other command files do, you should include the drive number in the MODIFY command when editing SETUP. If you do not, the command file editor will look to the default DATDISK drive and will open a new, but empty SETUP file.

On my system, I have a Horizon RAMdisk partitioned as drives 3 and 4. Drive 4 contains the TI-Base program. I use my mechanical drive 1 for data storage, so I must type in:

MODIFY COMMAND DSK4.SETUP when I want to edit the SETUP file. Alternatively, I could also type in:

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SET DATDISK=DSK4

and then enter:

MODIFY COMMAND SETUP

but that would require an entire extra line of instructions.

While editing the defaults in the SETUP file to fit you can also add commands to auto-load specific data files, initialize local variables, change the default display colors and the like. If you were using TI-Base to manage a checking account for example, you would want to have the beginning balance read into dynamic memory each time you booted the program and the checking file. So you might have something like:

CLEAR LOCAL LOCAL BEGBAL N 9 2 C REPLACE BEGBAL WITH 1234.56 USE CHECKSFILE

added to the file. In this example the value 1234.56 is the beginning balance amount for the checking account file.

On my system, the SETUP file looks like this:

- * Welcome to TI-BASE
- * OUIT will terminate TI-BASE

COLOR WHITE DARK-BLUE PRINTER EPSON SET DATDISK DSKI SET CURSOR 2 LOCAL BBAL N 9 2 C REPLACE BBAL WITH 835,27 DISPLAY STATUS * FUNCTION (7) for help

USE CHECKS89

RETURN

The SETUP file can contain virtually any valid statement and the number of statements can be as few as a one liner that only says RETURN, or it can have as many statements in it as will fit into the command file editor. You do not have to DISPLAY STATUS each time you load TI-Base and you don't have to have SETUP show the messages about quitting the system or how to access the on-disk help files. SETUP is there for your benefit so TI-Base can be customeral to fit your hardware.

THE STATUS LINE

The Status Line is the inverse video bar at the base of the screen when TI-Base is in the command (dot prompt) mode. The

DATABASE TUTORIAL

Pos#	Operation/Function
01-08	The name of the command file that is currently in use
09-11	The command file line number being executed
12	Blank
13	The <i>slot</i> number that is currently active
14	Blank
15-22	The name of the active data file
23-27	The number of the record being read or written to
28	A slash separator between the active record and the file size
29-33	The file size in number of records
34-36	Blank
37-39	Insert Mode toggle indicator
40	Operation indicator: C(lose), O(utput), R(ead), S(status), W(rite), and *(pause)
Fig. 2	·4 /

information it displays can be extremely valuable and warrants explanation.

The bar consists of 40 positions that display the information in each position number, reading from left to right (see Fig.

CONCLUSION

Future articles on TI-Base will delve into file creation, an in-depth discussion of the directives used in both a programming

and non-programming environment and other tips. We will also begin to cover actual command file creation for some useful applications such as building menus. writing a checkbook manager, creating an appointments calendar, printing multipleacross mailing labels and a teacher's grading system for student tests and quizzes.

1989 TI **FAIRS**

TI-Fest West '89, Feb. 18-19, San Diego, California. Write TI-Fest West c/o Southern California Computer Group, P.O. Box 21181, El Cajon, CA 92021 or call the SCCG BBS, (619) 278-7155.

MARCH

West Coast Computer Fair, March 17-19, San Francisco. Write San Francisco 99ers, 24816 Mango St., Hayward CA 94545. TICOFF (TI Computer Owners Fun Faire), March 18. Roselle Park, New Jersey. Write TICOFF'89 c/o Roselle Park High School, 185 West Webster Ave., Roselle Park, NJ 07204, or call Robert Guellnitz at (201) 241-4550 or (201) 382-5963 or the TICOFF BBS, (201) 241-8902.

Fourth Annual New England TI Fayuh, April 1, Ramada Inn of 1H95 in Woburn, Massachusetts. For information, contact the Boston Computer Society TI99/4A User Group, One Center Plaza, Boston MA 02108.

Alberta TI-Orphan Reunion, April 29, Innisfail, Alberta, Canada. For information, contact Fred Kessler, Box 20, Sundre, Alberta, Canada TOM 1X0 or (403) 638-3916.

4th Annual Ottawa TI-FEST, April 29, Nepean, Ontario, Canada. For information, contact Jane Laflamme, 5480 Canotek Rd. Unit #10, Gloucester, Ontario, Canada KIJ 9H6 or (613) 745-2225.

MAY

Multi User Group Conference May 20, Reed Hall/Student Activities Building. Ohio State University, Lima, Ohio. For further information write Lima Users Group, P.O. Box 647, Venedocia, OH 45894, or call Dave Szipple evenings at (419) 228-7109.

JUNE

T199/4A Users Group (.U.K.) Annual Meeting June 17 in Romley, England. For information, contact Stephen Shaw, 10 Alstone Rd., Stockport, Cheshire, England SK4 5AH.

OCTOBER

Fourth European Tref, begins at 10 a.m. Oct. 7 at Kolpinghuis, Nijmegen. The Netherlands. For information, contact Berry Harmsen, le. Oosterparstr 14le, 1091 GZ, Amsterdam, Holland, Australia TI Fair, 2-6 p.m. Oct. 14, Pavilion, Deepdene Park, Whitehorse Rd., Deepdene, Australia. For information

contact TI99/4A Users Group - Melbourne Inc., 88 Main St., Blackburn, Victoria 3130, Australia,

3rd International TI-Users Meeting, 10 a.m. 6 p.m. Oct. 15 at Jugenderherberge Duisberg Wedau, Kalkweg 148, 4100 Duisberg 48, West Germany. For information contact TI-99er Workshop Rheinland, Dept. Allgemein & Software, c/o Mike Heuser, Karl-Marx-Allee 18, 5000 Cologne 71, West Germany, or the organizing committee at PCC, TI-Service, c/o Hans Greiffenberg, Großglocknerstr. 45, D-4100 Duisberg 28., West Germany.

Third Annual CPUG Computer Expo, 7 a.m.-2 p.m. Oct. 15 at Carlisle Fairgrounds on Clay Street in Carlisle, Pennsylvania. Sponsored by Central Pennsylvania 99/4A Users Group, co-sponsored by Cumberland County Amateur Radio Service and 6th Annual Cumberland County Hamfest. For information, contact Central Pennsylvania 99/4A Users Group. P.O. Box 14126, Harrisburg, PA 17104-0126 or the WIZ/TIB BBS, (717) 657-4992 or 657-4997.

This TI event listing is a permanent feature of MICROpendium. User groups and others planning events for TI/Geneve users may send information for inclusion in this standing column. Events will remain listed throughout the year for reference for the coming year

CorComp Tool Shed Utility demo

This item appeared in the TI-SIG newsletter of the San Diego Computer Society. It was written by Woody Wilson.

Do you have a CorComp disk controller? If you have one, have you ever tried any of the Tool Shed subprograms? Here is a short program that can illustrate some of the power of the utility:

90 ! CorComp Disk Controller Tool Shed subprogram utilit ies. Sample program by Woody Wilson, San Diego TI-SIG, A pr. 89. !Ø53 100 CALL CLEAR !209 110 CALL INIT :: DELETE "LD-CMDS" ! 106 12Ø CALL HCHAR(1,1,42,768)!2 130 CALL LINK("MOVEM")(2.0.4 Ø96Ø,768)!Ø14 140 CALL CLEAR !209 150 DISPLAY AT(12,3): "YES, Y OU SAW STARS, BUT NOW YOU DO NOT" ! 155 16Ø DISPLAY AT(17,3):"I WILL BRING THEM BACK" !036 17Ø CALL KEY(Ø,K,S):: IF S<1 THEN 170 !240 180 CALL CLEAR !209 19Ø CALL LINK("MOVEM")(3,4Ø9 60,0,768)!015

Forget the name?

200 GOTO 200 !023

The following routine isn't just for the absent minded. It runs out of BASIC using the Editor/Assembler or Mini-Memory cartridge and will do one of two things: It will either load and execute a D/F 80 assembly language file or it will print out the name used to make it run. You can then use a CALL LINK("NAME") to execute the program. The author of this routine is unknown (we found it in TopIcs, the newsletter of the LA 99ers.

After entering the program, run it from MMM or E/A BASIC. Make sure you enter the appropriate disk drive designation and filename in line 110.

100 CALL INIT !157 !189 110 CALL LOAD("DSKX.FILENAME ")!058 !179 120 CALL PEEK(16176,A,B,C,D, E,F)!148 !180 130 PRINT CHR\$(A)&CHR\$(B)&CH

R\$(C)&CHR\$(D)&CHR\$(E)&CHR\$(F)

Program outputs character codes

)!Ø91 !12Ø

The following program, by Wesley R. Richardson, of the Northcoast 99ers (Cleveland, Ohio), outputs character codes for ASCII codes 32-127. The way that it is written, it will output the listing of codes to a disk. However, by changing the output device definition in line 150, users may direct the listing to a printer. To have the listing appear on the screen instead, REM out lines 150, 160 and 250 and change lines 221-230 to start: PRINT CHR\$(1.... instead of PRINT #1:TAB(xx);....

100 REM CHARCODES !070 110 REM WESLEY R. RICHARDSON . MARCH 1989 !242 120 REM TI-99/4A EXTENDED BA SIC !141 130 REM NORTHCOAST 99ERS, CL EVELAND, OH !248 140 REM PRINTS CHARACTER COD ES FOR CHARACTERS 32 TO 127 1222 150 D\$="DSK1.CHARCODE-H" ! O R USE DS\$="PIO" FOR PARALLEL PRINTER 1056 16Ø OPEN #1:D\$!179 170 FOR I=32 TO 63 !166 180 CALL CHARPAT(1,A\$)!061 190 CALL CHARPAT(1+32,B\$)!04 200 CALL CHARPAT(1+64.C\$)!05 210 PRINT #1:TAB(10);CHR\$(1) ;" ";A\$;!133 22Ø PRINT #1:TAB(33);CHR\$(1+ 32);" ";B\$;!123 23Ø PRINT #1:TAB(56);CHR\$(1+ 64);"";C\$!21Ø 24Ø NEXT I !223 250 CLOSE #1 !151 26Ø END !139

Convert disk catalogs to TIB

Users to TI-Base will find this program useful (and it may provide a good reason for non-users to consider purchasing the program. Written by Jerry Keisler, the program allows the user to catalog his disks for conversion into a database by TI-Base. Information from the catalog is then available for use through TI-Base. The program and text appeared in the Paris 99er News, the newsletter of the Paris (Texas) TI User Group.

The following fields and field lengths are used by the program:

Field#	Description	Type	Width
1	FILENAME	C	10
2	SIZE	C	4
3	TY	C	2
4	REC	C	3
5	P	C	1
6	DISKNAME	C	10

Each record includes the following: FILENAME of up to 10 characters long, SIZE can be up to 1440 sectors on DS/DD disks, TYpe includes IF, DF, IV, DV or PR, REC can be up to 256, P is "Y" for protection and DISKNAME is the disk containing the file.

This structure uses 30 bytes per record, or 8 records per sector. 2864 records can be stored on a SS/SD disk.

The program will prompt you for disks to catalog, and will work with one or more disk drives. It will read the disk and then append the information to a file called CATALOG on a second disk.

If you have a single-drive system, you will be limited to 1408 catalog records per SS/SD disk because the conversion process requires at least half of the disk space plus five sectors. A DS/DD disk will allow a single-drive system to convert 5632 catalog records in a single run. A DS/DD two-drive system will handle up to 11,264 catalog records.

After loading Ver. 2 of TI-Base, type: .CONVERT, DSKn.CATALOG DSKn.D SKFL

where "n" is the drive number and may be different for multi-drive systems. Insert the disk containing CATALOG and build

(See Page 44)

(Continued from Page 43) the data structure described in the above chart. Press FCTN/8 .USE DSKn.DSKFL .RECOVER .CLOSE 100 !SAVE DSK1.DSKTODSKDB !0 ØØ 110 DISPLAY AT(1,1) ERASE ALL :"PRINT DISK CATALOG TO DISK ": : : "DISK TO CATALOG WILL BE IN": "DRIVE 1" !Ø37 120 DISPLAY AT(7,1):"FILE TO RECEIVE DATA WILL": "BE DSK1 .CATALOG" !Ø71 13Ø ACCEPT AT(5,7)SIZE(-1)VA L!DATE("123456789"):CD1\$:: ACCEPT AT(8,4)SIZE(-15):PF\$:: CD2\$=SEG\$(PF\$,4,1)!213 14Ø DIM TYPE\$(5),R\$(128)!Ø87 15Ø TYPE\$(1)="DF" !222 16Ø TYPE\$(2)="DV" !239 17Ø TYPE\$(3)="IF" !229 18Ø TYPE\$(4)="IV" !246 19Ø TYPE\$(5)="PR" !25Ø 200 IF CD1\$<>CD2\$ THEN DISPL AY AT(10,1):"INSERT DISKS" E LSE DISPLAY AT(10,1):"INSERT DISK TO CATALOG" !Ø38 210 DISPLAY AT(24,1): "PRESS ENTER TO START" :: ACCEPT AT (24,22)SIZE(1):Q\$!Ø24 22Ø DISPLAY AT(22,1): "READIN G FILE WRITING FILE":"":"" :: DISPLAY AT(10,1):"" !027 23Ø OPEN #1:"DSK"&CD1\$&"." NPUT , RELATIVE, INTERNAL !205 24Ø INPUT #1:D\$,J,J,K !158 25Ø DISPLAY AT(12,1):"" :: D ISPLAY AT(12,1):USING "##### ##### ####FREE ####USED":D\$. K,J-K !Ø99 260 FOR LOOP=1 TO 127 !148 270 INPUT #1:A\$,A,J,K !146 280 IF LEN(A\$)=0 THEN T=LOOP -1 :: GOTO 37Ø !222 290 DISPLAY AT(20,1)SIZE(-10):A\$!Ø55 300 COUNT=COUNT+1 :: DISPLAY AT(24,4)SIZE(-5):COUNT !Ø66 310 IF ABS(A)=5 THEN N\$=" " ELSE N\$=STR\$(K)&RPT\$(" ",3 -LEN(STR\$(K)))!Ø59 320 IF A<0 THEN P\$="Y" ELSE P\$=" " !Ø27 33Ø A\$=A\$&RPT\$(" ",10-LEN(A\$

))!189 34Ø J\$=STR\$(J):: J\$=RPT\$(" " ,4-LEN(J\$))&J\$!234 35Ø R\$(LOOP)=A\$&J\$&TYPE\$(ABS (A))&N\$&P\$&D\$!224 36Ø NEXT LOOP !2Ø8 37Ø CLOSE #1 !151 380 IF CD1\$=CD2\$ THEN DISPLA Y AT(10,1):"INSERT DISK TO R ECEIVE": : "DATA and PRESS EN TER" :: ACCEPT AT(11,25)BEEP :Q\$!194 39Ø DISPLAY AT(10,1):"":"":" "!075 400 OPEN #2:PF\$,APPEND !178 410 FOR LOOP=1 TO T :: COUNT 2=00UNT2+1 :: DISPLAY AT(24. 18)SIZE(-5):COUNT2 :: PRINT #2:R\$(LOOP):: NEXT LOOP :: C LOSE #2 ! 103 420 CALL SOUND(50, 1000, 3):: FOR ZZ=1 TO 10 !212 43Ø DISPLAY AT(10,1):"INSERT DISK TO CATALOG": :: "PRESS ENTER OR ""Q"" to quit" :: DISPLAY AT(10.1):"":"":"":"" 44Ø CALL KEY(3,KEY,ST):: IF KEY=81 THEN END !203 450 IF KEY=13 THEN 230 !184 460 NEXT ZZ :: GOTO 420 !192

Center titles without loading a WP

This comes from Glen Pedersen of Harwood, North Dakota. He writes:

If you've ever wanted a quick way to print a centered title on a page without having to load your word processor, try this routine written for a Gemini 10X. Users may have to modify the printer control codes for use with other printers.

```
100 CALL CLEAR !209
110 OPEN #1:"PIO" :: PRINT #
1:CHR$(27);"@";CHR$(27);"E";
!152
120 LINPUT "Title: ":A$ :: P
RINT !012
130 INPUT "Doublewidth? Y/N"
:B$ :: IF B$="Y" OR B$="y" T
HEN B=20 :: PRINT #1:CHR$(14);ELSE B=40 !025
140 PRINT #1:RPT$(" ".B-LEN(
```

A\$)/2);!Ø79
15Ø INPUT "Underlined? Y/N":
C\$:: IF C\$="Y" OR C\$="y" TH
EN PRINT #1:CHR\$(27);"-";CHR
\$(1)&A\$&CHR\$(27);"-";CHR\$(Ø)
;ELSE PRINT #1:A\$!253

The routine's default is emphasized pica. If you want elite print, change the values 20 and 40 in line 130 to 24 and 49, respectively. Also change line 110 as follows: 110 OPEN #1:"PIO", VARIABLE 9 6 :: PRINT #1:CHR\$(27);"@";CHR\$(27);"B";CHR\$(2);

If you'd like condensed print, change the values 20 and 40 in line 130 to 34 and 69, respectively. Also change line 110 as follows:

11Ø OPEN #1:"PIO", VARIABLE 1 36 :: PRINT #1:CHR\$(27);"@"; CHR\$(15);

This routine can be very useful when made part of a "soft'key" utility, such as EZ-Keys.

Palette Master clarification

The Palette Master program published in the February edition included a couple of unusual characters in lines 110 and 120. The characters, vertical lines of varying widths, don't belong there. Here are the lines as they are supposed to look:

110 DISPLAY AT(5,20):" "120 DISPLAY AT(6,20):" "

More tips on using SCM module

Several more tips for those with the Smith Corona Messenger module. The first is to use the serial port at 1200 baud using a straight RS232 cable. A reader called to say that it is the same as a PC serial cable and that he hasn't had any problem with the module. Code changes aren't necessary with this arrangement.

Another reader, William A. Shores, of Lockport, New York, writes:

This is for those using the SCM module connected to a typewriter. For an RS232 serial interface, set the DIP switches as follows (the DIP switches are in the order as viewed at the front of the module. DIP

(See Page 45)

(Continued from Page 44)

1 is on the right, DIP 2 on the left.):

DIP 1

- 1 off Serial Busy
- 2 on CR/LF
- 3 off CR/LF
- 4 on Foreign Daisy Select
- 5 on Foreign Daisy Select
- 6 off Auto Carriage Return
- 7 on Not Used?

DIP 2

1-7 are all "ON" (baud rate is set at 300)
Use the factory settings for the parallel port on the PEB RS232 card, and also for the Axiom ParalAx TI parallel printer interface.

Smith-Corona Messenger Module (front plate removed)

Pascal and the HFDC

This comes from Frank W. Aylstock, of Yorba Linda, California. He writes:

I read in the March issue about using the Myarc Hard & Floppy Disk Controller with Pascal. Last November Lou Phillips, of Myarc, asked me to try the new HFDC with Pascal and I tried it in different ways and found that it would work as a emulated DSK1 as Ed Livingston stated in the March issue.

However, I would like to add that since Pascal formats a complete disk as one program I transferred my complete Pascal start up file onto a quad-density disk, which is 1440 blocks or 2880 sectors. This now gives me enough room to put my many utility programs on the hard disk. This also provides a large area for a work file.

By having the Pascal files on the hard disk you will reduce the compiling time considerably, compared to compiling on a floppy. We compiled one program on a floppy and it took 8 minutes. On the hard drive it took only 2 minutes.

Anyone who is looking for help may write me at 4336 Eureka Ave., Yorba Linda, CA 92686.

Correction on Horizon RAMdisk 32K mod

One note on the User Notes from March

about modifying the Horizon RAMdisk so that it would replace the PEB $32K\ card.$

In the wiring instructions, it stated: "solder pin 14 to pin 16, wire to Ull pin 28" Those who undertake the project should instead:

"solder pin 14 of 74LS08 to pin 28 of U11."

This clarification comes from Bud Mills of Bud Mills Services, manufacturer of the Horizon RAMdisk.

DM-1000 bug fix

This item is by B.J. Bieber and appeared in several newsletters. We saw it in the K-Town 99'er of Knoxville, Tennessee.

Have you ever encountered a problem with a disk that indicated you have used 6123 sectors and have 7123 free sectors when you know the disk was good last time you accessed its directory?

The problem in DM-1000 V3.7, 3.8 and 4.0 is that they will mess-up the disk header sector zero when changing disk names. I can't verify the same problems with earlier versions because I dumped them when purging my disk library.

Here's the problem: If you type in a new disk name without deleting any characters and do nothing else except save the new disk name back to disk, then all is well. But, if you more the cursor back into the existing disk name, delete one or more characters, then save the new disk name to disk, you'll find the *Sectors Used* and *Free* become screwed-up. This happens because byte >10 (decimal II) on sector zero gets reversed.

Before somebody asks: "No, repeating the process does not reverse the errant byte a second time." Bytes >10 and >11 (decimal 11 and 12) indicate how the disk was formatted.

Here is what you should see, under normal circumstances:

- >0168=SS/SD (360 sectors)
- >02D0=SS/DD (720 sectors)
- >05A0=(1440 sectors)

Don't despair — all is not lost. You can spend the time recopying the files to another disk or you can make a correction using a sector editor.

Look at sector zero, bytes > 10 and > 11. You'll probably see something like 1068 or 20D0 or 50A0. Compare the numbers above. If you look closely, you'll notice just the first two numbers (1 byte) are reversed. To correct the problem, just type the correct numbers into byte >10 and write the sector back to disk.

Recatalog the disk and the Sectors Used and Free should return to normal.

Cut the cards

The following program randomly deals five cards at a time from a standard deck of 52 playing cards. The cards and their suits appear on the screen in color.

After five cards are displayed, the user has the option of having the computer deal additional five-card hands until the deck is used up, or a new deal from a new deck of reshuffled cards. The program appeared in PUNN, the newsletter of the Portland (Oregon) TI User Group. It runs out of BASIC or Extended BASIC.

100 REM CARDS !039

110 CALL CLEAR !209

12Ø DIM C(13,4)!Ø24

13Ø CALL CHAR(135,"6CFEFEFE7 C7C381")!139

14Ø CALL CHAR(134,"1Ø387CFE7 C381")!197

15Ø CALL CHAR(13Ø,"")!2Ø5

16Ø CALL COLOR(13,7,16)!Ø27

17Ø CALL CHAR(136,"1Ø387CEEF E7C1Ø38")!132

18Ø CALL CHAR(137,"1Ø381Ø54F E541Ø38")!Ø58

19Ø CALL COLOR(14,2,16)!Ø23

200 FOR 1=3 TO 8 !065

21Ø CALL COLOR(1,2,16)!Ø49

22Ø NEXT | !223

23Ø CALL CHAR(92,"")!163

240 FOR I=1 TO 5 !060

25Ø FOR J=3+(I-1)*6 TO 7+(I-1)*6 !043

26Ø CALL VCHAR(5,J,13Ø,7)!Ø1

27Ø NEXT J !224

280 RANDOMIZE !149

29Ø N=INT(13*RND)+1 !2Ø3

300 S=INT(4*RND)+1 !159

31Ø IF C(N,S)=1 THEN 29Ø !22

9 32Ø IF N<>1Ø THEN 36Ø !Ø94

33Ø CALL HCHAR(7,J-4,49)!227

340 CALL HCHAR(7,J-3,48)!225

35Ø GOTO 49Ø !Ø58 (See Page 46

(Continued from Page 45) 360 IF N<>11 THEN 390 !125 37Ø CALL HCHAR(7,J-3,74)!224 38Ø GOTO 49Ø !Ø58 39Ø IF N<>12 THEN 42Ø !156 400 CALL HCHAR(7,J-3,81)!222 410 GOTO 490 !058 420 IF N<>13 THEN 450 !187 43Ø CALL HCHAR(7,J-3,75)!225 44Ø GOTO 49Ø !Ø58 45Ø IF N<>1 THEN 48Ø !165 46Ø CALL HOHAR(7, J-3,65)!224 47Ø GOTO 49Ø !Ø58 48Ø CALL HCHAR(7, J-3, N+48)!2 40 49Ø CALL HCHAR(9,J-3,133+S)! 035 500 C(N,S)=1 !188 510 NEXT | !223

530 CALL HCHAR(22,3,32,14)!2
22
540 PRINT "PRESS\1\DEAL\FIVE
\MORE\\\\" !072
550 PRINT "\\\\\2\DEAL\FROM
\FULL\DECK\" !057
560 PRINT "\\\\\3\END\PROGR
AM\\\\\" !096
570 CALL KEY(0,K,ST)!015
580 IF (K<49)+(K>51)THEN 570
!080
590 CALL CLEAR !209
600 ON K-48 GOTO 610,650,710
!221
610 T=T+1 !033
620 IF T<10 THEN 240 !043
630 PRINT "OUT\OF\CARDS;\" !
186
640 PRINT "STARTING\OVER\":

:!Ø59
65Ø FOR I=1 TO 13 !1Ø8
66Ø FOR J=1 TO 4 !Ø6Ø
67Ø C(I,J)=Ø !173
68Ø NEXT J !224
69Ø NEXT I !223
7ØØ GOTO 24Ø !Ø63
71Ø END !139

User Notes is a column of tips and ideas designed to help readers put their computers to better use. The information provided here comes from many sources, including TI user group newsletters, bulletin board services and MICROpendium readers. MICROpendium pays \$10 for any item sent in by readers that appears in this column. Mail User Notes to: MICROpendium, P.O. Box 1343, Round Rock, TX 78680.

REVIEWED IN MICROPENDIUM

1984

520 CALL HCHAR(21,3,32,14)!2

February: B-I Nuclear Bomber, Tandon TM-I00 Disk Drive, Void, Beanstalk Adventure, Microsurgeon, On Gaming, Database 500. March: Star Trek, Escape From Balthazar, Garkon's

Getaway, Sky Diver, Mail-Call, Prowriter 8510 Printer. April: Monthly Budget\$ Master, Budget Master, Home Budget, Thief, Donkey Kong, Khe Sanh. May: Companion Word Processor, Q*Bert, Mad-Dog 1 & II. Programs for the TI Home Computer. June: Creative Expressions Accounts Receivable/Accounts Payable, CDC 9409 Disk Drive, Starship Con-

counts Payable, CDC 9409 Disk Drive, Starship Concord, Lost Treasure of the Azlec, ASW Tactics II.

July: Theon Raiders, Introduction to Assembly Language for the TI Home Computer, Game of Wit, Pole Position

August: TE-1200, Tower, Galactic Battle, Galaxy September: Wycove Forth, 99/4 Auto Spell-Check, QUICKCOPYer, Wizard's Dominion, Anchor Automation Mk XII Modem

October: Killer Caterpillar, ZORK I, Defender November: 9900 Disk Controller Card/Manager, Super Bugger, Transtar 120S printer, Floppy-Copy, Data Base-X

December: Gravity Master, Data Base Manager System, Learning 99/4A Assembly Language Programming

1985

January: Super Sketch, Foundation Computing 128K Card, PTERM-99, TI-Runner

February: Super Extended BASIC, Beginning Assembly Language for the Tl, ZORK II

March: Morning Star Software CP/M Card, WDS/100 Winchester Disk Drive, Sketch Mate, BMC Color Monitor

April: 9900 Micro Expansion System, Disk+Aid, Gemini 10X-15X

May: Character Sets and Graphics Design, Draw 'N

June: GRAPHX, DATA BASE I July: Acorn 99, Advanced Diagnostics August: Model Dow-4 Gazelle, TI-Artist, PC-KEYS, Not-Polyoptics' Bankroll

September: Midnite Mason, Myarc 32K/128K Card, GRAPHX Companion

October: 4A/TALK, Extende BASIC II Plus, XB Detective, Console Writer 2.a

November: Foundation Z80A/80-column cards, 9900BASIC, Adventure Editor

December: Display Enhancement Package, Triple

1986

January: BITMAC, Starcross

February: Night Mission, Peripheral Diagnostic Module, BA-Writer

March: Super Duper, Tunnels of Doom Editor, Business Graphs 99

April: U.S. Open Tennis, PRBASE

May: 4A Flyer, GRAM Kracker, Artist's Companion June: Myarc Disk Controller Card, Maximem July: Horizon RAMdisk, Old Dark Caves, Funlwrit-

er, TI99/4A Macro Assembler

August: JOYPAINT 99, GPL Assembler, TI99/4A Intern. GPL Linker

September: Mechatronic 128K Card

October: TI-Forth Utilities, CorComp Memory Plus November: Submarine Commander, PEP, MAX-RLE December: GK Utility I and II and GRAM Packer, X-10 Powerhouse, RAVE 99/101.

1987

January: MG DISkASSEMBLER, Myarc XBII February: TI-Tax, Mechatronic Mouse

March: Wycove Forth version 3.0, DIJIT Systems RGB Conversion Kit, Spad XIII Flight Simulator April: Geneve 9640, Disk Utilities

May: QS-Solitaire, Geneve 9640 (Part 2), Technical Drive, Console Calc

June: Character Sets and Graphic Design III, Writerease Ver. 1.1, 4A DOS, Prescan_It July: Junkman Junior, Avatex 1200/1200hc modem, Rubble Plane

August: Prostick, The Brain, Rocketman, Menu Ver.

6.3

September: TI-IBM Connection, Super Extended BASIC

October: Fontwriter, Mechatronic 80-Column Card,

Star NP-i0 printer
November: Legends, Music Preprocessor, QS-Wheel,

Spin-to-Win

December: Remind Me, Certificate 99, Myart-Art and

Myarc Mouse

1988

January: Quik Font, EZ-Keys February: Disk Utilities 4.0

March: Telco, String Master, Epson LX-800 printer April: Super Space II, PC-Transfer, Calendar Maker,

Archiver II May: Plus!

June: Captain's Wheel 32K Memory Expansion, Desk Top Publisher Ver. 1.0, Texlink BBS

July: Artist Enlarger
August: Gramulator, Barrage

September: Myarc Hard & Floppy Disk Controller,

Game Writers Pack I, Graphic Lister
October: Bunyard Hardware Manual, Writerease Up-

October: Bunyard Hardware Manual, Writerease Update, M-Copy, Disk of Dinosaurs, Infocom Fast Loader

November:TI-Base, 3D-Maze, Macflix, Disk Labeler 99

December: P-GRAM Card, Epyx 500XJ Joystick, Enhanced Display Package, Starfleet Technical Drawings, Carfax Abbey, Rocketman

January: First Base VI.0, Picture—It

February: Triad, Superbasic, P-Box Prototype Board, Keyboard Overlays, The Computer Phonebook, St. Valentine's Day Card, 1989 KBGB Girlie Calendar March: NX-1000 Printer, Home Publishing on the 99/4A, Form-Shop, TELSUP VI.5, Boot/Menu programs, Arcade Action Software

April: Checkbook Manager III, TI-Runner Level Editor, TI-Writer V4.01, Artist Borders I, II, III, Multiplan Printer Codes

Classified

Software

CHECKBOOK RECONCILE \$29.95

Balance to the penny every month. Rocketman Checkbook Program. See our program review in August 1987 MI-CROpendium. California Programs, 4426 Appian Way, El Sobrante, Ca. 94803. 415-222-1626. v6n4

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